URGING THE PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION OF WISCONSIN TO REQUIRE ANALYSIS OF THE HIGH –CAPACITY TRANSMISSION LINE CARDINAL-HICKORY CREEK PROJECT AND **CONSIDER ALTERNATIVE SOLUTIONS**

5 The Public Service Commission of Wisconsin is currently expecting a joint utility application from the 6 American Transmission Company, ITC, and Dairyland Power Cooperative containing an option for a 7 345 kV high-capacity transmission line from Middleton, Wisconsin, to Montfort, Wisconsin, to Dubuque 8 County, Iowa, which will have an impact not only on the those in the path of the transmission line, but 9 also on ratepayers in general. This project is known as the Cardinal-Hickory Creek project. High-10 capacity transmission expansion projects increase the likelihood of additional transmission and electric 11 customer investments in Wisconsin and regionally. The final cost of expansion projects including 12 financing, operation and maintenance over 40 years can reach into billions of dollars and place 13 significant financial burden on all Wisconsin ratepayers in addition to those in other states.

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15 There is currently no demonstrated need for this high-capacity transmission line. Demand for 16 electricity in Wisconsin and adjacent states has been flat or in decline in recent years and utilities in 17 affected service areas have projected no or minimal load growth in planning documents submitted to 18 the PSC. Other means of meeting energy demand claimed by the applicants must be considered, 19 including comparable investment in accelerated energy efficiency, conservation, load management, 20 and local renewable power options before high-capacity transmission is approved. 21

22 Wisconsin should strive to mirror national rates of investment in energy conservation as a first 23 approach to avoid investment in greater transmission line capacity. Average ratepayer investment in 24 energy efficiency in the U.S. tripled from 2007 to 2012, thereby lowering end-user costs and harmful 25 pollutant emissions. However, investment in energy efficiency in Wisconsin dropped over the same 26 period. 27

28 There are both environmental and economic ramifications to the Cardinal-Hickory Creek Project. 29 Decision makers are responsible for protecting and enhancing natural and local economic assets, 30 including scenic beauty and development potential that would be adversely affected by 110- to180-foot 31 steel or concrete poles and wires for high-voltage transmission. High-profile transmission lines tend to 32 reduce property values and tourism due to their prominent visibility and perceived negative health 33 effects, creating adverse impacts on local economies in contrast to non-transmission alternatives such 34 as energy efficiency, load management, and local solar, which tend to produce positive economic 35 impacts.

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37 Wisconsin State Statute 1.13(2) encourages local governmental units to define their energy planning 38 priorities and State Statute 1.11(2) encourages the WI PSC to study, develop, and describe 39 appropriate alternatives to recommended courses of action for full public consideration before the 40 scoping stage of utility applications and for preparation of the Impact Statement. This has not yet 41 happened. Detailed explanations of the perceived need for regional transmission expansion have not 42 been combined with a comprehensive comparison of long-term investment costs and returns for all 43 energy investment options. A comprehensive explanation should be provided for Wisconsin 44 ratepayers stated in clear terms of monthly, average potential savings, long-term job creation, and 45 carbon and other air pollutant emission impacts.

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48 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED: 49

50 1. The Dane County Board of Supervisors requests the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin 51 make every effort to develop or enhance the energy system upon which our community relies and 52 adhere to these energy investment priorities: 53

a) Maximize cost-effective conservation, efficiency, and load management;

- b) Rely to the greatest extent possible on local, renewable generation;
 c) Support local ownership of energy generation that includes dispersed
 - c) Support local ownership of energy generation that includes dispersed renewable energy to support the local economy, including the creation of sustainable jobs;
 - d) Minimize the size, scale, voltage, and environmental impacts of electric transmission and generation.
- 61 2. Dane County is without sufficient means to evaluate the current proposal in terms of these priorities.

3. Dane County requests the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin to require the applicants to
provide both potentially affected land owners within 1500' of potential corridors and Wisconsin
ratepayers clear, consumer-friendly description of the cost-benefit analysis and assumptions they will
utilize in assessing the economic, environmental, and public health benefits of non-transmission
alternatives including accelerated energy efficiency, load management, distributed generation (on
site/community and other local, non-fossil fuel generation) at the open houses and online in electronic
format during the pre-application, public information stage of this proposal.

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71 4. Following receipt of the application, Dane County requests that the Public Service Commission of 72 Wisconsin ensure that the applicants develop this analysis into a comprehensive, easy to understand, 73 cost-benefit comparison of the economic, environmental, and public health benefits that would result 74 from investments in accelerated energy efficiency, applications of load management and distributed 75 generation (on site/community and other local, non-fossil fuel generation). The dollar amount applied 76 to each of these non-transmission investment options, alone and in optimized combination, should 77 equal the estimated total amount ratepayers would assume for the comprehensive costs of the 78 proposed high-voltage transmission project over 40 years, including construction, financing, operation 79 and maintenance. This analysis should include clear, easy to understand charts comparing the 80 monetary and CO2 emission impacts for the non-transmission alternatives and transmission 81 alternatives on average monthly electric bills for Wisconsin residential and commercial customers 82 calculated in present dollars/tons and for year 10, 20, 30 and 40, subsequently. 83

- 5. Dane County requests that the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin require the applicants to incorporate the above requested information in their application materials before the agency deems the application complete and before Notice of Proceeding is given. The county requests that the applicants' analysis of non-transmission alternatives be made available at EIS scoping meetings and its availability mentioned in press releases to media outlets in order to notify potentially affected electric customers.
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6. Dane County requests that the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin conduct an equally comprehensive analysis and presentation of the economic, environmental, and public health impacts of non-transmission alternatives alone and in optimized combination and include this in the agency's draft and final Environmental Impact Statements. In addition to environmental impacts, the EIS should assess and compare the impacts on typical rural economies along the potential routes created by the non-transmission alternatives and transmission configurations.

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7. Dane County requests the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin to record this document in the
 public record of Docket 05-CE-146 and to include it, in entirety, in the Appendices of the state and
 federal Environmental Impact Statements for this proposal.

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102 **BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED** that a copy of this resolution be sent to the Wisconsin Public Service 103 Commission regarding docket #05CE146.