- 1 10.000. General Provisions
- 2 10.001. Title, Purpose and Statutory Authorization
- 3 (1) Title.

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4 This ordinance is known as the "Dane County Zoning Ordinance."

5 (2) Purpose.

- The purpose of this chapter is to:
- (a) promote the public health, safety, convenience and general welfare;
- 8 (b) encourage planned and orderly land use development;
- 9 (c) protect property values and the property tax base;
- 10 (d) permit the careful planning and efficient maintenance of highway systems;
- 11 (e) ensure adequate highway, utility, health, educational and recreational facilities;
- 12 (f) recognize the needs of agriculture, forestry, industry and business in future growth;
- (g) encourage uses of land and other natural resources which are in accordance with
 their character and adaptability;
 - (h) provide adequate light and air, including access to sunlight for solar collectors and to wind for wind energy systems;
 - (i) encourage the protection of groundwater resources;
- 18 (j) preserve wetlands;
- 19 (k) conserve soil, water and forest resources;
- 20 (I) protect the beauty and amenities of landscape and man-made developments;
- 21 (m) provide healthy surroundings for family life; and
- 22 (n) promote the efficient and economical use of public funds.
- 23 (3) Statutory Authority.
- 24 This ordinance is adopted under, but not limited to, the following statutes: ss.59.69,
- 25 59.694, 59.698 and Chapter 91, Wisconsin Statutes.

26 10.002. Reenactment And Repeal.

- 27 (1) Rights and liabilities under previous code.
- It is the intention of this chapter to continue in force such existing provisions of the
 previous code known as "Chapter 10, Dane County Zoning Ordinance" so that all rights
 and liabilities that have accrued there under are preserved and may be enforced, unless
 explicitly surrendered by specific provisions of this chapter or altered by the Official
- 32 Zoning Map.
- 33 (2) Repeal of provisions not reenacted.

- All provisions of the Chapter 10 of the Dane County Code of Ordinances which existed
 prior to (clerk to insert effective date), and which are not reenacted herein are hereby
 repealed.
- 37 (3) Violations under previous code.
- 38 The adoption of this chapter shall not adversely affect the County's right to prosecute
- 39 any violation of the predecessor Chapter 10, provided that such violation occurred while
- 40 that chapter was in effect.

41 10.003. Jurisdiction, Effective Date and Interpretation

42	(1) Applicability and effective dates.
43	(a) Unincorporated areas.
44	This chapter is applicable to all territory, except for areas under city or village
45	extraterritorial zoning under s. 62.23(7a), Wisconsin Statutes, located within those
46	portions of the unincorporated areas of Dane County in which the associated town
47	board has adopted this chapter pursuant to <u>s.59.69(5), Wis. Stats</u> . The following
48	towns have adopted this ordinance as of the effective date listed below:
49	1. (List)
50	(b) Incorporated areas.
51	Under <u>s. 59.69(7), Wisconsin Statutes</u> :
52	1. Whenever an area which has been subject to a county zoning ordinance petitions
53	to become part of a city or village, the regulations imposed by the county zoning
54	ordinance shall continue in effect, without change, and shall be enforced by the
55	city or village until the regulations have been changed by official action of the
56	governing body of the city or village.
57	2. In the event an ordinance of annexation is contested in the courts, the county
58	zoning shall prevail and the county shall have jurisdiction over the zoning in the
59	area affected until ultimate determination of the court action.
60	(c) Municipalities And State Agencies Regulated.
61	Unless specifically exempted by law, all cities, villages, towns and counties are
62	required to comply with this chapter and obtain all necessary permits for projects
63	occurring within this chapter's jurisdiction. State agencies are required to comply
64	when <u>s. 13.48(13), Wis. Stats.</u> , applies. The construction, reconstruction,
65	maintenance and repair of State highways and bridges by the Wisconsin
66	Department of Transportation are exempt when permits under s. 30.12, Wis. Stats.,
67	are issued.

68 (2) Severability.

69 (a) If any portion of this ordinance is adjudged unconstitutional or invalid by a court of 70 competent jurisdiction, the remainder of this ordinance shall not be affected. 71 (b) If any court of competent jurisdiction shall adjudge invalid the application of any 72 portion of this chapter to a particular property, building, or structure, such 73 judgment shall not affect the application of said provision to any other property, 74 water, building, or structure not specifically included in said judgment. 75 (c) If any requirement or limitation attached to an authorization given under this 76 chapter is found invalid, it shall be presumed that the authorization would not have 77 been granted without the requirement or limitation and, therefore, said 78 authorization shall also be invalid .. 79 (3) Abrogations and other restrictions. (a) If any other legally adopted County or town ordinance is more restrictive than this 80 chapter or any amendments thereto, such other County or town ordinance 81 82 continues in all respects to the extent of the greater restrictions, but not otherwise. 83 (b) It is not otherwise intended by this chapter to abrogate, repeal, annul, impair or 84 interfere with any existing easements, covenants, deed restrictions, agreements, 85 rules, regulations or permits previously adopted or issued pursuant to law. However, wherever this chapter imposes greater restrictions, the provisions of this 86 87 chapter shall prevail. (4) Interpretation and Application. 88 (a) In their interpretation and application, the provisions of this chapter shall be held 89 90 to be the minimum requirements for the promotion of the public health, safety, morals and welfare, and shall be liberally construed in favor of the County and shall 91 92 not be construed to be a limitation or repeal of any other power now granted by 93 Wisconsin Statutes and possessed by the County. 94 (b) Where property is affected by the regulations imposed by any provision of this 95 chapter and by other governmental regulations, the regulations which are more 96 restrictive or which impose higher standards or requirements shall prevail. 97 Regardless of any other provision of this chapter, no land shall be developed or 98 used, and no structure erected or maintained in violation of any State or Federal 99 regulations. 100 (c) Word usage. In the interpretation of words used in this chapter: 1. Words used or defined in one tense or form shall include other tenses and 101 102 derivative forms. 103 2. Words in the singular number shall include the plural number, and words in the 104 plural number shall include the single number. 105 3. The masculine gender shall include the feminine, and vice versa. **4.** The words "shall", "must" and "will" are mandatory. 106 5. The words "may", "can", "should", and "might" are permissive. 107

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6. The word "person" includes individuals, firms, corporations, partnerships, associations, trusts, and any other legal entity.
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10.004. Definitions 113

114	(1) Abandoned or discontinued use.
115	(a) Except as described in (b) below, when the nonconforming use of a property has
116	ceased for twelve months or longer, a use shall be considered abandoned and
117	discontinued.
118	(b) Mineral extraction uses shall be considered abandoned or discontinued if the use
119	ceases for twelve months or longer, unless the landowner or operator complies
120	with all of the following:
121	1. Within twelve months of the effective date of this ordinance has submitted a
122	reclamation plan under Chapter 74, Dane County Code;
123	 By January 31 of each year after submitting a reclamation plan, submits an annual
124	report that meets all the requirements of s.74.251, Dane County Code and
125	indicates the site was active during the previous year.
126	3. Within twelve months of the receipt of notice under s. 10.102(5)(b)2., records a
127	deed notice document, that:
128	(a) indicates the presence of a nonconforming mineral extraction site;
129	(b) describes the boundaries of the nonconforming mineral extraction site, and;
130	(c) is signed by the landowner and the zoning administrator.
131	4. By January 31 of each year, provide to the zoning administrator evidence, subject
132	to inspection, that all of the following conditions are met:
133	(a) Verification of property ownership or an active mineral lease, as recorded
134	with the Dane County Register of Deeds,between the landowner and a
135	mineral extraction operator.
136	(b) The driveway accessing the subject site shall either be paved or covered with
137	crushed asphalt for a minimum distance of 100 feet from the public right-of-
138	way.
139	(c) There shall be a safety fence around the entire extraction area at all times.
140	(d) Driveway access points to the site shall be gated. All gates shall be signed "no
141	trespassing."
142	(c) The operator shall post clearly visible signage indicating the presence of mineral
143	extraction activity.
144	(2) Accessory building.
145	A subordinate or supplemental building, the use of which is incidental to that of the
146	main building on the same lot or the use of the premises on which it is located. Except
147	for accessory dwelling units, accessory buildings may not be used for human habitation.
148	(3) Accessory dwelling unit.
149	(a) A second dwelling unit, limited in size, which is either attached to or located on the
150	same lot as, an existing single-family dwelling.

same lot as, an existing single-family dwelling.

151 152 153 154	 (b) Accessory dwelling units have their own entrance, and do not share a main entrance with the principal residence on the lot (c) This definition includes accessory buildings constructed in connection with a private garage or a private garage converted into a dwelling unit.
155 156	(4) Accessory structure.A structure associated with an accessory use.
157 158 159 160	(5) Accessory use. (See also "agricultural accessory use" below). A land use incidental to, and customarily associated with a specific principal use. Accessory uses must be located on the same lot or parcel and in the same zoning district as the principal use.
161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169	 (6) Adult book store. An establishment which is used for selling or renting, for monetary consideration, the following materials, when such activity constitutes a significant part of the business conducted therein: (a) Any picture, photograph, drawing, motion picture film or similar visual representation or image of a person or portion of human body which depicts sexual conduct, sadomasochistic conduct or nudity in the context of sexual activity, whether or not the same is intended to be viewed on or off the premises; or (b) Any book, pamphlet, magazine, printed matter, however reproduced, or any sound
170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180	 (a) they been period period
181 182 183 184 185 186 187	 operating an adult book store. (7) Adult entertainment establishment. (a) Any establishment which regularly features for monetary consideration performances or presentations which are distinguished or characterized by an emphasis on exposure to view of less than completely or opaquely covered human genitals, pubic area, anus, vulva, female breasts below a point immediately above the top of the areola; or male genitals in a discernable turgid state, even if opaquely

188		covered; or on acts of or acts which simulate the fondling of another person's
189		genitals, pubic region, anus, or female breasts, sexual intercourse, masturbation,
190		flagellation, sodomy, bestiality, necrophilia, sadomasochistic abuse, fellatio,
191		cunnilingus, or any sexual conduct as defined by <u>s. 944.21(2)(e)</u> , <u>Wisconsin Statutes</u> .
192	(b)	The term regularly features as used in this subsection means giving special
193		prominence at uniform, orderly intervals on a permanent basis, or always features.
_		
194		pted town and county comprehensive plan.
195		wn comprehensive plan adopted by both the affected town board and the Dane
196	Cou	nty Board of Supervisors under <u>s. 66.1001, Wis. Stats.</u> , and <u>Chapter 82, Dane County</u>
197	<u>Cod</u>	<u>e</u> .
198	••••	cultural use.
199		ans any of the following activities conducted for the purpose of producing an income
200	or li	velihood:
201	(a)	Crop or forage production.
202	(b)	Keeping livestock.
203	(c)	Beekeeping.
204	(d)	Nursery, sod, or Christmas tree production.
205	(e)	Floriculture.
206	(f)	Aquaculture.
207	(g)	Fur farming.
208	(h)	Forest management.
209	(i)	Enrolling land in a federal agricultural commodity payment program or a federal or
210		state agricultural land conservation payment program.
244	(4.0)	
211	(10)	Agricultural accessory building.
212	A bi	uilding or buildings used in the operation of a farm.
213	(11)	Agricultural accessory use.
213	• •	of the following land uses on a farm:
215	(a)	A building, structure, or improvement that is an integral part of, or incidental to, an
216	(৮)	agricultural use.
217	(a)	An activity or business operation that is an integral part of, or incidental to, an
218	(-)	agriculture use.
219		Farm residence.
220	(d)	A business, activity, or enterprise, whether or not associated with an agricultural
221		use, which is conducted by the owner or operator of a farm, that requires no buildings, structures, or improvements other than these described in par. (a) or (c)
222		buildings, structures, or improvements other than those described in par. (a) or (c), that amploys no more than 4 full time amployees appually, and that does not
223		that employs no more than 4 full-time employees annually, and that does not
224		impair or limit the current or future agricultural use of the farm or of other

225 protected farmland. 226 (12) Agricultural entertainment. 227 (a) An agricultural accessory use, taking place on a farm, that combines the elements 228 and characteristics of agriculture and tourism. 229 (b) Examples of agricultural entertainment include, but are not limited to: corn mazes, 230 pick-your-own operations, hay rides, sleigh rides, petting farms, on-farm tours, 231 agricultural related museums, demonstrations of farming practices, techniques and 232 methods, fee based fishing and hunting, horseback riding, nature trails, haunted 233 barns and similar activities which are related to agriculture. 234 (13) Agriculture-related use. 235 A facility, whether or not located on a farm, that has at least one of the following as a 236 primary, and not merely incidental, purpose: 237 (a) Providing agricultural supplies, agricultural equipment, agricultural inputs or 238 agricultural services directly to farms, including farms in the farmland preservation 239 zoning district. 240 (b) Storing, processing or handling raw agricultural commodities obtained directly from 241 farms, including farms in the farmland preservation zoning district. 242 (c) Processing agricultural by-products or wastes received directly from farms, 243 including farms in the farmland preservation district. 244 Airport, landing strip or heliport. (14) A transportation facility that provides takeoff, landing, servicing, storage and other 245 246 services to any type of air transportation. 247 (a) Seaplane operation below the ordinary highwater mark of a navigable water is not 248 included in this definition, but such use may be regulated under Chapter 72, Dane 249 County Code. 250 (b) The operation of any type of air vehicle (including ultra light aircraft, helicopters, hang gliders, but excepting model aircraft) shall occur only in conjunction with an 251 252 approved airport, landing strip, or heliport. 253 Animal boarding, domestic pet. (15) Any premises that accommodates six or more domestic pets overnight, including both 254 255 indoor and outdoor facilities. May also include accessory retail sales of pet food, pet 256 supplies and related items, limited to 100 square feet of floor space. 257 (a) Examples of these land uses include: commercial kennels, pet breeding operations 258 and pet day-care operations. 259 (b) Domestic pet animal boarding does not include: temporary foster care not to 260 exceed a residence of six weeks per animal, overnight or observational care for 261 patients of a veterinary clinic, large animal boarding, domestic fowl or beekeeping,

262	colony houses, small-scale farming or agricultural livestock operations.
263	(16) Animal boarding, large animal.
264	Any premises that accommodates six or more of any animals, not owned by the owner
265	of the property, not including domestic pets, domestic fowl or domestic bees. Exercise
266	yards, fields, training areas, and trails associated with such land uses are considered
267	accessory to such land uses and do not require separate consideration.
268	(a) Examples of these land uses include commercial stables, livestock boarding, wildlife
269	rehabilitation centers and game farms.
270	(b) Large animal boarding does not include: temporary foster care not to exceed a
271	<mark>residence of six weeks per animal, overnight or observational care for patients of a</mark>
272	veterinary clinic, domestic pet boarding, domestic fowl or beekeeping, colony
273	houses, small-scale farming or agricultural livestock operations .
274	(17) Animal unit.
275	One animal unit shall be defined as being the equivalent of 1 cow, 4 hogs, 10 sheep, 10
276	goats, 100 poultry, 1 horse, 1 pony, 1 mule or 100 rabbits or an equivalent combination
277	thereof.
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278	(18) Apartment.
279	A room, or a suite of rooms, with toilet and culinary accommodations, used or designed
280	for use as a residence by a family, and located in either:
281	(a) a building containing two or more such rooms or suites or;
282	(b) a building devoted primarily to nonresidential use.
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283 284	(19) Boat slip.
	A mooring accommodation for the in-water storage of a boat or other water craft which
285	is owned by other than a resident or owner of the premises.
286	(20) Building.
287	(a) Any structure having a roof supported by posts, columns or walls and its
288	appendages including, but not limited to balconies, porches, decks, stoops,
289	fireplaces and chimneys.
290	(b) For permit and locational purposes, the following are also considered buildings:
291	swimming pools, both above and below ground, permanent hunting blinds with a
292	foundation, and towers, including communication towers.
293	(c) The following are not considered buildings: poles, towers and posts for lines
294 205	carrying telephone messages or electricity and recreational structures of open
295 296	construction and without walls, such as swing sets, slides, yard gyms, climbers, sand boxes and teeter totters.
290	אטאפא מווע ובפופו וטוופוא.

- 297 (21) Building envelope.
 298 The three dimensional space within which a building is constructed.
- 299 (22) Building footprint.
- The entire area of ground covered by a structure, expressed in square feet, including
 appurtenances such as, but not limited to, balconies, porches, decks, stoops, fireplaces,
 and chimneys.
- 303 (23) Building height.
- The vertical distance, measured from the mean elevation of the finished grade along the front of the building to the highest point on the roof for flat roofs; to the mean height level between the highest ridge and its associated eave for gable and hip roofs; to the deck line for mansard roofs.
- 308 (a) For non-riparian lots or parcels, the front of the building shall be the side directly
 309 facing the public or private thoroughfare which affords primary means of access to
 310 the property, excluding the driveway.
 - (b) For riparian lots or parcels in the shoreland zone, the front of the building shall be the ordinary highwater mark.
- 313 (24) Building line.

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- 314 (a) The building line shall be the point at which the building wall or any appendage of
 315 the building such as steps, chimneys, decks, porches or covered patios meet the
 316 ground.
 - (b) For earth sheltered homes, the building line is a line where the exterior walls of the building if extended vertically would be located on the lot or zoning parcel.
- 319 (25) Building setback line.
- 320 (a) A line that is parallel to the front or street lot line and is located at a distance from
 321 either the center line of the adjacent highway or the front lot line as provided for in
 322 <u>s.10.101(8)</u> of this ordinance.
- (b) For triangular or gored lots that do not have the required lot width at the required building setback line, the building setback line shall be a line that is parallel to the front lot line or if the front lot line is a curve it shall be parallel to the chord of the arc of the curve of the front lot line and located at the point on the lot where the length of the line meets the lot width requirements of the zoning district in which it is located. (See also Lot Width.)
- 329 (26) Campground.
- Any parcel of land which is designed, maintained, intended or used for the purpose of
 providing sites for nonpermanent overnight use by 4 or more camping units, or which is
 advertised or represented as a camping area. Campgrounds may include buildings to

provide services to the patrons, such as restrooms, bathing, laundry and commissaryfacilities.

Campground, primitive.

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(27)

Any campground which is accessible only by hiking, boating or canoeing. 336 337 (28) Camping unit. 338 (a) Any portable device, no more than 400 square feet in area, used as a temporary 339 shelter for a period not exceeding 180 days within any calendar year. (b) Camping units include, but are not limited to, a tent, camping trailer, motor home, 340 bus, van, or pickup truck that is fully licensed, if required, and ready for highway 341 342 use. 343 (29) Caretaker's residence. An accessory dwelling on a nonresidential property occupied by the person who 344 345 oversees the nonresidential property 24 hours a day, and his or her family. 346 (30) Cemetery. 347 (a) Any land, that is used, or intended to be used, for the burial of human remains. 348 (b) Examples of cemeteries include, but are not limited to, cemeteries, mausoleums, 349 columbarians and burial chapels. (31) 350 Committee. The Zoning and Land Regulations Committee of the Dane County Board of Supervisors, 351 352 or any other committee of the Dane County Board of Supervisors designated to act as 353 the county zoning agency and delegated the responsibility for zoning matters under 354 ss.59.69, 59.692, 87.30 and 144.26 of the Wisconsin Statutes. 355 (32) Communications tower. (a) Except as exempted below, any of the following: 356 1. A mobile service support structure, as defined in s.66.0404(1)(n), Wisconsin 357 358 Statutes. 2. A radio broadcast service facility as defined in s. 66.0406(1), Wisconsin Statutes. 359 360 3. Any structure, whether free-standing or attached to an existing building or 361 structure, that is designed and constructed primarily for the purpose of 362 supporting one or more antennas. 363 4. Communications towers may include, but are not limited to: self-supporting 364 lattice towers, guy towers or monopole towers, radio and television transmission 365 towers, microwave towers, common-carrier towers, or cellular telephone towers. 366 (b) Exemptions.

367	The following are not considered communication towers for the purposes of this
368	ordinance:
369	1. Amateur radio towers installed, erected, maintained and/or operated in
370	association with any permitted or conditional residential use, by a federally-
371	licensed amateur radio operator, so long as all the following conditions are met:
372	a. The antenna use involved is accessory to the primary use of the property
373	which is not a telecommunication facility;
374	b. In a residential zone, no more than one support structure for licensed
375	amateur radio operator is allowed on the parcel;
376	c. Sufficient anti-climbing measures have been incorporated into the facility,
377	as needed, to reduce potential for trespass and injury.
378	 Publicly owned and operated telecommunications facilities required in the public
379	interest to provide for and maintain a radio frequency telecommunication
380	system, including digital, analog, wireless or electromagnetic waves, for police,
381	fire and other municipal services.
382	3. Broadcast signal receivers, including satellite dishes or antennas that are one (1)
383	meter or less in diameter and satellite earth station antennas that are two (2)
384	meters or less in diameter.
385	(33) Communications tower, substantial modification.
386	The modification of a communications tower, including the mounting of an antenna on
387	such a structure, that does any of the following:
388	(a) For structures with an overall height of 200 feet or less, increases the overall height
389	of the structure by more than 20 feet.
390	(b) For structures with an overall height of more than 200 feet, increases the overall
391	height of the structure by 10 percent or more.
392	(c) Measured at the level of the appurtenance added to the structure as a result of the
393	modification, increases the width of the support structure by 20 feet or more,
394	unless a larger area is necessary for collocation.
395	(d) Increases the square footage of an existing equipment compound to a total area of
396	more than 2,500 square feet.
397	(34) Community living arrangements.
398	(a) Any of the following facilities licensed or operated, or permitted under the
399	authority of the Wisconsin Department of Health and Social Services:
400	1. a community living arrangement for adults, as defined in <u>s. 46.03 (22), Wis. Stats</u> .
401	and <u>s. 50.01(1g), Wis. Stats.</u>
402	2. a community living arrangement for children, as defined in <u>s. 48.743 (1), Wis.</u>
403	<u>Stats.</u>
404	3. a foster home, as defined in <u>s. 48.02 (6), Wis. Stats</u> , or
405	4. or an adult family home, as defined in <u>s. 50.01 (1), Wis. Stats</u> .

406	(b) Community living arrangements do not include:
407	1. day care centers,
408	2. nursing homes,
409	3. hospitals,
410	4. prisons or jails.
411	(35) Condominium.
412	Individual ownership of a structure or a unit in a multi-unit structure located on a
413	commonly held parcel of land organized under <u>Chapter 703, Wisconsin Statutes.</u>
414	Buildings in a condominium shall meet the density and locational requirements of the
415	zoning district in which they are located.
413	zoning district in which they are located.
416	(36) Consistent with.
417	Furthers or does not contradict:
418	(a) The purposes and standards of this ordinance, or
419	(b) the objectives, goals, and policies contained in the Dane County Comprehensive
420	Plan or the Dane County Farmland Preservation Plan.
420	Than of the bare councy rannana reservation rian.
421	(37) Construction equipment.
422	(a) A type of commercial vehicle that is primarily designed and used for commercial,
423	construction, or industrial operations or activities.
424	(b) Construction equipment includes, but is not limited to, front end loaders, dumpster
425	haulers, forklifts, augers, tractor-trailers, dump trucks, wreckers, bulldozers, cranes,
426	bobcats, trenchers, stump grinders, backhoes, and cement mixers tractors, both
427	wheeled and crawler types, graders, end loaders, scrapers, bulldozers, cranes, back
428	hoes, drag lines, trucks, including dump, stake body or semi-trailer lowboys of more
429	than two and one-half (2-1/2) ton capacity, "cherry picker" vehicles and air
430	compressors.
431	(c) Equipment used in connection with a farm operation and not leased or contracted
432	for use on any other property shall not be considered construction equipment.
433	(38) Contiguous.
434	Lots or parcels that share a common boundary for a distance of at least 66 feet.
435	(39) Day care centers.
436	A place or home which provides care for eight (8) or more children under the age of
437	seven (7) years for less than 24 hours a day and is licensed as provided for in <u>s. 48.65</u> of
438	the Wisconsin Statutes.
439	(40) Development.
110	Any estivity requiring only of the following:

440 Any activity requiring any of the following:

441 442 443 444 445 446	 (a) a zoning permit, conditional use permit or certificate of compliance under this ordinance; (b) a shoreland zoning permit under <u>Chapter 11</u>, Dane County Code (c) a floodplain zoning permit under <u>Chapter 17</u>, Dane County Code (d) an erosion control permit or stormwater management permit under <u>Chapter 14</u>, Dane County Code.
447 448 449 450 451 452 453 454 455 456 457	 (41) Development plan. A scale drawing of the premises which accurately depicts: (a) the shape and dimensions of the lot or parcel, (b) the location and dimensions of all existing and proposed buildings and other structures; (c) the location and dimensions of all parking areas, loading areas, circulation areas, and access drives; (d) the distance in feet between all structures, and between all structures and parking areas, abutting streets and highway rights-of-way or easements and side and rear lot lines, and; (e) any other information as the zoning administrator deems necessary to determine
458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465 466	 the nature of the development. (42) Development right. (a) A potential new residential building site available under the policies of an adopted town and county comprehensive plan, subject to the standards of this ordinance and chapters 11, 17 and 75. (b) For purposes of participating in a transfer of development rights program, a development right exists on a particular property if adopted town and county comprehensive plans would support a rezone petition to allow residential development on the property.
467 468 469 470	 (43) Divided highway A highway with 2 or more roadways separated by spaces not intended for the use of vehicular traffic. (44) Domestic beekeeping.
471 472 473 474	 The keeping of honeybees in a residential zoning district. (45) Domestic fowl. Female chickens, ducks, and quail. Geese, turkeys, and pea fowl are not considered domestic fowl for the purposes of this ordinance.
475	(46) Domestic pets.

476 **(a)** Any animal that:

477	1. has been bred or raised to live in or near the habitations of humans,
478	is not kept for slaughter, milk, eggs or the harvesting of fur, wool or plumage,
479	and;
480	3. is dependent on humans for food and shelter.
481	(b) Domestic pets include, but are not limited to: dogs, cats, domesticated songbirds,
482	aquarium fish, reptiles kept indoors and domestic ferrets.
483	(c) Domestic pets do not include: horses, sheep, any animal equivalent to one-half
484	animal unit or larger, endangered species, wildlife, livestock, domestic fowl or bees.
485	(47) Duplex.
486	A dwelling designed or intended to be occupied by two families.
487	(48) Dwelling.
488	A building, or part of a building, containing living, sleeping, housekeeping
489	accommodations and sanitary facilities for occupancy by one or more families.
490	(49) Event.
491	(50) Explosive materials.
492	(a) Any chemical compound, mixture or device, the primary or common purpose of
493	which is to function by explosion, except as exempted below.
494	(b) Explosive materials include, but are not limited to, dynamite and other high
495	explosives, slurries, emulsions, water gels, blasting agents, black powder, pellet
496	powder, initiating explosives, detonators, safety fuses, squibs, detonating cord,
497	igniter cord and igniters.
498	(c) Exemptions.
499	(d) For the purposes of this ordinance, the following are not considered explosive
500	materials:
501	1. Fireworks, as defined in s.167.10, Wis. Stats.
502	2. Fuel or a lubricant.
503	3. A firearm cartridge or shotgun shell.
504	4. A flare used or possessed or sold for use as a signal in an emergency or in the
505	operation of a railway, aircraft, watercraft or motor vehicle.
506	5. A match, cigarette lighter, stove, furnace, candle, lantern or space heater.
507	6. A cap containing not more than one-quarter grain of explosive mixture, if the cap
508	is used or possessed or sold for use in a device which prevents direct bodily
509	contact with a cap when it is in place for explosion.
510	7. A toy snake which contains no mercury.
511	8. A model rocket engine.
512	9. Tobacco and a tobacco product.

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513 **10.** A sparkler on a wire or wood stick not exceeding 36 inches in length that is 514 designed to produce audible or visible effects or to produce audible and visible 515 effects. 11. A device designed to spray out paper confetti or streamers and which contains 516 517 less than one-quarter grain of explosive mixture. 518 12. A fuseless device that is designed to produce audible or visible effects or audible 519 and visible effects, and that contains less than one-quarter grain of explosive 520 mixture. **13.** A device that is designed primarily to burn pyrotechnic smoke-producing 521 522 mixtures, at a controlled rate, and that produces audible or visible effects, or 523 audible and visible effects. 524 **14.** A cylindrical fountain that consists of one or more tubes and that is classified by 525 the federal department of transportation as a Division 1.4 explosive, as defined in 526 49 CFR 173.50. 15. A cone fountain that is classified by the federal department of transportation as a 527 528 Division 1.4 explosive, as defined in 49 CFR 173.50. 529 **16.** A novelty device that spins or moves on the ground.. 530 (51) Extended care facilities. A nursing home which is certified by the State of Wisconsin under the Federal Social 531 532 Security Act to care for patients under the Medicare Program. 533 (52) Family. A single housekeeping unit, living together on the premises, comprised of either: 534 (a) Any number of individuals related by blood, adoption, foster care, domestic 535 536 partnership or marriage, or 537 (b) No more than five unrelated individuals. 538 (53) Farm. All land under common ownership that is primarily devoted to agricultural use. For the 539 purposes of this ordinance, "primarily devoted" means that a majority of the land is in 540 agricultural use. 541 542 (54) Farm operator. A person who, or a family at least one member of which, earns substantial farm income 543 544 from farm operations on the farm. 545 (55) Farm residence. 546 Any of the following structures that is located on a farm: 547 (a) A single-family residence that is occupied by any of the following: 548 1. A person who is both the owner and farm operator of the farm.

- 549 2. A parent or child of the owner and farm operator of the farm. 550 **3.** An individual who earns more than 50 percent of his or her gross income from the 551 farm. 552 (b) A migrant labor camp that is certified under <u>s. 103.92, Wis. Stats</u>. 553 (56) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses. A facility, land or premises that provides a public service and is operated by a: 554 555 (a) federal, state, county, city, village, town or tribal government, (b) public or private utility, commission or authority, 556 557 (c) public or private school, university, college or school district, 558 (d) church or religious institution 559 (e) public or quasi-public agency, or 560 (f) tax-exempt organization. 561 (57) Gross floor area. 562 (a) The aggregate area of all horizontal levels of a building, expressed in square feet, 563 not including any horizontal level where the average floor to ceiling height is less than 6 feet. 564 (b) When used as a basis of measurement for off-street parking and loading spaces for 565 566 any use, gross floor area shall be the sum of the areas of the several floors of the 567 buildings devoted to such use, including all areas devoted to restrooms, storage, utilities and circulation. 568 569 (58) Gross income. 570 Wisconsin Adjusted Gross Income, as defined in s. 71.01, Wis. Stats. (59) Gross vehicle weight. 571 572 The weight of any truck or road tractor and its semitrailer plus the load that the vehicle is rated to haul. 573 Heavy industrial. 574 (60) 575 (a) A processing, manufacturing or assembly use engaged in the basic processing and 576 manufacturing of materials or products predominately from extracted or raw 577 materials, or any other processing, manufacturing or assembly use where any of 578 the following conditions apply: 1. operations are conducted wholly or partially outdoors; 579 2. operations are potentially associated with significant nuisances such as odor, 580 noise, heat, vibration, pollution or radiation which are detectable at the property 581 582 line; 3. operations may pose a significant safety hazard (such as danger of fire, toxic spills 583 584 or explosion).
 - (b) Heavy industrial uses include, but are not limited to: paper, pulp or paperboard

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586	producers; chemical and allied product producers including poison or fertilizer
587	producers but not including drug producers; petroleum and coal product
588	producers; permanent asphalt, concrete or cement producers; tanneries; stone,
589	clay or glass product producers; primary metal producers; heavy machinery
590	producers; electrical distribution equipment producers; electrical industrial
591	apparatus producers; transportation vehicle producers; commercial sanitary
592	sewage treatment plants; power production facilities; railroad switching yards; and
593	commercial recycling facilities not involving the on-site storage of salvage materials.
594	(c) Heavy industrial uses do not include agriculture, agriculture-related, small-scale
595	domestic energy generation, utility services, or light industrial uses.
596	(61) Home occupation.
597	A home occupation is any activity carried on by a member of the family residing on the
598	premises, which meets all of the following conditions:
599	(a) The occupation is conducted within a dwelling and not in an accessory building;
600	(b) Only members of the family residing on the premises may be employed on the
601	premises, plus a maximum of one other unrelated person;
602	(c) No stock-in-trade is kept or commodities sold, other than those made on the
603	premises;
604	(d) Samples may be kept but not sold on the premises;
605	(e) No mechanical equipment is used except such as may be used for purely domestic
606	or household purposes;
607	(f) Such occupation shall not require internal or external alterations, or involve
608	construction features not customary in a dwelling;
609	(g) No more than 25 percent (25%) of the floor area of one (1) story of the dwelling is
610	devoted to the occupation;
611	(h) The entrance to the space devoted to the occupation is from within the building;
612	(i) There is no evidence, other than the sign referred to in subsection (j) below, that
613	will indicate from the exterior that the building is being utilized in part for any
614	purpose other than that of a dwelling; and
615	(j) One (1) sign shall be permitted, which sign shall be attached to the building, shall
616	not exceed two (2) square feet in area and shall not be lighted at night.
617	(62) In-vehicle sales and service.
618	(a) An establishment that dispenses products or services to patrons who remain in
619	motor vehicles, or
620	(b) an establishment which accommodates motor vehicles for the purpose of fueling or
621	providing minor repair services.
622	(63) Incidental room rental.
623	Rental or leasing of rooms within a single-family residence, provided all of the following
624	
024	are met:
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 (a) All rooms offered for rent are within the landowner's principal residence (b) No room has its own kitchen facility (c) No more than two rooms are offered for rent (d) One off-street parking space is provided for each rental room. (a) A building or premises that provides lodging to transient or tourist guests, that meets at least one of the following criteria: Provides more than eight rooms available for transient guests; Provides accommodations for more than twenty transient or tourist guests at a time; or Is located in a building that is not on the same zoning parcel as the landowner's principal residence. (b) Indoor commercial lodging does not include: incidental room rental, transient lodging houses, campgrounds, rooming houses, duplexes or multifamily residences. (a) All land uses which provide entertainment services, 10 or more days per calendar year, entirely within an enclosed building. Such activities often have: event-driven attendance of 50 or more people, who typically arrive and leave the premises as a group, and may congregate outside before and after events. (b) Examples of such land uses include, but are not limited to: restaurants, taverns, theaters, dance clubs, music or performance venues and auditoriums.
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649 theaters, dance clubs, music or performance venues and auditoriums
650 (66) Institutional residential.
651 (a) A congregate residential use that provides some level of human, health or social
652 service to non-transient residents, in addition to basic housing.
653 (b) Institutional residential uses include, but are not limited to: group homes, convents,
654 monasteries, nursing homes, convalescent homes, rehabilitation centers, assisted
655 living facilities, congregate care facilities and retirement communities.
656 (c) Institutional residential uses do not include: community living arrangements, day
657 care centers, duplexes, multifamily residences, rooming houses, adult family
658 homes, foster homes or treatment foster homes.
659 (67) Indoor maintenance and repair.
660 (68) Indoor sales.

661	Includes all principal land uses that conduct or display sales or rental merchandise or
662	equipment completely or nearly completely within an enclosed building. Indoor sales
663	operations may provide incidental service and indoor repair as an accessory use.
664	(a) Indoor sales include, but are not limited to: general merchandise stores, grocery
665	stores, bait shops, sporting goods stores, antique stores, gift shops, laundromats,
666	artisan studios, and bakeries.
667	(b) Indoor sales do not include adult bookstores, personal or professional services
668	(69) Indoor storage.
669	Uses that are primarily oriented to the receiving, holding and shipping of materials for a
670	single business. Such uses are not for retail sales, storage of personal belongings of
671	others, or warehousing of materials for others. With the exception of loading facilities,
672	such uses are contained entirely within an enclosed building.
072	such uses are contained entirely within an enclosed building.
673	(70) Land disturbing activity.
674	Any alteration or disturbance that may result in soil erosion, sedimentation or change in
675	runoff including, but not limited to, removal of ground cover, grading, excavating or
676	filling of land.
677	(71) Light industrial.
678	(a) The processing, manufacturing, compounding, assembly, packaging, treatment or
679	fabrication of materials and products, from previously processed or previously
680	manufactured materials. All operations (with the exception of loading operations):
681	1. are conducted entirely within an enclosed building;
682	2. are not potentially associated with nuisances such as odor, noise, heat, vibration,
683 684	and radiation which are detectable at the property line;
685	 do not pose a significant safety hazard (such as danger of explosion); and include no retail sales.
686	(b) Light industrial uses do not include agriculture-related, limited family businesses,
687	Limited farm businesses, small workshops accessory to a permitted use, or heavy
688	industrial uses.
689	(72) Limited family business.
690	A small family-run commercial operation, accessory to a permitted principle use, that
691	takes place entirely within an accessory building. All employees, except up to four or
692	four full-time equivalents, must be a member of the family residing on the premises.
693	(73) Limited farm business.
694	An agricultural accessory use that meets all of the following criteria:
695	(a) Consists of a business, activity, or enterprise, whether or not associated with an
555	(c) consists of a susmess, activity, of enterprise, whether of not associated with an

696	agricultural use, that is conducted by the owner or operator of a farm,
697	(b) Requires no buildings, structures, or improvements other than existing agricultural
698 699	buildings or a farm residence (c) Employs no more than 4 full-time equivalent employees annually, who are not
700	members of the family residing on the farm, and;
701	(d) Does not impair or limit the current or future agricultural use of the farm or of
702	other protected farmland.
703	(74) Livestock.
704	(a) Except as listed below, bovine animals, equine animals, goats, poultry, sheep,
705	swine, farm-raised deer, farm-raised game birds, camelids, ratites, and farm-raised
706	fish.
707	(b) For the purposes of this ordinance, the following are not considered livestock:
708	 Five or fewer equine animals on a premises in the Rural Mixed-Use Districts; Demostic factor
709	2. Domestic fowl;
710 711	 Domestic pets; Domestic beekeeping.
/11	4. Domestic beekeeping.
712	(75) Location survey.
713	Survey information prepared by a licensed surveyor indicating the location of property
714	lines and building location distances from those property lines for the specific portions
715	of the building indicated in this ordinance.
716	(a) Such surveys need not provide all the parcel information set forth by Wisconsin
717	Administrative Code Chapter A-E 7.02 Minimum Standards for Property Surveys
718	item A-E 7.01(2), but may exclude unnecessary information as permitted in A-E
719	
720 721	(b) All location surveys must comply with the accuracy standard required by A-E 7.06 Measurements.
/21	Measurements.
722	(76) Lot.
723	A parcel of land occupied or intended to be occupied by one principal building and its
724	accessory buildings or uses, except for commercial zoning districts. A parcel or tract of
725	land It is defined by metes and bounds, certified survey, recorded subdivision plat, or
726	other means of description recorded with the Register of Deeds and legally separated
727	from other lots by such description. No land included in any street, highway or railroad
728	right-of-way shall be included when computing lot area. Also referred to as a "lot of
729	record."

730 (77) Lot depth.
731 The lot depth is the mean horizontal distance between the front lot line and the rear lot
732 line measured within the lot boundaries.

733	(78) Lot width.
734	(a) The distance between the side lot lines measured along a line that is parallel to the
735	front lot line at the required building setback line.
736	(b) On triangular or gored lots, the lot width shall be measured along a line that is
737	parallel to the chord of the arc of the front lot line at the required building setback
738	line. The lot width at this point shall not be less than that required by the zoning
739	district in which the lot is located.
740	(79) Lot line, front.
741	The lot line adjoining, and parallel to, the right-of-way that provides primary vehicular
742	access to the lot.
743	(80) Lot line, rear.
744	(a) The rear lot line shall mean that lot line which is opposite and most distant from the
745	front lot line.
746	(b) In the case of an irregular, triangular or gore shaped lot, a line ten (10) feet in
747	length entirely within the lot, parallel to and most distant from the front lot line
748	shall be considered to be the rear lot line for the purpose of determining depth of
749	rear yard.
750	(c) In cases where none of these definitions is applicable, the zoning administrator
751	shall designate the rear lot line.
752	(81) Lot line, side.
753	Any lot line other than a front or rear lot line
754	(82) Manufactured home.
754 755	 (82) Manufactured home. (a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2), Wis. Stats.</u>, that:
755	(a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2), Wis. Stats.</u> , that:
755 756	 (a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2), Wis. Stats.</u>, that: 1. Is fabricated in an off-site facility for installation or assembly at the building site,
755 756 757	 (a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2), Wis. Stats.</u>, that: 1. Is fabricated in an off-site facility for installation or assembly at the building site, 2. bears a HUD label or insignia certifying that it is built in compliance with the
755 756 757 758	 (a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2), Wis. Stats.</u>, that: 1. Is fabricated in an off-site facility for installation or assembly at the building site, 2. bears a HUD label or insignia certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction Standards under 42 U.S.C. ss. 5401
755 756 757 758 759	 (a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2)</u>, Wis. Stats., that: 1. Is fabricated in an off-site facility for installation or assembly at the building site, 2. bears a HUD label or insignia certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction Standards under 42 U.S.C. ss. 5401 to 5426, and
755 756 757 758 759 760	 (a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2)</u>, Wis. Stats., that: 1. Is fabricated in an off-site facility for installation or assembly at the building site, 2. bears a HUD label or insignia certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction Standards under 42 U.S.C. ss. 5401 to 5426, and 3. was built after June 14, 1976.
755 756 757 758 759 760 761	 (a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2)</u>, Wis. Stats., that: 1. Is fabricated in an off-site facility for installation or assembly at the building site, 2. bears a HUD label or insignia certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction Standards under 42 U.S.C. ss. 5401 to 5426, and 3. was built after June 14, 1976. (b) A manufactured home is considered a single-family dwelling for the purposes of
755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762	 (a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2)</u>, Wis. Stats., that: 1. Is fabricated in an off-site facility for installation or assembly at the building site, 2. bears a HUD label or insignia certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction Standards under 42 U.S.C. ss. 5401 to 5426, and 3. was built after June 14, 1976. (b) A manufactured home is considered a single-family dwelling for the purposes of this chapter.
755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763	 (a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2)</u>, Wis. Stats., that: 1. Is fabricated in an off-site facility for installation or assembly at the building site, 2. bears a HUD label or insignia certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction Standards under 42 U.S.C. ss. 5401 to 5426, and 3. was built after June 14, 1976. (b) A manufactured home is considered a single-family dwelling for the purposes of this chapter. (83) Manufactured home communities.
755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763 764	 (a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2)</u>, Wis. Stats., that: 1. Is fabricated in an off-site facility for installation or assembly at the building site, 2. bears a HUD label or insignia certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction Standards under 42 U.S.C. ss. 5401 to 5426, and 3. was built after June 14, 1976. (b) A manufactured home is considered a single-family dwelling for the purposes of this chapter. (83) Manufactured home communities. (a) Any plot or plots of ground upon which two (2) or more manufactured dwellings,
755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763 763 764 765	 (a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2)</u>, Wis. Stats., that: 1. Is fabricated in an off-site facility for installation or assembly at the building site, 2. bears a HUD label or insignia certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction Standards under 42 U.S.C. ss. 5401 to 5426, and 3. was built after June 14, 1976. (b) A manufactured home is considered a single-family dwelling for the purposes of this chapter. (83) Manufactured home communities. (a) Any plot or plots of ground upon which two (2) or more manufactured dwellings, occupied for dwelling or sleeping purposes, are located.
755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763 763 764 765 766	 (a) A residential dwelling for one family as is defined in <u>s.101.91(2)</u>, <u>Wis. Stats.</u>, that: 1. Is fabricated in an off-site facility for installation or assembly at the building site, 2. bears a HUD label or insignia certifying that it is built in compliance with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction Standards under 42 U.S.C. ss. 5401 to 5426, and 3. was built after June 14, 1976. (b) A manufactured home is considered a single-family dwelling for the purposes of this chapter. (83) Manufactured home communities. (a) Any plot or plots of ground upon which two (2) or more manufactured dwellings, occupied for dwelling or sleeping purposes, are located. (b) Exceptions. Manufactured home communities do not include manufactured homes

770	(84) Marina.
771	(a) A commercial shoreside facility that provides accommodation and service for
772	multiple boats.
773	(b) Marinas may include, but are not limited to, docks; boat slips; inside or outside
774	storage of boats, boat trailers, storage cradles and other related marina items; sale
775	of boats, boating equipment, fuel and supplies.
776	(c) Marinas do not include noncommercial boathouses, docks, or piers intended for
777	watercraft owned by the landowner and accessory to a permitted principal use.
778	(85) Mobile home.
779	(a) A transportable factory built structure as is defined in s.101.91(10), Wis. Stats.,
780	designed for long-term occupancy by one family and either:
781	1. was built prior to June 15, 1976, or
782	2. does not comply with the Federal Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety
783	Standards Act.
784	(b) A mobile home is not considered to be a type of single-family dwelling for the
785	purposes of this chapter.
786	(86) Mineral extraction.
787	(a) Quarrying, excavation or removal of sand, gravel, limestone, earth, soil or other
788	mineral resources.
789	(b) Mineral extraction does not include:
790	 Site preparation for residential or commercial plats,
791	 Construction or landscaping projects,
792	3. Soil conservation practices
793	Stream, lake or shoreline protection projects
794	5. Agricultural land leveling projects conducted in accordance with ATCP 50,
795	Wisconsin Administrative Code, provided materials are not removed from the
796	site.
797	6. Composting, storage or processing of materials that meet the definition of an
798	agriculture-related use.
799	7. Solid waste disposal operations.
800	(87) Mineral extraction accessory uses.
801	(a) When conducted entirely within the boundaries of an approved Conditional Use
802	Permit for a mineral extraction site, the following are considered permitted
803	accessory uses:
804	1. washing, crushing, screening and other processing of extracted mineral materials,
805	2. stockpiling and processing concrete and asphalt pavements for the purpose of
806	recycling for reuse in asphalt or concrete mixtures or base course products
807	3. importing and dumping of clean fill materials

808 4. the erection of structures and the installation or storage, or both, of the 809 necessary machinery and equipment used in the mineral extraction operation 810 5. soil blending for production of bioretention products 811 6. activities associated with an approved erosion control or stormwater 812 management plan under Chapter 14, Dane County Code. 813 7. activities associated with site reclamation under an approved reclamation plan 814 under Chapter 74, Dane County Code. 815 (b) At their own initiative or at the applicant's request, town boards and the 816 committee may further limit or prohibit any of the above accessory uses on a 817 particular mineral extraction site, as part of the conditions on an individual 818 Conditional Use Permit. 819 (88) Multiple family dwelling. 820 A dwelling designed or intended to be occupied by more than two families. 821 (89) Nonconforming parcel. 822 A lot or zoning parcel lawfully created prior to the time this ordinance or relevant 823 amendments took affect, and which does not conform to current area or lot width 824 standards of this ordinance. Also known as a "substandard parcel." 825 (90) Nonconforming structure. 826 A structure lawfully erected prior to the time this ordinance or relevant amendments 827 took effect, and which does not conform to the setback, side yard, rear yard, lot 828 coverage, height or other dimensional requirements of this ordinance. 829 (91) Nonconforming use. 830 A lawfully created use that existed prior to the time this ordinance or relevant amendments took effect, and which does not conform to the current standards of this 831 832 ordinance. 833 (92) Notice document. A recorded instrument to notify future landowners and others of unusual features, 834 policies, regulations or other characteristics that may affect future development 835 836 potential or other speculative use of a specific property. All notice document 837 instruments must meet the minimum recording standards of the Dane County Register 838 of Deeds. 839 (93) Occupiable floor area. 840 (a) When used as a basis of measurement for off-street parking spaces, the sum of the 841 areas of the several floors of the buildings designed or intended to be used for

842 843 844 845 846 847 848	 service to the public as customers, patrons, clients, patients or members. (b) Occupiable floor area includes areas occupied by fixtures and equipment used for the sale of merchandise, or in the case of office uses those areas occupied or used by employees. (c) Occupiable floor area does not include areas used principally for non-public purposes such as restrooms, locker rooms, storage, utilities and areas behind counters.
849	(94) Office.
850	An exclusive indoor land use whose primary function is the handling of information or
851	administrative services. Such uses do not typically provide services directly to customers
852	on a walk-in or on-appointment basis.
052	on a wark-in or on-appointment basis.
853	(95) Outdoor active recreation.
854	(a) Non-motorized leisure and athletic activities, usually performed with others, often
855	requiring equipment and taking place at prescribed, developed sites, fields, courts,
856	courses or facilities. Active recreational uses may involve relatively large numbers
857	of participants or spectators.
858	(b) Examples of such land uses include, but are not limited to: baseball or softball
859	diamonds, field sports, tennis courts, golf courses, swimming pools, velodromes
860	and similar land uses.
861	(96) Outdoor assembly event.
862	(a) Any organized activity, not including agricultural entertainment events, of more
863	than one hundred (100) persons, occurring 10 or more days per calendar year, that
864 865	occurs entirely or partially outdoors.
865 866	(b) Examples of such land uses include, but are not limited to: outdoor concerts or
867	performances, fairs, festivals, weddings, parties, banquets, circuses, sporting events, races and amusement parks.
807	events, races and and senent parks.
868	(97) Outdoor entertainment.
869	(a) All land uses which provide, on a permanent or ongoing basis, entertainment
870	services partially or wholly outside of an enclosed building. Such activities often
871	have the potential to be associated with nuisances related to noise, lighting, dust,
872	trash and late operating hours.
873	(b) Examples of such land uses include, but are not limited to: outdoor swimming
874	pools, driving ranges, miniature golf facilities, volleyball courts, amusement parks,
875	drive-in theaters, go-cart tracks and racetracks.
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877	(98) Outdoor passive recreation.

- 878Outdoor activities that generally do not require a developed site, and have minimal879impact on natural resources and surrounding properties. Such land uses may include,880but are not limited to: arboretums, natural areas, wildlife areas, hiking trails, bike trails,881cross country ski trails, horse trails, open grassed areas not associated with any
- 882 particular active recreational land use, picnic areas, picnic shelters, gardens, fishing
- 883 areas, and similar land uses.

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- 884 **(99)** Outdoor sales, display, or repair.
 - (a) Includes uses that conduct or display merchandise outside of an enclosed building that is for sale or rent and land uses that conduct maintenance or repairs on merchandise or equipment outside of an enclosed building.
- 888 (b) Examples of such land uses include, but are not limited to, vehicle sales, vehicle
 889 rental, manufactured and manufactured home sales, monument sales, and lawn
 890 mower repair.
- (c) Such land uses do not include uses where the outdoor sales or display area is less 891 892 than 15 percent of the gross floor area of any principal building where sales are also conducted, which are instead classified in the "indoor sales" land use category; 893 894 motor vehicle repair or maintenance, which are instead classified in the "in-vehicle 895 sales and service" category; drive-in theaters, which are instead classified in the 896 "outdoor commercial entertainment" category; or the storage or display of 897 inoperative vehicles or materials typically associated with a junkyard or salvage 898 yard.
- 899 (100) Outdoor storage.
 - (a) Any activity located primarily outdoors involving the receiving, holding and shipping of materials for a single business.
- 902 (b) Outdoor storage does not include loading and parking areas, storage of materials
 903 typically associated with a salvage or junkyard, salvage recycling centers or solid
 904 waste recycling centers.
 - (c) Outdoor storage of materials is not permitted within any building setback area.
- 906 (101) Passenger transportation terminals.
- 907 **(102)** Person.
- 908 Except where otherwise indicated by the context, the word person shall include the 909 plural, or a company, firm, corporation or partnership.
- 910(103)Personal and professional services.911All exclusively indoor land uses whose primary function is the provision of services912directly to an individual on a walk-in or on-appointment basis. Examples of such land913uses include, but are not limited to: professional services, insurance services, realty

- 914 offices, financial services, medical offices and clinics, veterinary clinics, barbershops, 915 beauty shops, and related land uses.
- 916 (104) Personal storage facility.
- 917 A facility that provides indoor storage of personal items entirely within partitioned
 918 buildings having an individual access to each partitioned area. Also known as "mini 919 warehouses."
- 920 (105) Planned unit development.
- 921 (a) A form of land development, conceived and implemented as a cohesive, unified
 922 project and permitted only after following the procedures for creating a planned
 923 unit development district as provided in <u>s. 10.291</u> of this ordinance.
- 924 (b) Within a planned unit development, regulations on permitted or conditional land
 925 uses, setbacks, lot or zoning parcel sizes or other development standards may vary
 926 to suit the proposed use and the site, as determined in the General Development
 927 Plan and Specific Improvement Plan approved by the County Board specifically for
 928 that project.
- 929 (106) Racetrack.930 Any location hosting a ga
- Any location hosting a gathering of more than three people for the purpose of repetitive
 vehicular activity over a fixed course or area, which persists for periods in excess of 30
 minutes in any one 24 hour period.
- 933 (107) Recorded.
- 934 Recorded with the Dane County Register of Deeds.
- 935 (108) Rooming house.
 936 A building or premises, with a common, shared kitchen area, that rents three or more
 937 rooms:
 938 (a) For definite, extended periods of time, typically 180 days or more
 939 (b) To no more than twenty unrelated individuals, and
- 940 (c) Is not open to transients, tourists or to the general public.
- 941 (109) Salvage yard or junk yard.
- 942 An area where waste or scrap materials are bought, sold, exchanged, stored, recycled,943 baled, packed, disassembled or handled.
- 944(a) For the purposes of this definition, waste or scrap materials may include, but are945not limited to: garbage, waste, refuse, trash, any used motor vehicle upon which no946current license plate is displayed, any inoperable motor vehicle, any used tire or947used motor vehicle part, and any scrap material such as metal, paper, rags, cans or948bottles

Comprehensive Revision of Dane County Zoning Ordinance (Ch. 10, Dane County Code) ORDINANCE WORKING DRAFT. This is a preliminary document, not for adoption and subject to periodic updates. Last updated June 12, 2017 949 (b) A salvage or junk yard may include a motor vehicle wrecking or dismantling yard 950 (c) A salvage or junk yard does not include a solid waste recycling center, composting 951 or processing operations meeting the definition of an agriculture-related use. 952 (110) Sanitary fixture. 953 Any plumbing fixture that requires discharge to a private onsite wastewater treatment 954 system or public sanitary sewer system pursuant to state or county plumbing code. 955 (111) Setback. 956 The minimum horizontal distance from the front line or from the center of the highway, 957 measured parallel to the highway or front lot line, to the front of the building. 958 (112) Single family residential. Land use characterized by individual, standalone dwellings designed for and occupied 959 960 exclusively by one family. Small-scale farming. 961 (113) Any agricultural use operated for recreational, hobby or supplementary income 962 purposes on a site with a non-agricultural principal use. 963 964 (114) Solid waste. Garbage, refuse and all other discarded or salvageable solid materials, including solid 965 waste materials resulting from industrial, commercial, operations and other domestic 966 967 use and public service activities. Solid waste does not include solids or dissolved 968 material in waste water effluents or other common water pollutants. Solid waste disposal operation. 969 (115) A site or facility for the collection, storage, utilization, processing or final disposal of 970 971 solid waste. 972 (a) Solid waste disposal operations include, but are not limited to: sanitary landfills, 973 land disposal, incinerator, transfer, air curtain destruction, composting reduction, 974 shredding, compression, processing and salvage. 975 (b) Solid waste disposal operations do not include: agriculture-related uses or in-house 976 re-use of the imperfect finished products to make a merchantable finished product. 977 (116) Stormwater runoff. 978 Waters derived from rains falling, snowmelt or icemelt occurring within the drainage 979 area, flowing over the surface of the ground and collected in channels, watercourses or 980 conduits. 981 (117) Story.

- 982 The vertical distance of a building included between the surface of any floor, except the
 983 basement, and the floor next above it. For top stories, the story is the space between
 984 the floor and the ceiling.
- 985 **(118)** Story, half.
- 986 A story under a gable, hip or mansard roof, the wall plates of which on at least two (2) 987 sides are not more than two (2) feet above the floor of that story.
- 988 (119) Street.
 989 A public or private thoroughfare, not including driveways, which affords primary means
 990 of access to abutting property.
- 991 (120) Street line.

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The dividing line between the street and the lot.

(121) 993 Structure. 994 (a) Any human-made object with form, shape and utility, either permanently or 995 temporarily attached to, placed upon or set into the ground, stream bed or lake 996 bed. 997 (b) Structures include, but are not limited to, any building, dwelling, manufactured 998 building, manufactured home, mobile home, house trailer, recreational vehicle, 999 boathouse, boat shelter, advertising sign, deck, patios, driveways, fences, retaining 1000 walls, or other improvements or any part of such structure. 1001 (c) A structure includes any permanent or temporary attachments, including but not 1002 limited to awnings, extensions, porches or decks.. 1003 (122) Structural alteration. 1004 Any change in the dimensions of a structure or in the interior layout or floor plan of a 1005 structure. 1006 (123) Substantial farm income.

- A minimum of \$10,400 gross farm income/year for the past three (3) years currently
 derived from the farming operation on the farm where the residential use is proposed.
 Rental income may not be used to meet the income requirement.
- 1010 (124) Tax parcel.
 1011 A parcel of land identified by a Parcel Identification Number assigned by the Dane
 1012 County Property Listing Division for the purpose of assessing real property taxes. The
 1013 boundaries of a tax parcel may or may not coincide with a lot, lot of record or zoning
 1014 parcel.

1015	(125) TDR agricultural conservation easement.
1016	(a) A holder's non-possessory interest in real property imposing any limitation or
1017	affirmative obligation, the purpose of which may include any or all of the following:
1018	1. retaining or protecting natural, scenic or open space values of real property;
1019	2. assuring the availability of real property for agricultural, forest, recreational or
1020	open space use;
1021	protecting natural resources;
1022	 maintaining or enhancing air or water quality;
1023	 preserving a burial site, as defined in <u>s.157.70(1)(b)</u>, Wis. Stats.; or,
1024	6. preserving the historical, architectural, archaeological or cultural aspects of real
1025	property.
1026	(b) TDR agricultural conservation easements need not include any requirements for
1027	public access or restrictions on agricultural or forestry practices.
1028	(126) Temporary batch asphalt or concrete production.
1029	Production of asphalt or concrete, using portable equipment, for a period not to exceed
1030	six months per calendar year and associated with time-limited, specific projects
1031	identified by project number.
1031	identified by project humber.
1032	(127) Temporary outdoor display and sales.
1032	Outdoor sales events limited to two (2) events per year. For purposes of this paragraph,
1033	a single event is one which is held on consecutive days of not more than ten (10) days in
1035	duration.
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1036	(128) Topography.
1037	The configuration of the ground surface and relations among human-made and natural
1038	features that may determine ground slope and the direction of runoff flow.
1039	(129) Transfer of development rights (TDR).
1040	(a) The conveyance of development rights by TDR agricultural conservation easement
1041	from one parcel of land to another and the recording of that conveyance with the
1042	Dane County Register of Deeds and other land records of Dane County.
1043	(b) Any individual transfer of development rights transaction may, at the discretion of
1044	the parties involved, also include the conveyance of additional rights not
1045	enumerated in this ordinance.
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1046	(130) Transient or tourist.
1047	(a) A person who travels to a location away from his or her permanent or legal address
1048	for a short period of time, not to exceed thirty days, for vacation, pleasure,
1049	recreation, culture, business or employment.
1050	(b) For the purposes of this ordinance, transients or tourists do not include:

1. Nonpaying guests of the family occupying a dwelling unit; 1051 1052 2. Patients, clients or residents of permitted indoor institutional, institutional 1053 residential, or community living arrangement land uses; 1054 3. Employees who receive room and/or board as part of their salary or compensation. 1055 1056 (131) Transient or tourist lodging. (a) A residence or accessory dwelling unit that rents more than two, but not more than 1057 eight, rooms to transient guests or tourists, where all of the following apply: 1058 1059 1. Buildings housing rental rooms are either within, or on the same zoning parcel as, the landowner's principal residence. 1060 2. Rooms are rented to no more than a total of 20 individuals who are not members 1061 1062 of the landowner's family. 3. Length of stay does not exceed twenty-one (21) consecutive days for each 1063 1064 registered guest. 1065 4. Rooms do not include their own kitchen facilities. 1066 (b) Transient lodging houses may include, but are not limited to: bed and breakfasts, 1067 hostels and recreational cabins. (c) Transient lodging does not include: incidental room rental, campgrounds, duplexes, 1068 multifamily housing, institutional residential, indoor institutional, community living 1069 arrangements, rooming houses or indoor commercial lodging. 1070 Urban service area. 1071 (132) 1072 Areas identified and mapped by the Capitol Area Regional Planning Commission, or 1073 successor agency, designated by the State of Wisconsin in accordance with the federal 1074 Clean Water Act, that are planned for urban development and capable of being 1075 provided with a full range of services. 1076 (133) Use, conditional. 1077 A land use, which because of the potential for unusual or site-specific impacts, may be 1078 lawfully established only with an approved conditional use permit and subject to specific limitations or conditions. 1079 1080 Use, permitted. (134) 1081 A land use which may be lawfully established and that conforms with all requirements and standards of this ordinance and the zoning district in which the use is located. 1082 1083 (135) Use, principal. 1084 The main or primary use of land or buildings, as distinguished from a subordinate or 1085 accessory use.

1086 (136) Utility services. 1087 Transmission, distribution and small-scale renewable generation facilities both above 1088 and below ground which carry electricity, liquid or gaseous fuel, steam, water, data, 1089 heat, sewage, telephone messages, television or radio signals, or other similar services. 1090 (a) Utility services Include, but are not limited to: 1091 1. Buildings and structures necessary to operate transmission and distribution lines 1092 such as substations, transformer installations, repeater stations, pumping stations 1093 and water towers. 1094 2. Renewable energy systems, such as solar, wind, geothermal or other systems intended primarily for generation of energy, fuel or heat consumed on the 1095 1096 premises. Incidental or occasional provision of energy to a utility company or 1097 electric grid is included within this definition. 1098 **3.** Public sewer systems. 1099 4. Collocation of an antenna array on an existing communication tower, provided there is no substantial modification of the tower. 1100 (b) Utility services do not include offices, garages, manually operated exchanges, 1101 1102 terminal distribution facilities, new or substantially modified communication 1103 towers, merchant electric or heat generating plants or sewage disposal plants. (137) Variance. 1104 1105 (138) Vehicle, farm or off-road. An operational motor vehicle that is used only on private property and is not licensed 1106 1107 for use on a public right-of-way. 1108 (139) Vehicle repair or maintenance service. Includes all principal land uses that perform repair, maintenance, or painting services to 1109 1110 motorized vehicles. (140) 1111 Veterinary clinic. An establishment for the medical or surgical treatment of animals. Boarding and care is 1112 limited only to animals undergoing active treatment or observation. 1113 1114 (a) Veterinary clinics include, but are not limited to: animal hospitals and clinics for the 1115 treatment of domestic pets or livestock and wildlife rehabilitation centers. 1116 (b) Veterinary clinics do not include: animal boarding facilities, breeding operations, colony houses, domestic fowl or beekeeping, small-scale farming or agricultural 1117 livestock operations. 1118 1119 (141) Warehousing and distribution facilities 1120 (142) Vision clearance triangle.

- 1121 The area in each quadrant of an intersection which is bounded by the right-of-way lines 1122 of the highways or streets and a vision clearance setback line connecting points on each 1123 right-of-way line which are located a distance back from the intersection equal to the 1124 setback required on the road or highway.
- (143) Yard.
 An open space on a zoning parcel which is unoccupied or unobstructed from its lowest
 level to the sky, except as otherwise provided herein. For the purpose of this ordinance,
 a yard extends along a zoning parcel line to a depth or width specified in the yard
 regulations.
- 1130 **(144)** Yard, front.
- 1131 A yard paralleling the full length of the front zoning parcel line between the side lot 1132 lines.
- 1133 (145) Yard, rear.
 1134 A rear yard is a yard paralleling the full length of the rear zoning parcel line between the
 1135 side lot lines.

1136 (146) Yard, side.

- 1137 A yard paralleling along a side zoning parcel line from the front yard to the rear yard.
- 1138 **(147)** Zoning lot.
 - (a) A parcel of land under single ownership and in a single zoning district, occupied or intended to be occupied by:
 - 1. One principal building or principal use;
 - 2. Buildings and uses customarily accessory or incidental to the principal use; and
- 11433. Open spaces, yards or setback areas normally associated with the principal use or1144as required by this ordinance.
- 1145(b) The boundaries of a zoning parcel may or may not coincide with a lot of record or1146tax parcel.

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1148 10.100. Standards and Requirements for All Land Uses

1149 **10.101**. Administration, Enforcement and Penalties

1150 (1) Zoning Permits

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- (a) Zoning permits required. Unless specifically exempted below, the following
 activities may not occur until the zoning administrator, or his or her designee,
 issues a zoning permit specific to the use and premises:
 - **1.** Erection or construction of any new building
 - **2.** Structural alteration, relocation or reconstruction of any existing building
 - **3.** Change of land use for any building, structure or premises
- 1157 (b) Exceptions. Zoning Permits are not required for accessory buildings equal to or less
 1158 than 120 square feet on non-permanent foundations, provided they meet all
 1159 setback, height, and lot coverage requirements.
 - (c) Outstanding violations or arrears. The Zoning Administrator may not issue a zoning permit for any property upon which there are:
 - Outstanding violations of this ordinance, or Chapters 11, 17, 14, 74, 75 or 46, Dane County Code, or
 - Delinquent real estate taxes.
 - (d) Application materials. An application for a zoning permit shall be filed with the zoning administrator on a form prescribed by the zoning administrator. Only complete applications will be accepted. At a minimum, applications for a zoning permit must include the following:
 - 1. Name and address of the owner of the property;
 - Legal description of the property;
- **3.** Site plans
 - 4. Size and location of the building to be erected or moved on or onto the property;
 - 5. Proposed use of the building or premises;
 - 6. Type of construction;
 - 7. Estimated cost of construction;
- 11768. Evidence of compliance with other applicable permitting regulations, including,1177but not limited to, the Dane County Shoreland and Wetland Zoning Ordinance,1178Dane County Floodplain Zoning Ordinance, Dane County Sanitary Code, Dane1179County Land Division Ordinance, Dane County Stormwater and Erosion Control1180Ordinance, Dane County Trunk Highway Access Control Regulations or any other1181state or town access or culvert regulations.
- 11829. A development plan as defined in s. 10.003(38). If from the development plan1183submitted by the applicant or based upon information gathered by a zoning1184inspector, the zoning administrator cannot determine compliance with the1185provisions of county ordinances, the zoning administrator may require the filing

1186	of a development plan prepared by a licensed surveyor. The zoning administrator
1187	shall not be responsible for determining the location of lot lines.
1188	10. Any other information, as determined by the zoning administrator or designee,
1189	necessary to determine compliance of the proposed use with the standards or
1190	purposes of this ordinance.
1191	(e) Review of applications.
1192	1. The zoning administrator, or his or her designee, will review the application for a
1193	<mark>zoning permit, and will grant or deny the permit based within a reasonable time</mark>
1194	of receiving a complete application.
1195	No zoning permit shall be granted unless the development complies with all
1196	applicable standards of this chapter.
1197	(f) Permit posting.
1198	1. Once a zoning permit is issued, the zoning administrator or designee shall prepare
1199	a card that identifies the permit number and construction and premises covered
1200	by the permit.
1201	2. The applicant shall post the permit card in a conspicuous place on the premises
1202	prior to the start of, and for the entire duration of, any construction associated
1203	with the project. No construction shall be begin until the permit card is posted.
1204	3. For purposes of this section, start of construction shall be when any earth
1205	disturbing activity takes place that will lead to the installation of footings, piers,
1206	posts, pilings or foundations. Earth disturbing activity for the purpose of soil
1207	evaluation or testing shall not be considered the start of construction.
1208	(g) Expiration and Voiding of Permits
1209	1. Any permit obtained through material misrepresentation shall be null and void.
1210	2. Zoning permits shall expire:
1211	a. Upon the issuance of a Certificate of Compliance for the project;
1212	b. One year from the date of issuance if construction has not started, or;
1213	c. Two years from the date construction starts, if the zoning administrator
1214	determines the applicant is not diligently attempting to complete the
1215	project.
1216	3. Re-application for expired or voided permits shall follow the same standards for
1217	application, review and approval as a new application.
1218	(2) Location Surveys
1219	(a) Location survey required. Unless waived by the zoning administrator under (c)
1220	below, applicants must submit a location survey for any development located
1221	within ten feet of any of the following:
1222	1. Road setback lines under <u>s. 10.101(8)</u> .
1223	1. Side and rear yard setback lines required in the applicable zoning district
1224	2. Navigable water setback, wetland setback or vegetative buffer lines required
1225	under <u>Chapter 11, Dane County Code</u> .
1226	(b) <i>Timing of survey</i> . The survey shall be done at the time when foundations or

1227 basement walls are completed. Such survey shall be submitted to the zoning office 1228 prior to the continuation of work on the project. 1229 (c) Waivers from location survey requirements. At his or her discretion, the zoning 1230 administrator may waive the requirement for a location survey for temporary accessory buildings under 120 square feet in gross floor area not located on a 1231 foundation, concrete slab, pilings, or footings. If a location survey is waived, the 1232 1233 owner shall demonstrate, at the zoning administrator's request, compliance with all 1234 setback requirements. 1235 (3) Site Plans (a) Site plans required. Applicants must submit site plans with any of the following 1236 1237 applications: 1. Any Zoning Permit application within the CO-1, NR-I or UTR zoning districts 1238 1239 2. Any Conditional Use Permit application. 1240 3. Any rezone petition to the HAM-R, HAM-M, LC, GC, HC, RI or MI zoning districts. 1241 4. Any rezone petition within the NR-I overlay zoning district, except for petitions to 1242 rezone to the FP-35, FP-1 or NR-C districts. 1243 (b) Information included. Site plans must be drawn to a scale large enough to show 1244 sufficient detail on 11" by 17" paper, that includes, at a minimum the following 1245 information, as applicable: 1. A small vicinity map that clearly identifies the site's location within Dane County 1246 2. Location of subject property, tax parcel number(s), and any relevant certified 1247 1248 survey (CSM) or plat information related to the identification of the property. 1249 **3.** Scale and north arrow; 1250 4. Date the site plan was created and/or last revised; 5. Existing subject property lot lines and dimensions;. 1251 1252 6. Existing and proposed wastewater treatment systems and wells; 1253 7. All buildings and all outdoor use and/or storage areas, existing and proposed, 1254 including provisions for water and sewer. Existing and proposed uses must be 1255 clearly labeled. 1256 8. All dimensions and required setbacks, side yards and rear yards. 1257 9. Location and width of all existing and proposed driveway entrances onto public and private roadways, and of all interior roads or driveways. Traffic flow patterns 1258 1259 must be indicated. **10.** Location and dimensions of any existing utilities, easements or rights-of-way. 1260 **11.** Parking lot layout in compliance with <u>s. 10.101(7)</u>. 1261 1262 12. Proposed loading/unloading areas. **13.** Zoning district boundaries in the immediate area. All districts on the property and 1263 1264 on all neighboring properties must be clearly labeled. 14. All relevant natural features, including but not limited to: 1265 1266 a. Navigable waters, including ordinary highwater marks and shoreland 1267 setbacks required under Chapter 11, Dane County Code, for all lakes, ponds,

1268	rivers, streams (including intermittent streams) within 300 feet of the		
1269	property.		
1270	b. Non-navigable water features, including drainage ditches, culverts and		
1271	stormwater conveyances		
1272	c. Floodplain boundaries and field-verified elevations, including floodfringe,		
1273	floodway, flood storage and general floodplain districts as described in		
1274	Chapter 17, Dane County Code		
1275	d. Delineated wetland areas , including wetland setbacks required under		
1276	Chapter 11, Dane County Code		
1277	e. Natural drainage patterns		
1278	 Archaeological features and 		
1279	g. Slopes over 12% grade.		
1280	15. If required by <u>s. 10.101(10)</u> , location and type of proposed screening, landscaping,		
1281	berms or buffer areas.		
1282	16. The Zoning Administrator may require, at his or her discretion, site plans to show		
1283	additional detail, including, but not limited to contours, drainage, screening,		
1284	fences, landscaping, lighting, signs, refuse dumpsters, and possible future		
1285	expansion areas.		
1286	(4) Inspection		
1287	(a) The Zoning Administrator or his or her designee may inspect premises of existing or		
1288	proposed land uses regulated under this chapter to ascertain compliance with this		
1289	ordinance or to investigate an alleged violation.		
1290	(b) Application for any approvals from the Zoning Division constitutes the landowner's		
1291	approval to allow zoning staff on site for the purposes of conducting inspections		
1292	under this ordinance.		
1293	(c) Zoning staff will abide by any applicable workplace safety rules or standards for the		
1294	site.		
1295	(d) Upon completion of a permitted project, the owner or their agent must notify the		
1296	zoning division and request an inspection. The owner or his or her agent shall have		
1297	all lot corners visibly staked prior to requesting an inspection. If the zoning		
1298	administrator is unable to accurately verify the location of a building on its lot, he		
1299	or she may post a stop work order where appropriate and require that a survey		
1300	map be prepared by a registered land surveyor that will show the location of the		
1301	building on its lot before allowing construction to continue.		
1302	(5) Certificates of Compliance		
1303	(a) No building or addition thereto, constructed after the effective date of this		
1304	ordinance and no addition to a previously existing building shall be occupied,		
1305	except accessory buildings used exclusively for farming or agricultural purposes and		
1306	no land vacant, except that used exclusively for farming or agricultural purposes on		
1307	the effective day of this ordinance, shall be used for any purposes until a certificate		

1308 of compliance has been issued by the county zoning administrator. Every certificate 1309 of compliance shall state the use and occupancy and the location of the building or 1310 buildings and indicate that the use of land complies with all of the provisions of this 1311 ordinance. 1312 (b) Every application for a zoning permit shall be an application for a certificate of 1313 compliance. 1314 (c) An application for a certificate of compliance for a new use or a change in use of 1315 land or a building shall be made directly to the zoning administrator. (d) No certificate of compliance for a building or addition thereto, constructed after 1316 1317 the effective date of this ordinance shall be issued until construction has been substantially completed and the premises inspected and certified by the zoning 1318 1319 administrator to be in conformity with the specifications on which the permit was 1320 issued. 1321 (e) The zoning administrator may establish rules by which a temporary certificate of 1322 compliance may be issued for a part of a building. 1323 (6) Conditional Use Permits 1324 (a) Purpose. The development and execution of this ordinance is based upon the 1325 division of the county into districts, within which districts the use of land and 1326 buildings, and bulk and location of buildings and structures in relation to the land are mutually compatible and substantially uniform. Certain uses, because of their 1327 1328 unusual nature and potential for impacts on neighboring lands, public facilities, the 1329 environment or general welfare, warrant special consideration and review. With 1330 appropriate limitations on siting, development and operation, such uses may be 1331 compatible with other uses in a particular zoning district. Such uses are classified as conditional uses and are subject to the following provisions. 1332 1333 (b) Application Requirements. An application for a conditional use shall be filed with 1334 the zoning administrator on a form prescribed by the zoning administrator. Only 1335 complete applications will be accepted. The application shall be accompanied by 1336 such plans and other information as required by this section, by requirements for 1337 particular uses or as prescribed by the zoning administrator, and shall include, at a minimum, the following: 1338 1339 1. Statement. The applicant shall provide a written statement and adequate 1340 evidence demonstrating that the proposed conditional use conforms to the standards for approval described in s. 10.100(7)(d), and to any additional 1341 1342 standards required in the applicable zoning district. 1343 2. Site plan. All applications for a conditional use permit must be accompanied by a site plan, meeting all the standards described in s. 10.100(4). 1344 1345 3. Operational plan. All applications for a conditional use permit must be accompanied by an operational plan that describes, at a detail acceptable to the 1346 Zoning Administrator, the following characteristics of the operation, as applicable: 1347 1348 a. Hours of operation.

1349	b. Number of employees, including both full-time equivalents and maximum
1350	number of personnel to be on the premises at any time.
1351	c. Anticipated noise, odors, dust, soot, runoff or pollution and measures
1352	taken to mitigate impacts to neighboring properties.
1353	d. Descriptions of any materials stored outside and any activities, processing
1354	or other operations taking place outside an enclosed building.
1355	e. Compliance with county stormwater and erosion control standards under
1356	Chapter 11 or Chapter 14, Dane County Code.
1357	f. Sanitary facilities, including adequate private onsite wastewater treatment
1358	systems and any manure storage or management plans approved by the
1359	Madison & Dane County Public Health Agency and/or the Dane County
1360	Land and Water Resources Department.
1361	g. Facilities for managing and removal of trash, solid waste and recyclable
1362	materials.
1363	h. Anticipated daily traffic, types and weights of vehicles, and any provisions,
1364	intersection or road improvements or other measures proposed to
1365	accommodate increased traffic.
1366	i. A listing of hazardous, toxic or explosive materials stored on site, and any
1367	spill containment, safety or pollution prevention measures taken.
1368	j. Outdoor lighting and measures taken to mitigate light-pollution impacts to
1369	neighboring properties.
1370	k. Signage.
1371	4. Third Party Consultation. If necessary expertise is not available from county staff,
1372	public academic institutions or from appropriate regional, state or federal
1373	agencies, the committee may consult with a third party to effectively evaluate a
1374	conditional use permit application. The zoning administrator, or his or her
1375	designee, will select the consultant. The applicant for the conditional use permit
1376	shall bear all reasonable costs and expenses associated with such consultation.
1377	Applicants retain the right to withdraw a pending conditional use permit
1378	application if they choose not to pay consultant fees.
1379	5. Property Owner Consent. If the applicant for any conditional use permit is not the
1380	owner of the property, the applicant must provide a signature(s) of the property
1381	owner(s) on the application form or a written statement from the property
1382	owner(s) granting authorization to proceed with the conditional use permit
1383	application.
1384	(c) Approval process.
1385	1. Hearing on application.
1386	a. Upon receipt of a complete and acceptable application, statement, site
1387	plan and operational plan , the zoning committee shall hold a public
1388	hearing on each application for conditional use. The zoning committee shall
1389	establish, by rule, a regular schedule and location for public hearings. The

1390	zoning committee may prescribe or amend rules for the conduct of the
1391	hearing and preserving a publicly-accessible recording of the proceedings.
1392	b. The Department of Planning Development will publish a Class 2 notice of
1393	each public hearing , as provided in <u>chapter 985</u> of the Wisconsin Statutes.
1394	The Department will also provide direct notice to the Town Clerk of any
1395	towns affected by the proposed conditional use. The zoning committee
1396	shall establish policies governing notice to other parties of interest.
1397	2. Zoning Committee Action.
1398	a. The zoning committee is authorized by s. <u>59.69(2)(bm)</u> , Wis. Stats. to grant
1399	conditional use permits.
1400	b. The zoning committee, after a public hearing, shall, within a reasonable
1401	time, grant, grant with conditions or deny any application for conditional
1402	use.
1403	c. The zoning committee shall not take action on the application for
1404	conditional use until it receives action from the town board or the time
1405	period for action by the town board described in s.10.100(7)3. has expired.
1406	i. If the town board denies the conditional use permit within the
1407	timeframes described in s.10.100(7)3. below, the zoning committee
1408	need take no further action.
1409	ii. The zoning committee may approve or deny a conditional use permit
1410	without town action if the town board fails to act within the time
1411	period set forth in s.10.100(7)3. below.
1412	d. Prior to granting or denying a conditional use, the zoning committee shall
1413	make written findings of fact based on evidence presented and issue a
1414	determination whether the proposed conditional use, with any
1415	recommended conditions, meets all of the following standards:
1416	i. General standards for approval of a conditional use under s.
1417	10.100(7)(d);
1418	ii. Any prescribed standards specific to the applicable zoning district.
1419	iii. Any prescribed standards specific to the particular use under s.
1420	10.102.
1421	e. The zoning committee must deny a conditional use permit if it finds that
1422	the standards for approval are not met.
1423	f. The zoning committee must approve a conditional use permit if it finds that
1424	the standards for approval are met.
1425	3. Town Board Action.
1426	a. The Department of Planning and Development shall provide direct notice
1427	to the town clerk of the town where a conditional use is proposed.
1428	b. The town board may, at a properly noticed public meeting, grant, grant
1429	with conditions or deny any application for conditional use.
1430	i. The town board shall communicate its position in writing on the
1431	conditional use application within sixty (60) days of the date of the
	40

1432	county zoning committee public hearing.
1433	ii. The town board may request an extension of the review period of up
1434	to forty (40) days by submitting a written request to the zoning
1435	committee.
1436	c. Prior to granting or denying a conditional use, the town board shall make
1437	written findings of fact based on evidence presented and issue a
1438	determination whether the proposed conditional use, with any
1439	recommended conditions, meets all of the following standards:
1440	i. General standards for approval of a conditional use under s.
1441	10.100(7)(d);
1442	ii. Any prescribed standards specific to the applicable zoning district.
1443	iii. Any prescribed standards specific to the particular use under s.
1444	10.102.
1445	d. The town board must deny a conditional use permit if it finds that the
1446	standards for approval are not met.
1447	e. The town board must approve a conditional use permit if it finds that the
1448	standards for approval are met.
1449	4. Appeals to Board of Adjustment.
1450	a. Any person aggrieved by the grant or denial of a conditional use permit
1451	may appeal the decision of the town board or zoning committee to the
1452	Dane County Board of Adjustment.
1453	b. Aggrieved parties must file their appeal with the zoning administrator
1454	within 30 days of the final action.
1455	(d) Requirements and standards for conditional use permits
1456	1. Standards for approval. Before approving any conditional use permit, the town
1457	board and zoning committee must find that all of the following conditions are
1458	met:
1459	a. That the establishment, maintenance or operation of the conditional use will
1460	not be detrimental to or endanger the public health, safety, comfort or
1461	general welfare;
1462	b. That the uses, values and enjoyment of other property in the neighborhood
1463	for purposes already permitted shall be in no foreseeable manner
1464	substantially impaired or diminished by establishment, maintenance or
1465	operation of the conditional use;
1466	c. That the establishment of the conditional use will not impede the normal
1467	and orderly development and improvement of the surrounding property
1468	for uses permitted in the district;
1469	d. That adequate utilities, access roads, drainage and other necessary site
1470	improvements have been or are being made;
1471	e. That adequate measures have been or will be taken to provide ingress and
1472	egress so designed as to minimize traffic congestion in the public streets;
1473	and

1474	f. That the conditional use shall conform to all applicable regulations of the
1475	district in which it is located.
1476	g. If the conditional use is located in a Farmland Preservation Zoning district,
1477	the town board and zoning committee must also make the findings
1478	described in <u>s. 10.220(1)</u> .
1479	2. Conditions
1480	a. Standard conditions. The town board and zoning committee shall impose, at
1481	a minimum, the following conditions on any approved conditional use
1482	<mark>permit:</mark>
1483	i. Any conditions required for specific uses listed under <u>s. 10.102</u> .
1484	ii. The physical development and operation of the conditional use must
1485	conform, in all respects, to the approved site plan, operational plan
1486	and phasing plan.
1487	iii. New and existing buildings housing a conditional use must be
1488	constructed and maintained to meet the current requirements of the
1489	applicable sections of the Wisconsin Commercial Building Code and
1490	any applicable local building or fire codes.
1491	iv. The applicant shall apply for, receive and maintain all other legally
1492	required and applicable local, county, state and federal permits.
1493	Copies of approved permits or other evidence of compliance will be
1494	provided to the zoning administrator upon request.
1495	v. Any ongoing business operation must obtain and continue to meet
1496	all legally required and applicable local, county, state and federal
1497	licensing requirements. Copies of approved licenses or other
1498	evidence of compliance will be provided to the zoning administrator
1499	upon request.
1500	vi. Existing onsite wastewater sewage disposal systems, if any, serving
1501	the conditional use must be inspected by a licensed plumber to
1502	determine its suitability for the proposed or expanded use. Deficient
1502	systems must be brought, at the owner's expense, into full
1505	compliance with the current requirements for new development of
1504 1505	the state plumbing code and Chapter 46, Dane County Code.
1505	vii. All vehicles and equipment must access the site only at approved
1500	locations identified in the site plan and operations plan.
1508	viii. Off-street parking must be provided, consistent with <u>s. 10.101(7)</u> .
1508	
1509 1510	ix. If the Dane County Highway, Transportation and Public Works Department or the town engineer determine that road intersection
1511	improvements are necessary to safely accommodate the conditional
1512	use, the cost of such improvements shall be born by the landowner.
1513	Costs born by the landowner shall be proportional to the
1514	incremental increase in traffic associated with the proposed
1515	conditional use.

1517operation in order to inspect those premises and to ascertain1518compliance with these conditions or to investigate an alleged1519violation. Zoning staff conducting inspections or investigations will1520comply with any applicable workplace safety rules or standards for1521the site.1522xi.The owner must post, in a prominent public place and in a form1523approved by the zoning administrator, a placard with the approved1524conditional Use Permit number, the nature of the operation, name1525and contact information for the operator, and contact information1526for the Dane County Zoning Division.1527xii.1528permit, including the list of all conditions, on the site, available for1530xiii.1531county costs of investigation or enforcement of sustained violations,1532may be grounds for revocation of the conditional use permit. The1533b.1534opportunity to correct any violations prior to revocation.1535b.1536totter conditional use permit shall be given a reasonable1537opportunity to correct any violations prior to revocation.1538is.1539i.1539b.1540other conditional use requires re-application and approval described1531ii.1532ii.1533b.1534opportunity to correct any violations prior to revocation.1535b.1541of an expired	1516	<mark>x.</mark>	The Zoning Administrator or designee may enter the premises of the
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1557 buildings or structures that may pose a hazard or nuisance after a	1556	<mark>x.</mark>	
	1557		buildings or structures that may pose a hazard or nuisance after a

1558	conditional use permit is abandoned or revoked. Unless otherwise		
1559	required under applicable state statute or administrative code:		
1560	 Any bond or other financial instrument shall expressly state that 		
1561	it will remain in full force and effect for a period of at least six		
1562	months after the surety provides Dane County written		
1563	notification of expiration or termination of the surety's obligation		
1564	<mark>under the bond.</mark>		
1565	 Applicant shall remove any equipment or structure placed or 		
1566	erected pursuant to the conditional use permit no less than 30		
1567	days prior to the termination or expiration of the guarantee.		
1568	 Bonds or other financial instruments shall not exceed \$20,000 		
1569	unless it is conclusively demonstrated that a higher amount is		
1570	necessary to protect the public health, safety and welfare.		
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1571	(7) Petitions to Rezone (Zoning Map Amendments)		
1572	(a) Who may petition to rezone. As described in <u>s. 59.69(5)(e), Wis. Stats.</u> , petitions to		
1573	amend the zoning map to change the zoning district of any new or existing parcels,		
1574	or to modify the boundaries of any zoning district may be submitted by any of the		
1575 1576	following: 1 A property owner in the area affected by the proposed amondment:		
1576	 A property owner in the area affected by the proposed amendment; The town board affected by the proposed amendment; 		
1578	 Any member of the zoning committee, or 		
1578	4. Any county board supervisor.		
1580	(b) Petition requirements.		
1581	1. <i>Town consultation</i> . Prior to submitting a rezone petition, applicants must consult		
1582	with the affected town clerk, town plan commission or town board, as		
1583	determined by the town.		
1584	2. Application form. Zoning petitions must be submitted in a form approved by the		
1585	zoning administrator, and must include, at a minimum, the following:		
1586	a. The name, address and other contact information for the owner(s) of all		
1587	properties affected by the rezone;		
1588	b. The name, address and other contact information for anyone acting as the		
1589	owner's agent on the application;		
1590	c. A written legal description accurately describing the area to be rezoned;		
1591	d. A scaled drawing of the proposed rezone area, including area in acres or		
1592	square feet;		
1593	e. The town(s) in which the proposed rezone is located;		
1594	f. Parcel ID numbers affected by the proposed rezone;		
1595	g. A written narrative describing the proposed use;		

1596	3. Site plan. For rezones to the HAM-R, HAM-M, LC, LC, HC, RI or MI zoning districts,
1597	the applicant must provide site plans as described in <u>s.10.05(4)</u> ;
1598	4. Land division application. If required under Chapter 75, Dane County Code, the
1599	applicant must provide draft certified survey maps, preliminary plats, land
1600	division applications and any associated fees;
1601	5. Fees. The applicant must provide payment of all applicable fees as described in
1602	Chapter 12, Dane County Code.
1603	6. Other information. Any other information the zoning administrator, or designee,
1604	determines necessary to evaluate the nature, location or intensity of the
1605	proposed use or consistency with the Dane County Comprehensive Plan or the
1606	Dane County Farmland Preservation Plan.
1607	Incomplete applications will not be accepted.
1608	(c) Approval process.
1609	1. Zoning committee, town board and county board action.
1610	(a) The zoning committee, town board and county board shall follow the process
1611	for public hearing, recommendations, amendment, approval, denial and re-
1612	referral of petitions to rezone as described in <u>s. 59.69(5)(e)</u> , Wis. Stats.
1613	(b) The zoning committee or county board may adopt additional rules and
1614	procedures for petitions to rezone under the authority of Chapter 7, Dane
1615	County Code.
1616	2. County executive action. The county executive shall, within a reasonable time of
1617	county board action, take action on the proposed rezone petition. The county
1618	executive may sign, refuse to sign or veto the rezone petition as described in s.
1619	<u>59.17(6), Wis. Stats</u> .
1620	(d) Conditions on rezone petitions.
1621	1. The zoning committee may recommend and the county board may adopt an
1622	ordinance effecting an amendment of the zoning district map containing the
1623	condition that the change in the map will take effect on such date occurring
1624	within a specified number of months of the date of county board approval of the
1625	amendment when the first on-site inspection for building location is made and
1626	approved for the project sought to be established, and in the event such
1627	approved inspection has not occurred by the end of the specified time period, the
1628	possibility of making effective the rezoning will then be terminated.
1629	2. The zoning committee may recommend and the county board may adopt an
1630	ordinance effecting an amendment of the zoning district map containing the
1631	condition that the change in the map will take effect on such date occurring
1632	within a specified number of months of the date of county board approval of the
1633	amendment when a restrictive covenant has been recorded binding the property
1634	to conditions specified in the amending ordinance, and in the event such
1635	covenant is not recorded by the end of the specified time period, the possibility of
1636	making effective the rezoning will then be terminated.

1637 3. Conditions specified to be in such required covenants shall be related to the 1638 purposes of the Dane County Code of Ordinances and consistency with adopted 1639 town and county comprehensive plans. They may include, as specific cases 1640 warrant, limits of permissible uses to less than the full range of uses otherwise 1641 allowable in the district into which the land is being placed. Enforcement rights 1642 over such covenant controls shall be afforded to the county, the town and owners 1643 of property within 300 feet of the site. The covenant controls shall be amendable 1644 or repealable upon petition of the owner of the lands subject to the controls and 1645 approval by the county board after a hearing similar to a rezoning hearing. A 1646 rezoning of the lands to a different zoning district shall also act to repeal the covenant controls. Except as provided above, the covenants shall run with the 1647 1648 land. 1649 4. Other similar controls appropriate to handling by covenant provisions may also be 1650 imposed. 1651 (8) Appeals of administrative decisions. 1652 (a) Who may appeal. Any person aggrieved or any officer, department, board or 1653 bureau of the municipality affected by any decision of the zoning administrator or other administrative officer, may appeal that decision to the board of adjustment. 1654 1655 (b) Application process. Such appeal shall be taken within a reasonable time, as provided by the rules of the board, by filing with the officer from whom the appeal 1656 1657 is taken and with the board of adjustment a notice of appeal specifying the grounds 1658 thereof. The officer from whom the appeal is taken shall transmit to the board all 1659 the papers constituting the record upon which the action appealed from was taken. (c) Stays. An appeal shall stay all proceedings in furtherance of the action appealed 1660 from, unless the officer from whom the appeal is taken shall certify to the board of 1661 1662 adjustment after the notice of appeal shall have been filed with him or her that by 1663 reason of facts stated in the certificate a stay would cause imminent peril to life or 1664 property. In such case, proceedings shall not be stayed otherwise than by a restraining order, which may be granted by the board of adjustment or by a court 1665 of record on application on notice to the officer from whom the appeal is taken and 1666 1667 on due cause shown. 1668 (d) Hearing appeals. The board of adjustment shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing of the appeal and publish a class 2 notice thereof under ch. 985, Wis. Stats., 1669 as well as give due notice to the parties in interest, and decide the same within a 1670 1671 reasonable time. Upon the hearing any party may appeal in person or by agent or 1672 attorney. (e) Board of Adjustment Action. The board of adjustment may, by majority vote, affirm, 1673 1674 reverse, reverse partly or modify the order, requirement, decision or determination that is the subject of the appeal. The board may make such order, requirement, 1675 decision or determination as ought to be made, and to that end shall have all the 1676 1677 powers of the officer from whom the appeal is taken.

- 1678 (f) Effect of denial. If the Board of Adjustment denies an appeal, the same, or
 1679 substantially similar appeal cannot be resubmitted for a period of one year from
 1680 the date of denial. The Board may waive this requirement if it finds there is valid
 1681 new evidence or proof of change of conditions.
- 1682 (9) Variances

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- (a) Hearing on application. Upon receipt of a complete and acceptable petition and accompanying materials, the board of adjustment shall hold a public hearing on each rezone petition. The board of adjustment shall establish, by rule, a regular schedule and location for public hearings. The board of adjustment may prescribe or amend rules for the conduct of the hearing and preserving a publicly-accessible recording of the proceedings.
- 1689 (b) Decision. The Board of Adjustment may approve, conditionally approve, or deny a
 1690 variance after a public hearing.
 - (c) *Majority vote.* The concurring vote of a majority of quorum of the Board of Adjustment is required to grant a variance.
 - (d) *Findings of fact.* The decision of the Board of Adjustment shall include findings of fact, related to conditions on the site, the standards for approval of a variance and any impacts on the purposes of this ordinance.
 - (e) Conditions on variances. The Board of Adjustment may impose conditions on the use, development or activities subject to the variance. The Board of Adjustment may require the conditions in order to comply with the standards in this section, to mitigate the effect of the variance on other property in the neighborhood, and to better carry out the general intent of this ordinance.
 - (f) Standards for approval of a variance. The Board of Adjustment shall not grant a variance unless it finds that all of the following standards are met
 - **1.** There are conditions unique to the property of the applicant that do not apply generally to other properties in the district.
 - **2.** The variance is not contrary to the spirit, purpose, and intent of the regulations in the zoning district and is not contrary to the public interest.
 - 3. For a variance from area, setback or dimensional standards in the ordinance, compliance with the strict letter of the ordinance would unreasonably prevent use of the property for a permitted purpose or would render compliance with the ordinance unnecessarily burdensome.
 - **4.** The alleged difficulty or hardship is created by the terms of the ordinance rather than by a person who has a present interest in the property.
 - The proposed variance shall not create substantial detriment to adjacent property.
 - **6.** The proposed variance shall be compatible with the character of the immediate neighborhood.
- 1717(g) Effect of denial. If the Board of Adjustment denies an variance, the same or1718substantially similar variance cannot be resubmitted for a period of one year from

1719	the date of denial. The Board may waive this requirement if it finds there is valid
1720	new evidence or proof of change of conditions.
1721	(h) Time limits on construction.
1722	1. The landowner must obtain zoning permits for any construction authorized by
1723	variance within one year from the date the Board of Adjustment approved the
1724	variance.
1725	2. Failure to obtain appropriate permits within one year shall render the variance
1726	null and void.
1727	3. The board of adjustment may, upon request, extend the timeframe for a specific
1728	period, without another public hearing.
1729	(10) Violations and Penalties
1730	(a) Continuing violations.
1731	1. Each day a non-permitted structure, building, addition, alteration or activity or
1732	any other violation of this ordinance exists shall constitute a separate offense.
1733	2. A non-permitted structure, building, addition, alteration or activity is one which
1734	requires the issuance of a permit under this ordinance but which permit has not
1735	been issued by the zoning administrator.
1736	(b) Stop work order.
1737	1. Whenever the zoning administrator, or designee, finds that any development
1738	activity does not comply with the provisions of this ordinance or Chapters 11, 17
1739	or 75, Dane County Code, the zoning administrator or designee shall post a stop
1740	work order in a conspicuous place on the premises. Once a stop work order is
1741	issued, all development activities on the premises must cease until all
1742	construction is in compliance.
1743	2. The stop work order card shall provide the following information: date of
1744	issuance, town and section number, reason for posting and the signature of the
1745	inspector posting the card.
1746	3. It shall be a violation of this ordinance for anyone to remove a stop work-order
1747	card from the premises without specific authorization from the zoning
1748	administrator or designee.
1749	(c) Citation authority.
1750	The zoning administrator and any of his or her designees may enforce violations of this
1751	chapter, Chapter 11, Chapter 17 or Chapter 75, Dane County Code by citation as
1752	described in Chapter 2, Dane County Code and s. 66.119, Wis. Stats.
1753	(d) Forfeitures.
1754	Any person or persons, firm, company or corporation, owner, occupant or other user of
1755	the premises who violates, disobeys, omits, neglects or refuses to comply with or
1756	resists the enforcement of any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be subject to a
1757	forfeiture as described in s. 2.06, Dane County Code.
1758	(e) Court injunction.

- 1759 Compliance with this ordinance may be enforced by injunctional order at suit of the 1760 county or occupant of real estate within the district affected by the regulations of this 1761 ordinance. It shall not be necessary to prosecute for forfeiture before resorting to 1762 injunctional proceedings.
- 1763 (f) Jail.
 - Any person who has the ability to pay any forfeiture entered against him or her under this ordinance but refuses to do so may be confined in the county jail until such forfeiture is paid, but in no event to exceed thirty (30) days.
 - 2. In determining whether an individual has the ability to pay a forfeiture, all items of income and all assets may be considered regardless of whether or not such income or assets are subject to garnishment, lien or attachment by creditors.
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1771 10.102. General Provisions Applicable to All Uses in All Zoning 1772 Districts

1773 1774 1775 1776 1777 1778 1779 1780 1781 1782 1783 1784 1785 1786 1786	 Accommodations for disabled persons. (a) Where strict interpretation of this chapter would effectively deny disabled persons equal housing opportunity, and where the property does not meet the criteria for a variance under <u>s. 10.100(10)</u>, the Zoning Administrator may grant a waiver to the dimensional standards of this chapter in order to provide reasonable accommodations as required by the Federal Americans with Disabilities Act, the Federal Housing Act and the Wisconsin Fair Housing Act. The permit shall be subject to the following conditions: Only the minimum relaxation of dimensional standards needed to provide reasonable accommodation shall be approved. No use, structure or other relaxation of standards shall be approved that would violate or undermine the stated purpose of this chapter. Where practicable, the improvement authorized by this provision shall be removed when the premises are no longer occupied or frequented by a disabled person.
1788	(b) If the zoning administrator denies a permit requesting an accommodation under
1789	this subsection, the denial may be appealed to the Board of Adjustment pursuant
1790	to <u>s. 10.100(9)</u> .
1791	(2) Buildings and structures
1792	(a) Accessory Buildings.
1793	1. A Zoning Permit is required for any accessory building larger than 120 square feet
1794	in size.
1795	2. Zoning Permits are not required for accessory buildings equal to or less than 120
1796	square feet on non-permanent foundations, provided they meet setback, height,
1797	and lot coverage requirements.
1798	3. Zoning Permit fees may be exempt for buildings for large farm operations on
1799	farms of 35 acres or larger.
1800	4. Except for agricultural accessory buildings, a principal building must exist or be
1801	under construction prior to the construction of an accessory building.
1802	5. Except for accessory dwelling units, accessory buildings may not be used for living
1803	spaces. No guesthouses or apartments are allowed.
1804	6. Except for accessory dwelling units or as specifically permitted by conditional use
1805	permit, plumbing fixtures are prohibited in accessory buildings.
1806	7. All accessory buildings must meet size, height and lot coverage restrictions of the
1807	applicable zoning district.
1808	8. Accessory buildings must meet required setbacks from roads, Shoreland District,
1809	Wetlands, and Floodplain.

1810 (b) Modifications to existing buildings. 1811 1. Nothing herein contained shall require any change in the plans, construction or 1812 intended use of a building or premises for which plans have been prepared 1813 heretofore, and the construction of which shall have been diligently pursued within three (3) months after the effective date of this ordinance. 1814 1815 (3) Compliance with other laws, regulations and codes. 1816 (4) Lighting. 1817 Any outdoor lighting associated with any permitted or conditional use shall be directed downward and away from adjacent properties and public rights-of-way, and shall be 1818 1819 designed to minimize ambient light spill. 1820 (5) Noise Reduction. (a) Town boards and the zoning committee may, as necessary, set decibel limits 1821 appropriate to the use and location as a condition on a Conditional Use Permit or 1822 1823 on a conditional rezone petition. (b) Town boards and the zoning committee may, as necessary, recommend decibel 1824 limits appropriate to the use and location as a condition on rezones to General 1825 1826 Commercial, Heavy Commercial, Limited Commercial or Hamlet Mixed-Use districts. 1827 (c) Noise abatement on blasting sites shall not conflict with or exceed the requirements of SPS 307, Wisconsin Administrative Code, as amended from time to 1828 1829 time, or its successor administrative code regulations. (d) Noise levels shall be set to the db(a) decibel scale and should be appropriate to the 1830 background noise level of the surrounding area, and to the nature, duration and 1831 1832 repetition of the proposed use. Table 1 describes common uses by typical decibel level, as a reference guide for town board and zoning committee action. 1833 1834 Table 1: Common Indoor and Outdoor Noise Levels

Noises	Sound
	Level dBA
Threshold of pain	140
Leaf blower/Car horn	110
Gas lawn mower at 3 feet	100
Diesel truck at 50 feet /Food blender at 3	90
feet	
MD 80 Passenger Plane at 1,500 feet	85
Diesel truck at 50 feet at 40 mph	84
Garbage disposal at 3 feet/Motorcycle at	80
25 feet	
Car at 25 feet at 65 mph	77
Vacuum cleaner at 10 feet	70
Heavy traffic at 300 feet/Air-conditioner	60

at 100 feet	
Dishwasher next room	50
Quiet residential area	40
Library	35
Threshold of hearing	0

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1836	(6) Nonconforming Uses and Structures
1837	(a) Certificate of Compliance for Nonconforming Uses and Structures
1838	1. Any person, firm or corporation having a legal or equitable interest in a property
1839	which is nonconforming as to use or building location may request a certificate of
1840	compliance.
1841	2. The applicant shall present documentary proof that said use was a permitted use
1842	at the time it originated or that the building has been erected prior to the
1843	adoption of this ordinance and was made nonconforming by the adoption of this
1844	ordinance or by a subsequent amendment.
1845	3. After certifying that the use of the building or land is in fact nonconforming the
1846	zoning administrator shall issue a certificate of compliance stating the use in
1847	question or the location of buildings and the zoning of the property.
1848	(b) Nonconforming Uses.
1849	 Continuation of a Legal, Nonconforming Use. The lawful principal use of a building or promises existing at the time of adaption
1850	The lawful principal use of a building or premises existing at the time of adoption
1851	of this ordinance may be continued as a nonconforming use.
1852	2. Notification of Nonconformity.
1853	Within 30 days of the effective date of this ordinance in any town, the zoning
1854	administrator will send a notice via certified mail, return receipt requested, to all
1855	legally established, nonconforming mineral extraction operations which existed
1856	prior to 1969, and were registered with and approved by the Dane County Zoning
1857	Administrator at the time. The notice shall inform the landowner that registered
1858	nonconforming mineral extraction sites are subject to the provisions of this
1859	section.
1860	3. Abandonment or Discontinuation of a Nonconforming Use.
1861	a. Any use that is discontinued or abandoned for a period of one (1) year shall
1862	be considered terminated and shall lose its nonconforming status. Any
1863	future use or reestablishment of a previously nonconforming use on the
1864	premises must conform to the provisions of this ordinance, except as
1865	specifically exempted below.
1866	a. The relocation or expansion of any nonconforming use beyond areas where
1867	such use was originally established shall conform to all standards and
1868	requirements of this ordinance, except as otherwise provided by law.

1869	4. Expansion of building or structure housing a nonconforming use.
1870	a. Except as specifically exempted below, no building or premises used as a
1871	nonconforming use shall be added to or structurally altered so as to
1872	increase the facilities for such nonconforming use.
1873	b. <i>Exceptions</i> . Alteration, restoration or repair of any legal structure occupied
1874	by a nonconforming use at the effective date of this ordinance is
1875	permitted; provided that the value of the structure is not increased by
1876	more than 50%, compared with the assessed value of the structure at the
1877	time it became nonconforming.
1878	(c) Nonconforming structures.
1879	 Continued use of nonconforming structures.
1880	a. Except as exempted below, any nonconforming structure may be
1881	continued in use.
1882	b. Exceptions. Nothing herein contained shall require any change in the plans,
1883	construction or intended use of a structure or premises for which plans
1884	have been prepared heretofore, and the construction of which shall have
1885	been diligently pursued within three (3) months after the effective date of
1886	this ordinance.
1887	2. Demolition or destruction of a nonconforming structures.
1888	a. Except as exempted in d. below, a structure is considered to be demolished
1889	and nonexistent if more than 50% of the pre-existing structure is removed
1890	or must be replaced to maintain structural integrity.
1891	b. A structure subject to sub. a shall comply with the provisions of this
1892	ordinance.
1893	c. Any variance that may have been issued for said building or structure shall
1894	be null and void and any zoning permits shall be rescinded pending
1895	verification of compliance.
1896	d. Exceptions. Nothing contained in this section shall prevent the restoration
1897	of a nonconforming structure damaged or destroyed by wind, vandalism,
1898	fire, flood, ice, snow, mold, or infestation, if the structure is restored to the
1899	size, location, and use that it had immediately before the damage or
1900	destruction occurred. Such restoration shall occur within 2 years of the
1901	damage or destruction.
1902	i. A structure to which sub. d. applies may be larger than the size it was
1903	immediately before the damage or destruction if necessary to
1904	comply with applicable state or federal requirements, but no larger
1905	than necessary to comply with said requirements.
1906	3. Repair, maintenance and renovation of nonconforming structures.
1907	a. A nonconforming principal structure may be maintained and repaired
1908	within its existing building envelope.
1909	b. Maintenance and repair also includes such activities as interior remodeling,
1910	exterior remodeling, and the replacement or enhancement of plumbing or
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1911	electrical systems, insulation, windows, doors, siding, or roof within the
1912	existing building envelope.
1913	4. Additions or alterations to nonconforming structures. Any future additions to, or
1914	any other alterations that expand the building envelope of, a nonconforming
1915	structure shall conform to the provisions of this ordinance.
1916	(7) Parking and loading areas.
1910	(a) Purpose.
1918	The purpose of this section is to provide off-street vehicle parking, loading and
1919	circulation standards sufficient to prevent congestion of public rights-of-way and
1920	provide safe and efficient public access to properties, while minimizing the impact of
1921	off-street parking areas on nearby properties and the natural environment.
1922	(b) Applicability.
1923	In all districts, in connection with all uses, at the time any new structure is erected, any
1924	use of a structure or land is enlarged or increased in intensity, or any other use or
1925	change of use is established, off-street parking, loading and circulation areas shall be
1926	provided and located in accordance with the requirements of this section. Off-street
1927	parking areas in existence as of the effective date of this ordinance shall not hereafter
1928	be reduced below or further below the requirements for a similar new building or use.
1929	(c) General provisions.
1930	1. A scaled and dimensioned parking, loading and circulation plan shall be included
1931	within a development plan submitted to and approved by the zoning
1932	administrator prior to issuance of a zoning permit for construction or expansion
1933	of any use. When a use requires a conditional use permit, such plan shall be
1934	submitted with the application for the conditional use.
1935	2. No areas designated for parking, loading or circulation may be used for any other
1936	purposes. Required parking spaces shall be used solely for the parking of licensed
1937	automobiles of occupants, patrons and employees and licensed service vehicles.
1938	3. All parking spaces required to serve buildings erected or uses established shall be
1939	located on the same zoning lot as the building or use served, except that parking
1940	may be located off-site on another zoning lot provided all of the following criteria
1941	are satisfied:
1942	4. Off-site parking shall be located only in the LC, HC, MI and PUD districts.
1943	a. The zoning lots including the principal use and off-site parking shall be
1944	located no farther than 500 feet from one another;
1945	b. Adequate pedestrian connection and directional signage between the sites
1946	exists or shall be provided;
1947	c. The continued availability of such off-site parking areas, necessary to meet
1948	the requirements of this section, shall be ensured by an agreement among
1949	all involved property owners describing the rights and limitations of all

1950 property owners and businesses. Such agreement shall bind all heirs, 1951 successors and assigns of each owner and shall be approved by the zoning 1952 administrator before being recorded with the register of deeds. 1953 d. Off-site parking areas shall be subject to the same design standards as on-1954 site parking areas. 1955 5. The parking or storage of motor vehicles provided for in s. 10.18(8) shall not 1956 occur within parking spaces otherwise required by this section. 1957 (d) Design standards. 1958 1. Access. Adequate ingress and egress to parking and loading areas by means of 1959 clearly limited and defined drives shall be provided. Access drives shall be perpendicular to the public right-of-way wherever possible. Access drives shall be 1960 1961 spaced a safe distance from street intersections and each other, shall not be 1962 located within vision corners, and may be limited in number and location 1963 according to applicable local, county, state and federal standards. 1964 2. Surfacing. Within urban service areas, except for single family residences, 1965 duplexes and manufactured homes: all parking areas, loading areas, driveways 1966 and circulation areas shall be paved with a hard, all-weather surface such as 1967 asphalt, concrete, Portland cement or brick. Outside of urban service areas and 1968 for single family residences, duplexes and manufactured homes: gravel surfacing 1969 is also permitted unless otherwise restricted by town ordinance, and grass 1970 surfacing may be permitted for seasonal parking only. Seasonal means limited to 1971 a period no longer than six months in a twelve month period, or related to a 1972 unique or annually occurring event or condition of limited duration. All parking 1973 areas shall be maintained in a smooth and dust free condition. 1974 **3.** Dimensions of parking spaces. Perpendicular (90-degree) parking is encouraged. 1975 Each required off-street parking space shall have a stall width of at least 8 feet for 90-degree and parallel parking and 9 feet for angle parking, and a stall length of at 1976 1977 least 17 feet for 90-degree and angle parking and 23 feet for parallel parking. 1978 Parking for people with disabilities shall be provided at a size, number, location 1979 and with signage as specified by state and federal regulations, in addition to those spaces required in s. 10.18(5). All spaces on hard-surfaced lots shall be striped. 1980 1981 4. Circulation. Minimum width of internal aisles providing two-way traffic access to 1982 parking spaces shall be 24 feet. Minimum width of internal aisles providing one-1983 way traffic access to spaces shall be as follows: 10 feet for parallel (0-degree) to 1984 45-degree parking, 16 feet for 46 degree to 60 degree parking, and 20 feet for 61 1985 to 90 degree parking. Two-way traffic aisles shall not be permitted to serve angle 1986 parking. Directional marking or signage, or both, shall be provided where required 1987 to facilitate safe, efficient circulation. Uses with drive-through facilities shall 1988 provide sufficient space on-site for all vehicles queuing to be served by or otherwise waiting to do business at the facility. Such queuing space shall not 1989 1990 interfere with the use or operation of parking spaces, circulation aisles, access 1991 drives, entrances or public roads.

1992	5. Loading areas. Uses which involve deliveries or removal of goods, materials,
1993	supplies or waste by truck shall provide adequate off-street loading and
1994	unloading facilities on the same lot as the principal use. Space reserved for
1995	loading and unloading shall not be used for off-street parking spaces or vehicle
1996	circulation. For such uses located in buildings with over 10,000 square feet of
1997	gross floor area, at least one loading berth shall be provided. Each off-street
1998	loading berth shall have a width of at least 10 feet and a length of at least 50 feet,
1999	and shall be located no closer than 30 feet from any residence district.
2000	6. Drainage. Suitable grading and drainage shall be provided to collect and transmit
2001	stormwater to appropriate retention or detention basins, drainageways, ditches
2002	or storm sewers.
2003	7. Lighting. Any lighting used to illuminate off-street parking areas shall be directed
2004	downward and away from adjacent properties and public rights-of-way.
2005	8. Setbacks. Parking, loading and circulation areas may be provided within required
2006	front setbacks and side and rear yards. Areas for parking, loading and circulation
2007	shall be a minimum of three feet from all property lines, except where this
2008	requirement prohibits a proposed joint driveway or proposed shared parking.
2009	9. Screening and landscaping. Screening shall be provided in accordance with
2010	specifications in s. 10.102(11). All hard-surfaced and graveled parking, loading
2011	and circulation areas with 10 or more spaces shall be provided with accessory
2012	landscape areas totaling not less than five percent of the surfaced area. Such
2013	landscaping shall consist primarily of trees, bushes and shrubs. Landscaping may
2014	be planted internal to the parking area itself within islands or around the
2015	immediate perimeter and shall be reasonably distributed. Landscaping shall be
2016	protected from damage by vehicles and shall be replaced if damaged or killed.
2017	(e) Required off-street parking spaces.
2018	Minimum off-street parking spaces serving uses hereinafter designated shall be
2019	provided as follows:
2020	10. Airport; auction house; conference, convention or exhibition center; salvage
2021	recycling center: Spaces in adequate number to serve the public and employees.
2022	11. Auto sales: One space per 1,000 square feet of occupiable floor area and outdoor
2023	display area.
2024	 Bank, office: One space per 300 square feet of occupiable floor area.
2025	13. Bed and breakfast, boarding or rooming house, community living arrangement,
2026	hotel and motel: One space per lodging room and two spaces for
2027	owner/manager, plus 50 percent of the requirement for any other associated use.
2028	For community living arrangements, parking spaces need not be provided for
2029	residents who do not have drivers licenses.
2030	14. Bowling center: Four parking spaces per alley, plus the requirement for any other
2031	associated use. Measurements for any associated use shall not include any area

2032	to the alley side of bowling scorers' tables, unless there are other areas for public
2033	access behind the alleys.
2034	15. Carpet store, furniture store: One space per 800 square feet of occupiable floor
2035	area.
2036	16. Church, theater: One space per 6 seats.
2037	17. Day care: One space per 6 children.
2038	18. Contractor business, fire or police station, mineral extraction operation: One
2039	space per 1.3 employees on the largest shift plus one space per service vehicle.
2040	19. Funeral home: One space per 100 square feet of occupiable floor area.
2041	20. Golf course: Four spaces per golf hole, plus 50 percent of the requirement for any
2042	other associated use.
2043	21. Golf driving range, miniature golf: One space per tee area or miniature golf hole.
2044	22. Kennel, stable: One space per 1,000 square feet of gross floor area or yard area
2045	devoted to the use, not including outdoor training or riding areas.
2046	23. Manufacturing, research and development facility: One space per 1.3 employees
2047	working on the largest shift.
2048	24. Medical, dental or veterinary clinic: Four spaces per examination or treatment
2049	room.
2050	25. Mini-warehouse: One space per storage unit, which may be located immediately
2051	in front of each unit.
2052	26. Nursing home: One space per 4 beds.
2053	27. Nursery, greenhouse: One space per 1,000 square feet of occupiable floor area
2054	within a building or greenhouse, plus one space per 2,000 square feet of outdoor
2055	area devoted to retail sales.
2056	28. Outdoor recreation facilities: 4 spaces per horseshoe pit; 10 spaces per volleyball
2057	court; 20 spaces per baseball, softball, football or soccer field; plus the
2058	requirement for any other associated use adjacent to such recreational facility.
2059	29. Residential:
2060	30. Multifamilyefficiency, one bedroom, two bedrooms; manufactured home: 1½
2061	spaces per dwelling unit.
2062	31. Multifamilythree or more bedrooms; single family; duplex: 2 spaces per dwelling
2063	unit.
2064	32. Restaurant, tavern, club or lodge: One space per 75 square feet of indoor
2065	occupiable floor area, plus one space per 100 square feet of outdoor
2066	eating/drinking area, not including any area occupied by an outdoor recreation
2067	facility.
2068	33. Retail or service use not listed elsewhere: One space per 300 square feet of
2069	occupiable floor area, plus one space per 2,000 square feet of outdoor area
2070	devoted to retail sales or service.
2071	34. School: Two spaces per classroom for elementary or middle school, four spaces
2072	per classroom for high school, plus one space per four seats in an auditorium or
2073	gymnasium. Ten spaces per classroom for an adult educational or training facility.
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2074 **35.** Service and repair of motor vehicles, gas station, car wash: Three spaces per 2075 service bay, one space per fuel nozzle (not including filling area), plus the 2076 requirement for any other associated use. 2077 **36.** Warehouse, wholesaling: One space per 2,000 square feet of gross floor area. (f) Potential reductions in required spaces. 2078 2079 The zoning administrator may decrease the required number of off-street parking 2080 spaces by up to 25 percent of the requirement based on one or more of the following 2081 criteria: 2082 1. Technical documentation supplied by the applicant indicates, to the satisfaction 2083 of the zoning administrator, that actual parking demand for that particular 2084 development is less than the standard would suggest; 2. Bicycle parking facilities will be provided through racks, lockers or equivalent 2085 2086 structures located convenient to the proposed use; 2087 **3.** A public transportation route is located within 1,000 feet of the property; 2088 4. Shared parking for more than one use will be implemented, provided that the 2089 applicant(s) demonstrate that the same spaces may adequately serve two or 2090 more uses by reason of the hours of operation of such uses. The continued 2091 availability of such shared parking areas shall be ensured by an agreement among 2092 all involved property owners describing the rights and limitations of all property 2093 owners and businesses, and providing that if any of the uses sharing the parking changes, the agreement shall become null and void. Such agreement shall bind all 2094 2095 heirs, successors and assigns of each owner and shall be approved by the zoning 2096 administrator before being recorded with the register of deeds. 2097 5. Reserve area. In the event the number of required spaces is reduced as allowed 2098 by s. 10.18(6), the zoning administrator may also require that sufficient area be 2099 held in reserve for potential future development of parking to meet the 2100 requirements under s. 10.18(5). If required, such reserve area shall be shown and noted on the development plan, maintained in open space use and developed 2101 2102 with parking spaces when the zoning administrator determines that such 2103 development is necessary due to parking demand which exceeds original 2104 expectations, the loss of bicycle or public transit access or facilities, or the 2105 dissolution of a shared parking agreement. 2106 (g) Parking and storage of trucks, buses and special vehicles. 2107 1. In the residence and rural homes districts, and on any lot in the A-2 Agriculture 2108 District where the principal use is residential, motor vehicles used for personal 2109 transportation and recreational vehicles and trailers owned by a person residing 2110 on the premises may be parked or stored, provided that the gross vehicle weight 2111 shall not exceed 12,000 pounds. 2112 2. In the residence, rural homes, RE-1, Agriculture-Business, B-1 and C-1 districts, 2113 only motor vehicles that are accessory to a permitted and principal use on any lot may be stored or parked. 2114

2115 2116 2117 2118 2119 2120	3. Any automobile licensed as an antique or special interest vehicle under s. 341.266, Wis. Stats., or parts cars therefore, can be stored on a lot in any district provided that such vehicle is stored in such a manner that it does not constitute a health hazard and is screened from ordinary public view by means of a fence, rapidly growing trees, shrubbery or other appropriate means, as required by s. 341.266(4), Wis. Stats.
2120	4. Farm trucks or trailers licensed under ss. 341.26(3) or 341.30, Wis. Stats., may be
2121	parked on lots in agriculture districts.
2122	5. Trucks with gross vehicle weight exceeding 12,000 pounds may be stored or
2123	parked only in the C-2, EXP-1 and M-1 districts, except that parking or storage of
2125	one truck and one road tractor and its trailer in excess of 12,000 pounds gross
2126	vehicle weight shall be permitted in the residence, rural homes and agricultural
2127	districts, subject to the following conditions:
2128	a. The vehicle shall be owned and operated by a person residing on the
2129	premises.
2130	b. In the residence districts, the lot area shall be not less than one acre.
2131	c. The vehicle shall not be parked or stored within the required highway or
2132	road setback area.
2133	d. The vehicle shall not be parked closer than 300 feet to another residence.
2134	 e. No new buildings shall be constructed to house the vehicle.
2135	f. Before the vehicle may be parked or stored on the property, a certificate of
2136	compliance shall be issued by the zoning administrator.
2137	6. One racing vehicle and spare parts for such vehicle may be stored in the residence
2138	and rural homes districts, provided that such vehicle and spare parts are screened
2139	from public view in an enclosed building.
2140	7. Storage of no more than two racing vehicles and spare parts for such vehicles is
2141	permitted in any district except the residence and rural homes districts, provided
2142 2143	that such vehicles and spare parts are screened from public view in an enclosed building.
2145 2144	8. In any district, one school bus driven by a person residing on the premises may be
2144 2145	parked provided that in residence districts the minimum lot area for bus parking
2145	is one acre.
2147	9. Except as provided in s. 341.266(4), Wis. Stats., a motor vehicle that is inoperable
2148	or unlicensed is considered salvage or junk and shall only be stored in a licensed
2149	salvage recycling center. Trucks licensed on a monthly or quarterly basis shall be
2150	considered currently licensed if they have been licensed for at least one period
2151	during the previous year.
2152	(8) Road setbacks / required front yards.
2153	(a) Except as indicated in (a)1.c. and (b) below, or as permitted by variance, all
2154	structures shall be set back from public roads as follows:
2155	1. Divided highways.

2156	a. Except as exempted in c. below, all principal residential buildings must be
2157	at least 200 feet from the right-of-way line.
2158	b. Accessory structures must meet the setbacks described for undivided
2159	highways below.
2160	c. Exceptions. Principal dwellings meeting either of the following criteria
2161	must meet the setbacks for undivided highways in 2. below:
2162	i. Principal dwellings on lands originally zoned for residential use prior
2163	to May 1, 1992.
2164	ii. Lands where noise control barriers effectively reduce the noise level
2165	from traffic to 67 decibels [db(a)] or less.
2166	2. Undivided highways.
2167	a. State and Federal Highways. All structures must be at least 100 feet from
2168	the centerline, or 42 feet from the right-of-way line, whichever is greater.
2169	b. County Trunk Highways. All structures must be at least 75 feet from the
2170	centerline, or 42 feet from the right-of-way line, whichever is greater.
2171	c. Town Roads. All structures must be at least 63 feet from the centerline, or
2172	30 feet from the right-of-way line, whichever is greater.
2173	d. Service Roads. All structures must be at least 30 feet from the right-of-way
2174	line.
2175	(b) Exceptions.
2176	1. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line
2177	shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the
2178	lots in any one (1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback for
2179	that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 20 feet.
2180	2. For lots in the HAM-M or HAM-R zoning districts, setbacks shall be as described in
2181	ss. 10.261(5) and 10.262(5).
24.02	
2182	(9) Setback measurements and exceptions.
2183	(a) For purposes of entry to buildings, steps, stoops, decks or ramps may be
2184	constructed in such a manner that they intrude into required yard or setback or
2185	areas provided that all of the following limitations and conditions are satisfied:
2186	 Height shall not exceed 5 feet aboveground level, not including railings. Width shall not exceed 12 feet side to side
2187	 Width shall not exceed 12 feet side to side. Structure shall extend up for the notice 10 feet from the front of the building to
2188	3. Structure shall extend no farther than 10feet from the front of the building to
2189	which it is attached or up to the front property line, whichever is less.
2190	4. Structure shall not be enclosed. Railings which do not exceed 3 1/2 feet in height
2191	and which are of open architecture and not solid in appearance are permitted.
2192	5. Structure shall not interfere with existing or planned roads, sidewalks, gas and
2193	electrical lines, sewers, drainageways, and other utilities or public improvements.
2194	The zoning administrator may require written verification from appropriate
2195	agencies before issuing a zoning permit.
2196	6. No part of the structure shall extend into any required vision clearance triangle.

2197 (b) For single family residences or duplexes, single story bay windows may be 2198 constructed in such a manner that they project three (3) feet or less into a required 2199 yard or setback area provided that such windows do not occupy, in the aggregate, 2200 more than one-third (1/3) of the wall of the building. (c) Roof overhangs, soffits and awnings that are not supported to the ground may 2201 2202 extend into any required setback or yard by not more than three (3) feet. 2203 (d) In platted subdivisions recorded before the adoption of this ordinance where a 2204 building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 2205 percent of the lots in any one (1) block, such established setback line shall be the 2206 setback for that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 20 feet. (e) More restrictive setback requirements may be required under Chapters 11 or 17, 2207 2208 Dane County Code. 2209 (10) Topography Near Property Lines. 2210 (a) Purpose. 2211 The purpose of this subsection is to set forth the minimum requirements for preserving existing topography near property lines whenever development is planned, and to 2212 2213 promote and protect the public health, safety, convenience and general welfare. This 2214 sub-section is intended to regulate development: 2215 7. to protect adjacent property owners from possible damage due to changes to the 2216 existing topography of adjoining lands; 2217 8. to retain stormwater runoff on each property undergoing development; and 9. to preserve the general character of neighborhoods. 2218 (b) Standards. 2219 2220 1. Except as authorized in sub. (c), the topography, including both surface and 2221 subsurface structure, within five (5) feet of any property line at the 2222 commencement of any development shall remain unchanged. 2. When land disturbing activities associated with development occur within five (5) 2223 feet of any property line, finished grades in that area shall be restored to the 2224 2225 topography in existence before the land disturbing activity began. 2226 **3.** The established grade of the adjoining property shall determine the finished 2227 grade at the property line for any development. The owner of the property under 2228 development bears the burden of proof as to the established grade at the property line and the topography within five (5) feet of the property line. The 2229 Zoning Administrator may require detailed site grading plans of existing and 2230 2231 proposed conditions prior to commencement of land disturbing activities. 2232 4. Natural watercourses along property lines shall be maintained. Existing drainage 2233 ways and drainage easements along property lines including, but not limited to, 2234 stormwater management areas shown on subdivision plats and certified survey 2235 maps, shall be maintained. 2236 (c) Exceptions.

1. A positive slope of one-half (1/2) inch vertical per one (1) foot horizontal within 2237 2238 five (5) feet of the property line is allowed to provide proper drainage away from 2239 a one or two family residence. 2240 2. Development in Floodplain Districts requiring fill to comply with chapter 17 is 2241 exempt from this section. 2242 3. Upon written application, the Zoning Administrator may authorize exceptions resulting in changes to the existing topography at and within five (5) feet of any 2243 2244 property line that would promote the purposes stated in this ordinance, only if 2245 the results do not direct additional stormwater runoff toward adjacent 2246 properties. Proposed exceptions may include, but are not limited to, retaining walls, berms and other structures, and other changes to existing grade at and 2247 2248 within five (5) feet of a property line. The Zoning Administrator may require the 2249 submittal of detailed site grading plans of existing and proposed conditions 2250 including, but not limited to, detailed topographical information of the subject 2251 and adjoining properties, before land disturbing activities commence. 2252 (11) Visual Screening 2253 (a) Purpose. 2254 (b) Applicability. 1. Screening is required along the interior boundary of any lot in the Limited 2255 2256 Commercial (LC), General Commercial (LC), Heavy Commercial (HC) and Manufacturing/Industrial (MI) districts that are adjacent to land in the Single 2257 2258 Family Residential (SFR), Two Family Residential (TFR), Multi Family Residential 2259 (MFR), Rural Residential (RR) or Rural Mixed-Use (RM) Districts. 2260 2. At the town board and zoning committee's discretion, screening may also be required as a condition on any conditional use permit, where appropriate to 2261 2262 minimize visual impact to neighboring properties. 2263 (c) When a use requires a vegetative screening, the requirements of this section shall apply. A vegetative screening plan shall be submitted at the time of permit 2264 2265 application, and no permit shall be issued until an acceptable vegetative screening 2266 plan has been approved. The plan shall provide for a minimum of 30 feet in depth, parallel to any area used for vehicles or buildings. The vegetative screening area 2267 2268 shall not be used for any purpose other than screening, except at designated points 2269 of ingress and egress delineated in the plan. Vegetative screens that are within 2270 1,000 feet of the ordinary high water mark of a lake, pond or flowage, or 300 feet of the ordinary high water mark of a navigable river or stream, must comply with 2271 2272 applicable portions pursuant to Chapter 11, Dane County Code. (d) Dimensions and design. 2273 2274 **1.** Vegetative screening. Within the screening area, vegetation shall consist of: 2275 e. A minimum of 2 parallel rows of trees, with all rows planted 10 feet apart. 2276 f. Within any given row, there shall be a minimum of one tree every 12 feet.

2277	g. Vegetative screening densities along the front of the property adjacent to
2278	the road right-of-way may be reduced to not less than one tree every 20
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2279	feet.
2280	 Not less than 75% of the trees shall be evergreens.
2281	i. A minimum of 2 different species of evergreens shall be utilized.
2282	j. Non-native species which have the potential to be invasive shall not be
2283	utilized as part of the screening.
2284	k. Deciduous trees shall be either single stem or multi-stem trees, with the
2285	smallest trunk measured at a minimum of a one-inch diameter at the time
2286	of planting. The trunk shall be measured 6 inches above the ground.
2287	I. Evergreen trees shall be a minimum of 4 feet tall at the time of planting.
2288	m. There shall be a ground cover of either native grasses and flowers, or lawn
2289	grasses.
2290 2	2. Vegetative screens shall not interfere with applicable vision triangle
2291	requirements.
2292 3	3. Within the screening area, vegetation shall be maintained in viable growing
2293	conditions. Maintenance of the ground cover shall be completed in a manner so
2294	as to maintain the shape or appearance of trees within the buffer area.
2295 4	4. Screens shall be maintained along the interior boundaries of the lot to a point 15
2296	feet from the street right-of-way.
2297	

10.103. Special Requirements for Particular Uses 2298

2299	(1) Accessory dwelling units.
2300	(a) On lots zoned for single-family residential use, no more than one accessory
2301	dwelling unit may be created per lot.
2302	(b) Multiple accessory dwelling units per lot may be created only in the Multi-Family
2303	Residential (MFR) , Hamlet Residential (HAM-R) or Hamlet Mixed-Use (HAM-M)
2304	districts, or within a manufactured home community permitted under s.10.103(15).
2305	(c) A detached accessory dwelling unit may be included in either an existing or new
2306	dwelling unit.
2307	(d) Lots accommodating an accessory dwelling unit must meet the minimum lot size
2308	for the applicable zoning district.
2309	(e) In no case shall an accessory dwelling unit exceed 800 square feet of occupiable
2310	<mark>floor area.</mark>
2311	(f) No accessory dwelling unit shall have more than two bedrooms.
2312	(g) Accessory dwelling units shall not be sold separately from the principal dwelling
2313	unit, nor from the property on which it sits.
2314	(h) A lot or parcel of land containing an accessory dwelling unit shall be occupied by
2315	the owner of the premises. The owner may live in either the accessory dwelling unit
2316	or the principal residence.
2317	(i) The orientation of the proposed accessory dwelling unit shall, to the maximum
2318	extent practical, maintain the privacy of residents in adjoining dwellings. The town
2319	board and zoning committee may, as necessary, require screening, consistent with
2320	s.10.102(11) between a property containing an ADU and adjacent properties.
2321	(j) Off-street parking shall be provided consistent with s.10.102(7).
2322	(k) Accessory dwelling units must meet applicable residential building codes or
2323	manufactured home codes.
2324	(2) Adult book stores.
2325	(a) The County of Dane, relying upon the experience of other local governments in this
2326	state and throughout the country, finds that adult book stores have an adverse
2327	secondary effect on the surrounding community and that regulations are necessary
2328	to minimize this secondary effect. The experience of other cities are summarized in
2329	the case of Northend Cinema, Inc. v. Seattle, 585 P. 2d 1153 (1978).
2330	(b) This ordinance does not regulate the content of materials held for sale or rent in
2331	adult book stores.
2332	(c) Adult book stores shall meet all of the following requirements:
2333	1. Location of any particular adult book store must be not less than 1,000 feet from
2334	any church, synagogue, temple, mosque or any other place of worship, any
2335	residentially zoned district, park, school, playground, day care center, public
2336	library and any other adult book store;
2337	2. Exterior windows shall not be covered or made opaque in any way;
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2338	3. No material referenced in paragraphs (a), (b) or (c) of s. 10.04(4) shall be placed in
2339	any exterior window, provided that material which is not so referenced may be
2340	placed in a window;
2341	4. The business may have only one (1) nonflashing business sign which sign may only
2342	indicate the name of the business and identify it as an adult book store and which
2343	shall be not larger than 4 feet by 4 feet;
2344	5. A one square foot sign shall be placed on each public entrance which shall state
2345	"Admittance to adults only" and may include other pertinent business
2346	information; and
2347	6. There shall be no doors on any viewing booths and each booth must be lighted by
2348	a source emitting at least 10 candlepower at all times.
2349	(3) Agricultural entertainment, tourism or assembly.
2350	(a) For any such activities planned or anticipated to have attendance of more than 200
2351	persons at any one time during a day, the landowner shall file an event plan
2352	addressing, at a minimum the following issues:
2353	1. the number of events proposed each year
2354	2. the maximum expected attendance at each event
2355	3. off-street parking, to meet standards in s.10.102(7)
2356	4. days and hours of operation
2357	5. ingress and egress
2358	6. sanitation
2359	7. trash / recycling collection and disposal
2360	8. proposed signage
2361	9. other public safety issues
2362	(b) Event plans must be filed with the following:
2363	1. the zoning administrator,
2364	2. town clerk,
2365	3. servicing fire department,
2366	4. emergency medical service provider,
2367	5. Dane County Sheriff's Department and
2368	6. any local law enforcement agency.
2369	(c) Event plans for such agricultural entertainment activities must be filed at least 30
2370	days prior to the start of any agricultural entertainment activities in each calendar
2371	year.
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2372	(4) Airport, landing strip or heliport.
2373	(a) All buildings, structures, outdoor airplane or helicopter storage areas shall conform
2374	to the setbacks, maximum building height and lot coverage requirements for
2375	agricultural or commercial accessory buildings in the underlying zoning district.
2376	(b) Runways shall be located a minimum of 100 feet from all lot lines.
2377	(c) Runways must be laid out to provide sufficient clear space, either within the

2378	property boundaries, or through the use of a recorded avigation easement for safe
2379	takeoff and landing. Clear space must meet current WISDOT Bureau of Aeronautics
2380	distance-to-height ratios appropriate to the speed of the proposed aircraft.
2381	(d) All proposed airports, landing strips or heliports must meet all current
2382	requirements of Chapter 114, Wisconsin Statutes, TRANS 57, Wisconsin
2383	Administrative Code, or its successor and any applicable standards from the Federal
2384	Aeronautics Administration.
2385	(e) Applicants must submit, with their conditional use permit application, copies of
2386	Wisconsin Department of Transportation airport review applications or approved
2387	certificates.
2388	(f) The committee and town board may require visual screening, per the standards in
2389	s.10.102(11), provided that such screening will not interfere with airport
2390	operations.
2391	(5) Animal boarding, domestic pets.
2392	(a) Use shall be enclosed by a fence or other suitable enclosure to prevent animals
2393	from leaving the site.
2394	(b) Each animal shall be provided with an indoor containment area if the use is located
2395	within 500 feet of an existing residence or any lot in the Single Family Residential,
2396	Two-Family Residential, Multi-Family Residential, Rural Residential or Hamlet
2397	districts.
2398	(c) Each animal shall be provided with adequate exercise space
2399	(d) Applicant shall submit a manure management plan approved by the County
2400	Conservationist.
2401	(e) At their discretion, and where necessary to minimize impacts to neighboring
2402	properties, the town board and zoning committee may:
2403	1. impose noise limits under s.10.102(5),
2404	2. require visual screening, consistent with s. 10.06(10), and/or;
2405	3. establish hours where animals must be kept indoors.
2406	(f) The committee and town board will impose limits on the total number of animals
2407	that may be present at any one time, as appropriate to the site and neighboring
2408	land uses.
2409	(6) Animal boarding, large animal.
2410	(a) Use shall be enclosed by a fence or other suitable enclosure to prevent animals
2411	from leaving the site.
2412	(b) Each animal shall be provided with adequate exercise space
2413	(c) The committee and town board will impose limits on the total number of animals
2414	that may be present at any one time, as appropriate to the site and neighboring
2415	land uses.
2416	(d) Operations exceeding one animal unit per acre must comply with the standards of
2417	<mark>s.10.103(7).</mark>

2418	(7) Animal use in excess of one animal unit per acre
2419	(a) Applicant must submit and maintain a site-specific manure management plan
2420	approved by the County Conservationist.
2421	(b) Applicant must maintain a Farm Conservation Plan, compliant with ATCP 50,
2422	Wisconsin Administrative Code, that is approved by the County Conservationist.
2423	(8) Campgrounds.
2424	Campgrounds must meet all current standards and permitting requirements of:
2425	(a) ATCP 79, Wisconsin Administrative Code, or its successor.
2426	(b) Chapter 11, Dane County Code. Camping units must meet all principal structure
2427	setbacks from ordinary high water marks or wetland boundaries.
2428	(c) Chapter 17, Dane County Code, including all applicable flood warning, evacuation,
2429	record-keeping and notice standards.
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2430	(9) Communication towers.
2431	(a) Purpose. The purpose and intent of this section is to provide a uniform and
2432	comprehensive set of standards for the development and installation of
2433	telecommunication and related facilities, including broadcast radio and television
2434	facilities. The provisions of this section are intended to ensure that
2435	telecommunication facilities are located, constructed, maintained and removed in a
2436	manner that:
2437	1. Protects and promotes public health, safety, community welfare and the quality
2438	of life in Dane County as set forth within the goals, objectives and policies of the
2439	Dane County Comprehensive Plan, this ordinance, and s. 66.0404 Wis. Stats;
2440	2. Respects the rights and interests of towns, neighboring property owners, and
2441	existing land uses on adjoining properties in the decision making process;
2442	 Recognizes the public necessity for telecommunication facilities and the
2443	numerous benefits and opportunities a robust wireless infrastructure make
2444	possible for county residents, including improved public safety, efficient
2445	production and distribution of goods and services, access to educational
2446	resources, and economic development opportunities;
2447	 Allows appropriate levels of service to be obtained throughout the County,
2447	including expansion to rural areas seeking access to personal communications
2448	and broadband internet services;
2450	5. Minimizes the number of transmission towers throughout the County;
2451	6. Encourages the joint use of new and existing telecommunication facilities as a
2452	preferred siting option;
2453	7. Ensures that all telecommunication facilities, including towers, antennas, and
2454	ancillary facilities are located and designed to minimize the visual and
2455	environmental impact on the immediate surroundings and throughout the
2456	county; and

2457	8. Avoids potential damage to adjacent properties from tower failure or ice falls
2458	through sound engineering and careful siting of structures.
2459	9. Provides a public forum to assure a balance between public concerns and private
2460	interests in establishing commercial telecommunications and related facilities.
2461	(b) New construction or substantial modification of communication towers.
2462	1. Application Materials. In addition to materials required under s10.101(6), the
2463	landowner must provide, in a form acceptable to the zoning administrator, the
2464	following:
2465	a. Application. Completed communications tower permit application form, that
2466	includes, at a minimum:
2467	i. The name and business address of, and the contact individual for,
2468	the applicant.
2469	ii. The location of the proposed or affected support structure.
2470	iii. The location of the proposed mobile service facility.
2471	b. Project narrative. A signed project narrative explaining the need for a new
2472	or modified communication tower. The narrative should also include the
2473	following information:
2474	i. An explanation why the particular site was selected.
2475	ii. For an application to construct a new tower, an explanation as to
2476	why the applicant chose the proposed location and why the
2477	applicant did not choose collocation. The narrative must include a
2478	sworn statement from an individual who has responsibility over the
2479	placement of the mobile service support structure attesting that
2480	collocation within the applicant's search ring would not result in the
2481	same mobile service functionality, coverage, and capacity; is
2482	technically infeasible; or is economically burdensome to the mobile
2483	service provider. For the purposes of this section, "economically
2484	burdensome" means that the cost of collocation exceeds the cost of
2485	construction of a new tower by 25 percent or more.
2486	c. Search ring map. Applicants must submit a search ring map drawn to a
2487	measurable scale, showing the area in which the applicant seeks to locate
2488	their equipment. The map must show and include road names, municipal
2489	boundaries, all existing telecommunication facilities within 1 mile of the
2490	search ring, and any tall structure over 100' in height within the search
2491	ring. The map must document and assign an identification number to all
2492	existing towers within the designated radius and include a brief statement
2493	explaining why the tower is not viable for collocation. The zoning
2494	administrator may require that the map be accompanied by a table
2495	providing additional data for each existing tower within 1 mile of the
2496	search ring, including but not limited to, the following: simple description
2497	of the tower, existing and maximum design height, registration number;
2498	owner's name and contact information; present percentage of use of the

2499		tower, available aperture at the requester's preferred height, type of
2500		communication technology being used.
2501	d.	Radio frequency propagation maps. Two radio frequency (RF) propagation
2502		plots depicting the carrier's current service (clearly highlighting the existing
2503		service area void), and the service to be gained by the proposed facility.
2504		These plots shall be prepared in accordance with accepted industry
2505		standards and shall be accompanied by a clear and simply written
2506		description by an RF engineer explaining the plots and how to read them.
2507	e.	Site plan. In addition to all of the information required under s.10.101(3),
2508		site plans must include the following information:
2509		iii. Existing or proposed zoning and conditional use permit area and
2510		proposed or existing lease area
2511		iv. Existing and/or proposed tower compound area depicting location
2512		and layout of existing and/or proposed tower and related facilities
2513		including distances to the lease and CUP area;
2514		v. Existing and/or proposed residences (if any) on both the subject
2515		property and neighboring properties within .5 mile of the subject
2516		property – distances should be shown to neighboring residences
2517		located within 1,500' per 100' of tower height;
2518	f.	Preliminary Design / Construction Plans. A description of the tower design
2519		and height. The description shall include:
2520		i. A preliminary scaled elevation drawing of the proposed tower
2521		showing the location and elevation (feet Above Ground Level and
2522		Above Mean Sea Level) of each potential antenna array and any
2523		anticipated lighting. The drawing should also identify the proposed
2524		color and surfacing of the tower and ancillary facilities;
2525		ii. A statement indicating the anticipated design capacity of the tower
2526		in terms of the number and type of collocations it is designed to
2527		accommodate;
2528		iii. Preliminary drawings showing the dimensions and design details for
2529		all tower facilities.
2530		iv. Information regarding any anticipated or proposed lighting, including
2531		types and color of lights, and whether lighting is nighttime only or
2532		both day / night and any difference between time periods.
2533	g.	Notification to Other Carriers. Applicants shall provide written notification
2534		to other carriers licensed to provide wireless services in Dane County
2535		informing them of the intent to construct a new telecommunication tower.
2536		The zoning administrator shall maintain a list of licensed carriers, including
2537		contact information and a standard form that may be used to fulfill this
2538		requirement.

2539 2540	h.	Notification to Nearby Airports. The applicant shall provide written notification to all operators and owners of airports located within 5 miles
2541		of the proposed site.
2542	i.	Aeronautic Hazards. The applicant shall provide copies of a determination
2543		of no hazard from the federal aviation administration, including any
2544		aeronautical study or other findings, if applicable
2545	ј.	Existing and Proposed Network Buildout. Written description, map, and
2546		attribute table documenting the applicant's existing network in Dane
2547		County. Describe and show on a map generally where gaps in service
2548		currently exist. Describe and show on a map the applicant's future plans for
2549		placement or construction of communication towers in Dane County and
2550		one mile surrounding the County's border in addition to the proposed
2551		tower that is the subject of the application.
2552	k.	Other information – Depending upon the proposal, the county Zoning &
2553		Land Regulation Committee may request additional information from the
2554		applicant prior to acting on a Conditional Use Permit application.
2555	١.	Fees. Application fees as required in Chapter 12.
2556	(c) General	l standards.
2557	a. H	leight. Height shall meet any applicable airport height limitation ordinances.
2558	N	Io tower may be more than 195 feet in height unless a variance from this
2559	re	equirement is granted based on unique transmission condition problems
2560	W	which cannot be overcome by another location.
2561	b. S	etbacks. All structures must meet all front, side and rear setbacks provided
2562	b	y this ordinance and Chapter 11, Dane County Code.
2563	(d) Standar	d Conditions. In addition to the conditions described in s. 10.08(8)(d), the
2564	<mark>town bo</mark>	pard and zoning committee must impose the following conditions on any
2565	<mark>tower c</mark>	onstructed under this section.
2566	<mark>a.</mark> N	lew or substantially modified towers must be designed to support, without
2567	SI SI	ubstantial modification, at least three users (the primary user and two
2568		ollocation sites) for mounting of equipment supporting International
2569	Т	elecommunications Union "International Mobile Telecommunications-
2570	A	.dvanced" systems (a/k/a "LTE / Long-term evolution").
2571	<mark>b.</mark> T	he holder of the Conditional Use Permit shall, upon request, make required
2572	C ^r	ollocation sites available for the mounting of technologically compatible
2573	a a	ntenna arrays and equipment. Rates charged for collocation must conform
2574		o the prevailing market rate in the region and upon contractual provisions
2575		/hich are standard in the industry.
2576		Io lease or deed restriction on property that is proposed for the location of a
2577		nobile service support structure or mobile service facility shall preclude the
2578		wner or lessee from entering into agreements, leases, or subleases with
2579	<mark>o</mark>	ther providers or prohibit collocation of other providers

2580	d. Financial surety bonds or other security instruments, as described in
2581	s.10.101(6)b.x., will be required.
2582	(10) Domestic fowl and beekeeping.
2583	(a) Purpose. The purpose and intent of this section is to provide a listing of standards
2584	that shall apply to the keeping of domestic fowl and bees in residential yards. The
2585	standards are designed to ensure that the keeping of fowl and insects is done in a
2586	responsible manner that protects the public health, safety, and welfare and avoids
2587	conflicts with neighboring uses.
2588	(b) Fowl. The keeping of 8 domestic fowl in the yards of single family residences or
2589	duplexes located in any zoning district shall be a permitted use, if such use complies
2590	with the following:
2591	1. Domestic fowl shall not be slaughtered on the premises.
2592	Domestic fowl must have access to a covered enclosure.
2593	3. Domestic fowl shall not be allowed to roam free and must be kept in a covered
2594	enclosure or fenced enclosure at all times.
2595	4. Covered and fenced enclosures must be clean, dry and odor-free, and kept in a
2596	manner that will not disturb the use or enjoyment of adjacent lots
2597	(c) Bees. The keeping of honeybees in the yards of single family residences or duplexes
2598	located in any zoning district shall be a permitted use, if the use complies with the
2599	following:
2600	1. Each residential lot shall be allowed to have at least 6 hives per lot. For residential
2601	lots over 10,000 square feet, no more than one hive per 1,600 square feet of lot
2602	area is permitted.
2603	 A supply of water shall be provided for all hives.
2604	3. A flyway barrier at least six (6) feet in height shall shield any part of a property
2605	line that is within twenty-five (25) feet of a hive. The flyway barrier shall consist of
2606	a wall, fence, dense vegetation or a combination thereof and it shall be
2607	positioned to transect both legs of a triangle extending from an apex at the hive
2608	to each end point of the part of the property line to be shielded.
2609	(d) Location of covered and fenced enclosures and hives.
2610	1. Covered and fenced enclosures or hives shall be within the rear or side yard, and
2611	must be at least three (3) feet from any property line.
2612	2. Covered and fenced enclosures or hives shall not be closer than 25 feet to any
2613	principal residence on an adjacent lot.
2614	3. Covered and fenced enclosures or hives shall not be located closer than 75 feet
2615	from the ordinary high water mark of any lake, river, or stream.
2616	(11) Farm residences.
2617	(a) Application. Applicants must provide, in a form acceptable to the zoning
2618	administrator, the following information:
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2619	1. Written description of the farm operation. The description should include the
2620	following details:
2621	a. Location of the farm.
2622	b. Size of the farm operation in acres.
2623	 c. Crops grown and/or livestock raised.
2624	d. Number of employees, if any, in addition to farm family members.
2625	e. Summary of farm income derived from the farm operation.
2626	Completed Internal Revenue Service form "Schedule F – Profit or Loss from
2627	Farming," or subsequent IRS form for reporting farm profit or loss, for the past 3
2628	tax years.
2629	3. Farm conservation plan obtained from the Land Conservation Division of the
2630	Dane County Land & Water Resources Department, detailing the types/location
2631	of crops grown, and any on-farm conservation measures (e.g., grass drainage
2632	swales, buffer strips, etc.).
2633	4. Map/site plan with aerial photograph showing the farm ownership boundaries.
2634	The map should clearly identify the location of the proposed new Farm Residence
2635	and driveway access.
2636	(b) Permit conditions.
2637	1. Any approved conditional use permit for a farm residence shall expire on the sale
2638	of the property to an unrelated third party. Continued use of a farm residence
2639	after sale to an unrelated third party shall require approval of a new conditional
2640	use permit.
2641	2. The Zoning Committee may revoke any Conditional Use Permit it finds in violation
2642	of this section. Continued use of residence with a revoked conditional use permit
2643	shall require approval of a rezone petition to a zoning district that allows nonfarm
2644	residential use.
2645	3. The Zoning Committee shall require the recording of a notice document with the
2646	Register of Deeds on the subject property notifying current and future owners of
2647	the provisions of paragraph (i). And (ii) of this section.
2648	(12) Limited family business.
2649	(c) A conditional use permit for a limited family business is designed to accommodate
2650	small family businesses without the necessity for relocation or rezoning while at the
2651	same time protecting the interests of adjacent property owners. Applicants for this
2652	conditional use permit should recognize that rezoning or relocation of the business
2653	may be necessary or may become necessary if the business is expanded. No limited
2654	family or rural business shall conflict with the purposes of the zoning district in
2655	which it is located.
2656	(d) The use shall employ no more than one or one full-time equivalent, employee who
2657	is not a member of the family residing on the premises.
2658	(e) Using applicable conditional use permit standards, the committee shall determine
2659	the percentage of the property that may be devoted to the business.
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2660 (f) The conditional use permit holder may be restricted to a service oriented business 2661 and thus prohibited from manufacturing or assembling products or selling products 2662 on the premises or any combination thereof. 2663 (g) The conditional use permit may restrict the number and types of machinery and equipment the permit holder may be allowed to bring on the premises. 2664 2665 (h) Structures used in the business shall be considered to be residential accessory 2666 buildings and shall meet all requirements for such buildings. The design and size of the structures is subject to conditions set forth in the conditional use permit. 2667 2668 (i) The conditional use permit shall automatically expire on sale of the property or the business to an unrelated third party. 2669 2670 (13) Limited farm business. 2671 (a) Uses are limited to those listed as permitted uses in the LC or GC zoning districts, provided the use does not conflict with the overall purposes of the applicable 2672 zoning district. 2673 (b) Area dedicated to the Limited farm business use must not exceed 10,000 square 2674 2675 feet in indoor floor area. (c) Limited farm businesses must be contained entirely within building(s) in existence 2676 prior to April 30, 2005. 2677 (d) The landowner must maintain, restore or enhance the existing exterior character of 2678 2679 the building(s). (e) No Limited farm business shall employ more than 4 non-family employees. 2680 2681

2682	(14) Mineral extraction.
2683	(a) Application materials. In addition to materials required for all conditional use
2684	permits, applicants must provide, in a format acceptable to the zoning
2685	administrator, the following:
2686	1. A legal description of the land for which the permit is requested.
2687	a. This may be a lot in a Certified Survey Map, a lot (and block, if any) in a
2688	subdivision, or an exact "metes and bounds" description.
2689	b. The description must include the size of the CUP area in acres or square feet.
2690	2. Tax parcel number(s) of the lot(s) or parcel(s) where the conditional use is to be
2691	located. If the area proposed for the conditional use is a part of a larger parcel,
2692	applicant must provide the tax parcel number of the larger parcel.
2693	3. A written statement containing the following information:
2694	a. General description of the operation.
2695	b. Existing use of the land.
2696	c. Existing natural features including approximate depth to groundwater.
2697	 The types and quantities of materials that would be extracted.
2698	e. Proposed dates to begin extraction, end extraction and complete
2699	reclamation.
2700	 Proposed hours and days of operation.
2701	g. Geologic composition and depth to the mineral deposit.
2702	h. Maximum proposed pit depth.
2703	i. Identify all major proposed haul routes to the nearest Class A highway or
2704	truck route. Indicate traffic flow patterns.
2705	j. Proposed phasing plan, if any (recommended for larger sites).
2706	k. Types, quantities, and frequency of use of equipment to extract, process, and
2707	haul.
2708	I. Whether and how frequently blasting, drilling, mining, crushing, screening,
2709	washing, refueling, fuel storage, asphalt batching or concrete mixing would
2710	be performed on site.
2711	m. Whether excavation will occur below the water table and, if so, how ground
2712	water quality will be protected.
2713	n. Any proposed temporary or permanent structures (e.g., scales, offices).
2714	o. Any special measures that will be used for spill prevention and control, dust
2715	control, transportation, or environmental protection.
2716	p. Proposed use after reclamation as consistent with Chapter 74.
2717	4. Additional Site Plan Information. In addition to the submittal requirements
2718	described in sec. , applications for a mineral extraction conditional use permit
2719	shall include a Site Plan prepared by a qualified professional, drawn to a
2720	measurable scale large enough to show detail and at least 11" by 17" in size,
2721	showing the following information:
2722	a. Boundaries of the permit area and of the extraction site.
2723	 Existing contour lines (not more than 10 foot intervals).

2724	c. All residences within 1,000 feet of the property.
2725	d. Specific location of proposed extraction area, staging area, equipment
2726	storage.
2727	e. Proposed location and surfacing of driveways.
2728	f. Proposed phasing plan, if any (recommended for larger sites).
2729	g. Proposed fencing of property, if any, and gating of driveways.
2730	 Proposed location of stockpiles.
2731	i. Proposed location and type of screening berms and landscaping.
2732	j. Proposed temporary and permanent structures, including scales and offices
2733	5. Erosion control plan. An erosion control plan, drawn to scale by a professional
2734	engineer, meeting all applicable state and county requirements.
2735	6. Reclamation plan. A reclamation plan prepared in accordance with this ordinance,
2736	Chapter 74, Dane County Code and Chapter NR 135, Wisconsin Administrative
2737	Code.
2738	(b) Conditions on mineral extraction conditional use permits. In addition to conditions
2739	required for all conditional use permits, the town board and zoning committee shall
2740	impose, at a minimum, the following conditions on any approved conditional use
2741	permit for mineral extraction.
2742	1. Topsoil or approved topsoil substitute from the area of operation shall be saved
2743	and stored on site for reclamation of the area. Topsoil or approved topsoil
2744	substitute must be returned to the top layer of fill resulting from reclamation.
2745	2. The applicant shall submit an erosion control plan under Chapter 14, Dane County
2746	Code covering the entire CUP area for the duration of operations, and receive
2747	approval of an erosion control permit prior to commencing extraction operations.
2748	3. Unless extended under a. below, operations shall cease no later than years
2749	from the date of CUP approval. (NOTE: Town and Committee to insert
2750	appropriate number of years for the particular application.)
2751	a. Extensions. Due to uncertainty in estimating duration for mineral
2752	extraction, conditional use permit holders who have operated without
2753	violations, may have the duration of their permit extended for a period not
2754	to exceed five years, based on an administrative review by the zoning
2755	administrator, in consultation with the town board. No more than one such
2756	extension shall be granted over the lifespan of the conditional use permit,
2757	and all conditions shall remain the same as the original permit. Further
2758	extensions or any modifications of conditions shall require re-application
2759	and approval of a new conditional use permit.
2760	4. Reclamation shall meet all requirements of Chapter 74 of the Dane County Code
2761	of Ordinances. In addition, all reclamation plans must meet the following
2762	standards:
2763	a. Final land uses after reclamation must be consistent with any applicable
2764	town comprehensive plan, the Dane County Comprehensive Plan and the
2765	Dane County Farmland Preservation Plan.

 2766 2767 2767 2768 2768 2769 2770 5. The driveway accessing the subject site shall either be paved or covered with
2768 d. The area shall be cleared of all debris and left in a workmanlike condition 2769 subject to the approval of Dane County.
2769 subject to the approval of Dane County.
2770 5. The driveway accessing the subject site shall either be paved or covered with
2771 crushed asphalt for a minimum distance of 100 feet from the public right-of-way.
2772 The operator shall maintain the driveway in a dust free manner in accordance
2773 with local, state, and federal regulations, and shall clean any dust or mud tracked
2774 <mark>onto public roads.</mark>
2775 6. The access to the driveway shall have gates securely locked when the extraction
2776 site is not in operation. The site shall be signed "no trespassing."
2777 7. All surface and subsurface operations shall be setback a minimum of 20' from any
2778 property line that does not abut a public right of way.
2779 8. Excavations below the grade of an abutting public street or highway shall be set
2780 back from the street or highway a distance at least equal to the distance that is
2781 required for buildings or structures under s.10.102(9).
2782 9. Hours of operation shall be from <u>a.m. to</u> <u>p.m., Monday through Friday</u> ,
2783 and from a.m. to p.m. on Saturdays. No operations of any kind shall
2784 take place on Sundays or legal holidays. The committee and town board may
2785 approve limited exceptions to normal hours of operations for projects associated
2786 with Wisconsin Department of Transportation or municipal road projects
2787 requiring night work. [Note: Town and Committee to assign hours of operation
2788 appropriate to the particular application. Typical hours of operation are from 6:00
2789 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, and 8 a.m. to early afternoon on
2790 Saturday. If there are residences nearby, hours may be more limited (e.g., start at
2791 7:00 a.m. with no Saturday hours).]
2792 10. There shall be a safety fence around the entire extraction area at all times. That
2793 safety fence shall be a minimum of 4 feet in height.
2794 11. Except for incidental removal associated with dust spraying or other routine
2795 operations under this permit, water shall not be pumped or otherwise removed
2796 from the site.
2797 12. The operator shall require all trucks and excavation equipment to have muffler
2798 systems that meet or exceed then current industry standards for noise
2798 abatement.
2800 13. The operator shall meet DNR standards for particulate emissions as described in
2801 NR 415.075 and NR 415.076.
2802 14. Excavation below the elevation of an abutting public street or highway shall be
2803 set back from the street or highway a distance at least equal to the distance that
2804 is required for buildings or structures under section 10.17 of the DCCO.
2805 15. Dane County and the Town of [insert relative town name] shall be listed
2806 as additional named insureds on the [name of operator] liability insurance policy,
2807 which shall be for a minimum of \$1,000,000 combined single limit coverage per

2808	occurrence. The operator shall furnish a copy of a Certificate of Insurance as
2809	evidence of coverage before operations commence. The liability insurance policy
2810	shall remain in effect until reclamation is complete.
2811	16. At their own initiative or at the applicant's request, the town board and zoning
2812	committee may set further reasonable restrictions on a mineral extraction
2813	operation, or prohibit any mineral extraction accessory use.
2814	(c) Additional conditions for particular circumstances. Where any of the following
2815	circumstances apply, the zoning committee and town board shall also impose the
2816	following conditions on any approved conditional use permit for mineral extraction:
2817	1. Blasting.
2818	a. Blasting Schedule. Blasting shall occur between sunrise and sunset, as
2819	required by SPS 307. The zoning committee and town board may set further
2820	daily limits on hours when blasting may occur, to minimize impact on
2821	neighboring properties. Schedules for blasting need not conform to hours of
2822	operation for the overall mineral extraction project.
2823	a. Notice of Blasting Events. Prior to any blasting event, notice shall be provided
2824	to nearby residents as described in SPS 307, Wisconsin Administrative Code.
2825	In addition, operators will honor the requests of residents within 500' of the
2826	mineral extraction site to either receive or stop receiving such notices at any
2827	time.
2828	b. Other standards. All blasting on the site must conform with all requirements
2829	of SPS 307, Wisconsin Administrative Code, as amended from time to time,
2830	or its successor administrative code regulations.
2831	c. Fly rock shall be contained within the permitted mineral extraction area.
2832	2. Fuel storage. All fuel storage must comply with ATCP 93, Wisconsin
2833	Administrative Code, including provisions for secondary spill containment.
2834	3. Mineral extraction at or near groundwater. All excavation equipment, plants, and
2835	vehicles shall be fueled, stored, serviced, and repaired on lands at least 3 feet
2836	above the highest water table elevation to prevent against groundwater
2837	contamination from leaks or spills.
2838	(15) Manufactured home communities.
2839	(a) Other regulations. Manufactured home communities are also subject to the
2840	provisions of chapter SPC 326, Wis. Admin. Code, or its successor. The more
2841	restrictive combination of regulations shall apply.
2842	(b) Space or lot size. Each space or lot for the accommodation of a single manufactured
2843	home shall contain not less than 3,000 square feet of area.
2844	(c) Spacing between manufactured homes and other buildings.
2845	1. Except as exempted below, there shall be at least 20 feet of spacing between
2846	manufactured homes.
2847	a. Exemptions. In manufactured home communities established on or before
2848	May 31, 1998, there shall be at least 10 feet of spacing between
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2040	manufactured homes. Expansions of such parks ofter May 21, 1009, whether
2849 2850	manufactured homes. Expansions of such parks after May 31, 1998, whether by increasing the land area of the park or by placing additional homes in the
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2851	park, or both, shall comply with the 20 foot spacing standard. 2. Spacing between mobile homes and accessory buildings shall not be less than five
2852	(5) feet.
2853 2854	(d) Road setbacks. Manufactured homes must meet all road setbacks applicable to
2854 2855	single family residences under this ordinance
2855	(e) Off-street parking. Each space or lot shall provide off-street parking as required in s.
2850 2857	10.102(7).
2858	(f) Landscaping. Each space lot shall be landscaped with at least one fast growing tree
2858	of at least two (2) inches in diameter at ground level and two bushes or shrubs of at
2859	least three (3) feet in height. This requirement may be waived by the committee if,
2860 2861	at the time of the application for a conditional use permit, a landscaping plan is
2862	submitted that utilizes topography, plantings of trees or shrubs and/or decorative
2862	fencing to provide a degree of privacy between lots.
2803 2864	(g) Parks and recreation facilities. Each manufactured home community shall provide a
2865	park and recreation area of at least ½ acre for each 50 or fraction of 50 lots in the
2865	park. The park and recreation area shall be located to provide easy access for all
2800 2867	residents in the park. Additionally, the area shall be well drained to provide a clean
2868	and safe area for children to play and shall be equipped with a sufficient amount of
2868 2869	playground equipment to accommodate the children living in the park.
2809	(h) Interior roads and streets.
2870	1. All interior roads and streets of a manufactured home community shall conform
2872	to the standards for platted roads and streets as provided for in chapter 75, Dane
2873	County Code, and shall be paved in accordance with the paving standards of the
2874	town in which the park is located.
2875	2. The landowner shall provide to Dane County a map drawn to scale of the park
2876	showing the location of all interior roads, adjacent or abutting roads and points of
2877	access. Lots shall be clearly delineated and numbers assigned to each lot in
2878	sequence beginning with number 1.
2879	(i) Removal and replacement of manufactured homes. Manufactured homes may be
2880	removed and replaced in a manufactured home community provided that
2881	replacement is in compliance with the regulations of this subsection applicable to
2882	the park.
2883	(16) Outdoor assembly events.
2884	(a) The landowner shall file an event plan addressing, at a minimum the following
2885	<mark>issues:</mark>
2886	 the number of events proposed each year
2887	 the maximum expected attendance at each event
2888	 off-street parking, to meet standards in s.10.102(7)
2889	4. days and hours of operation

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2890	5. ingress and egress
2891	6. sanitation
2892	7. trash / recycling collection and disposal
2893	8. proposed signage
2894	 9. other public safety issues (b) Front plans must be filed with the following:
2895 2896	(b) Event plans must be filed with the following:
2890	 the zoning administrator, town clerk,
2897	3. servicing fire department,
2898	4. emergency medical service provider,
2900	5. Dane County Sheriff's Department and
2901	6. any local law enforcement agency.
2901	(c) Event plans for such activities must be filed at least 30 days prior to the start of any
2902	agricultural entertainment activities in each calendar year.
2505	agricultural entertainment activities in each calcillar year.
2904	(17) Salvage yards or junkyards
2905	(a) Use. For purposes of this ordinance, any premises used for the storage, gathering,
2906	recycling or sale of junk, as defined in this chapter, is a salvage recycling center. A
2907	salvage recycling center need not have a commercial purpose.
2908	1. Junk, as defined under this chapter, may be stored on any premises on which a
2909	permitted business enterprise is actually conducted, provided, that all such junk is
2910	actually used in the conduct of such permitted business enterprise, and that all
2911	such junk is at all times stored in an enclosed building on the premises, thereby
2912	securing it from public view.
2913	2. Junk, as defined in this chapter, may be stored on any premises used chiefly for
2914	residential purposes, provided that it is stored solely for eventual use on the
2915	premises, and that all such junk is at all times stored in an enclosed building
2916	thereby securing it from public view.
2917	(b) Location and boundaries.
2918	1. No salvage yard or junkyard shall be located within two hundred (200) feet of the
2919	boundary of a residential district.
2920	2. No salvage yard or junkyard shall be located within the zone of contribution to a
2921	municipal well, as shown in the most current adopted version of the <i>Dane County</i>
2922	Water Quality Plan.
2923	(c) License.
2924	1. Before any premises may be used as a privately operated salvage yard or
2925	junkyard, it shall be licensed. Application for such license shall be made to the
2926	zoning administrator, setting forth the description of the premises, the nature of
2927	the business and the materials to be handled, the type of construction of any
2928	building to be used in connection with the business, the applicant's name or
2929	names, officers, if any, and address of each. The application shall be referred to
2930	the zoning committee which shall, within a reasonable time, hold a public

- 2931 hearing, notice of which shall be given by a class 2 notice under chapter 985, Wis. 2932 Stats. If, after such public hearing, the zoning committee finds that the premises 2933 are in conformity with the provisions of this ordinance, and that the site is 2934 suitable for the conduct of such business, the committee shall grant a license, and such license shall expire on July 1 of each year. Licenses may be renewed from 2935 2936 year to year on authorization of the committee when inspection discloses that 2937 the business is being conducted in accordance with the provisions of this 2938 ordinance.
- 2939
 2. Revocation of license. Upon the complaint of any interested person, or on its own motion or after inspection discloses that the provisions of this ordinance are being violated, the zoning committee may hold a public hearing to determine whether a privately operated salvage yard or junkyard license shall be revoked, notice of such hearing to be given to all interested parties. After public hearing, the zoning committee may order the license revoked.
- 2945 3. Should any town elect to license salvage yard or junkyards by adoption of an 2946 ordinance pursuant to the provisions of s. 59.55(5), Wis. Stats., and file a copy of 2947 such ordinance with the zoning department, then the provisions of paragraphs (a) 2948 and (b) above shall not apply, but no such license shall be issued by any town for 2949 such purpose unless the area is properly zoned and unless the zoning committee, 2950 after public hearing, determines that the site is suitable. When a salvage yard or 2951 junkyard is licensed by the town, then the responsibility of controlling such 2952 salvage yard or junkyard rests with the town.
- 2953 (18) Small-scale farming.

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- (a) Small-scale farming is considered an accessory use to a permitted or conditional principal use and is subject to the following limitations:
 - (b) Except for domestic pets, domestic fowl and beekeeping, animal use shall not be permitted on parcels smaller than one acre. For parcels one acre or larger, animals shall be limited to one animal unit per acre.
- (c) Accessory buildings, structures or cages housing livestock shall be at least 100 feet from any residence (R) district.
- 2961 (19) Solid waste disposal operations.
- Solid waste disposal operations shall not be located within the zone of contribution for
 municipal wells, as shown in the most current adopted version of the *Dane County Water Quality Plan*.
 - (20) Temporary batch concrete and asphalt production.
- (a) The zoning committee and town board shall set daily limits on hours for concrete
 and asphalt production, as necessary to minimize impact on neighboring
 properties. Schedules for concrete or asphalt production need not conform to
 hours of operation for the overall mineral extraction project.

- (b) Operators of concrete or asphalt plants shall be responsible for any conditions
 placed on such operations.
 (c) Asphalt production facilities must comply with all requirements, including spill
 - (c) Asphalt production facilities must comply with all requirements, including spill containment, of Chapter ATCP 93, Wisconsin Administrative Code..
- 2973 2974

2975 10.200. Zoning Districts

2976	(1) Purpose.
2977	All lands located within the jurisdiction of this chapter are hereby divided into zoning
2978	districts in order to:
2979	(a) achieve compatibility of land uses within each district
2980	(b) implement the adopted goals, objectives and policies of the Dane County
2981	Comprehensive Plan, town comprehensive plans, and the Dane County Farmland
2982	Preservation Plan, and
2983	(c) to achieve the other stated purposes of this chapter.
2984	(2) Zoning Districts
2985	(a) Sections 10.210 through 10.292 describe the zoning districts within the jurisdiction
2986	of this Chapter.
2987	(b) In each zoning district, land uses are divided into permitted and conditional uses.
2988	1. Unless specifically exempted, no development intended to accommodate a
2989	permitted use listed in the applicable zoning district may take place until the
2990	Zoning Administrator, or designee, has issued a zoning permit under s.10.100(1)
2991	2. No land use listed as a conditional use in the applicable zoning district may take
2992	place until the town board and zoning committee approve a conditional use
2993	permit under s. 10.100(7), or the board of adjustment overturns a denial of a
2994	conditional use permit under s. 10.100(7)(c)4.
2995	3. Land uses not listed as either permitted uses or conditional uses are considered
2996	to be prohibited in that zoning district.
2997	(3) Table of Land Uses by Zoning District
2998	The following tables provide a summary of permitted and conditional uses in each

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Table 2: Natural Resource and Recreational Uses by Zoning District

standards and requirements.

	Resou		Farmla	nd Prese	ervation	Rural	tional / Mixed	Rural Residential	R	lesidenti	al	Neight	itional porhood	C	ommerci	ial	Indu	istrial
	Recre						se					-	/ Hamlet					
Land use Undeveloped natural resources	NR-C P	RE P	FP-35	FP-1 P	FP-B P	AT P	RM P	RR P	SFR P	TFR	MFR P	TND-R P	TND-M P	LC P	GC P	HC P	RI	MI P
and open space areas		•		·				•						•			•	
Outdoor passive recreation	C*	Р										Р	Р					
Outdoor active recreation (day operations)		Р										р	Р					
Outdoor active recreation (night operations)		C										С	С		С	С		
Outdoor assembly events		С			1		1						С		С	С		1
Campgrounds		С																

zoning district. Please refer to the specific section for each zoning district for detailed

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P = "Permitted" C = "Conditional" * = with limitations

Table 3: Agriculture, Agriculture Accessory and Agriculture-Related Uses by Zoning District

	Resou	ural urce & eation	Farmla	nd Prese	ervation	Rural	tional / Mixed se	Rural Residential	R	lesidenti	al	Neight	litional borhood / Hamlet	C	ommerci	ial	Indu	strial
Land use	NR-C	RE	FP-35	FP-1	FP-B	AT	RM	RR	SFR	TFR	MFR	TND-R	TND-M	LC	GC	HC	RI	МІ
Agriculture		Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р							Р			Р	
Agricultural accessory (not listed below)			Р	Р	Р	Р	Р										Р	
Farm residence (primary or secondary)			С		C	С												
Rental of existing or secondary residences located on a farm			Р		Р	Р												
Limited farm business		1	С	с	с	с	1				<u> </u>							
Agricultural entertainment (> 10 days)			с	с	С	С	С											
Sanitary plumbing fixtures in accessory buildings			С	С	С	C	C											
Agriculture-related (not listed below)					Р													
Bio-diesel and ethanol manufacturing					С													С
Biopower facilities for distribution, retail, or wholesale sales					с													С
Dead stock hauling services		1		(С		1				1							С
Fertilizer manufacturing plants					С						[С
Fertilizer mixing or blending plants					C													С
Manure processing facilities					Ċ													С
Stock yards, livestock auction facilities					С													С

P = "Permitted" C = "Conditional" * = with limitations

Table 4: Institutional, Utility & Transportation Uses by Zoning District

	Nat	ural	Farmla	nd Prese	ervation	Transi	tional /	Rural	R	esidenti	al	Trad	itional	C	ommerc	ial	Indu	ıstrial
	Resou	irce &				Rural	Mixed	Residential				Neight	oorhood					
	Recre	ation				U	se					Design	/ Hamlet					
Land use	NR-C	RE	FP-35	FP-1	FP-B	AT	RM	RR	SFR	TFR	MFR	TND-R	TND-M	LC	GC	HC	RI	МІ
Governmental, institutional,							С	С	С	С	С	Р	Р	С	Р	Р	С	С
religious, or nonprofit																		
community uses																		
Daycare center							С	С	С	С	С	С	С		Р	Р		
Institutional residential											С	С	С		С			
Utility services		Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Transportation, utility, communication, or other use (pre-empted by state of federal law)		Р	Р	Ρ	Ρ	Р	Р	Ρ	Р	Ρ	Ρ	Р	Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р
Transportation, utility, communication or other use (not pre-empted by state of federal law)	C*	C	C	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	С	с	С	С	с	с	с	С
Airport, landing strip or heliport			C		с	С	С								С	с		
Freight and passenger bus terminal																		
Off-site parking lot															Р	Р		Р

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P = "Permitted" C = "Conditional" * = with limitations

	Nat Resou Recre	irce &	Farmlar	nd Prese	rvation	Rural	tional / Mixed se	Rural Residential	R	les identi	al	Neighb	itional oorhood / Hamlet	С	ommerci	ial	Indu	us tria
Land use	NR-C	RE	FP-35	FP-1	FP-B	AT	RM	RR	SFR	TFR	MFR	TND-R	TND-M	LC	GC	HC	RI	1
Single family residential								Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р		С			
Two-family residential										Р	Р	Р	Р		С			1
Multifamily residential Mixed commercial/residential use											Р	с	C P		c c			
Community living arrangements for less than nine (9) persons							Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р					
Community living arrangements for nine (9) to fifteen (15) persons							с	с	c	c	с	с	с					
Rooming house											Р	с	с					1
Manufactured home communities											с		с		с			1
Residential accessory (not listed below)			P*		P*	P*	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р					
Accessory dwelling unit (attached) Accessory dwelling unit (detached)							с	с	с	P C	P C	P C	P C					
Domestic fowl and beekeeping.									Р	Р		Р	Р					
Foster homes for less than five (5) children licensed under section 48.62, Wis. Stats			P*		P*	P*	Р	P	Р	P	Ρ	P	P					
Home occupations			Р		Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р				+
Limited family business Small scale farming*								Ρ				c	c					
Tourist or transient lodging							с	с	с	c	с	с	с		Р			+
Incidental room rental More than 1 animal unit per			Р		Р	Р	P	C P C	P	P	P	P	P		P			1

Cable E: Posidential & Posidential Accessory Lloss by Zoning District

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P = "Permitted" C = "Conditional" * = with limitations

	Nati Resou Recre	irce &	Farmla	nd Prese	ervation	Rural	tional / Mixed se	Rural Residential	F	Residenti	al	Neight	itional oorhood / Hamlet	С	ommerc	ial	Indu	ustri
Land use	NR-C	RE	FP-35	FP-1	FP-B	AT	RM	RR	SFR	TFR	MFR	TND-R	TND-M	LC	GC	нс	RI	
Adult book stores																Р		1
Adult entertainment																		+
Automotive services										+	1		с		с	Р		1
Commercial Animal Boarding,				<u> </u>	<u>†</u>		с			ł	t		č		c	c		+
Domestic Pet										1								
Commercial Animal Boarding,			с	с	с	с	с			+								+
Large Animal				C	C	L	C											
Commercial Indoor Lodging				<u> </u>		••••••				+			с		c	P		+
Contractor operations			1	İ	1		İ			1	1			 P		Р	Р	1
Distribution center			1	†	1		1			1	†	t			с	c		+
Indoor entertainment													с		Р	Р		†
Indoor maintenance and repair					1					1	1		Р	P*	Р	Р	Р	1
Indoor sales				t	1		t			1	t		Р		Р	Р		+
Indoor storage					·					1	1			Р	P	P	Р	+
In-vehicle sales or service															†	c		+
Marinas										+	+				с	c		+
Office				h						1	†		Р		<u>Р</u>	P	Р	+
Outdoor entertainment		с											c		c	c		
Outdoor sales, display, or repair.																Р	Р	
Outdoor Storage				<u> </u>						1	1			С	с	с	Р	+
Personal or professional service										[1		Р		Р	Р		T
Personal storage facility										1	1					с		1
Storage of less than 12 total				1	1		1			1	1			Р	1	P	Р	1
vehicles and pieces of											1							1
construction equipment																		
Veterinary clinics					Р	******	С		*****			*****	Р		Р	Р		1
Caretaker's residence		С					1			1	1			c	C	C	С	+
Residential uses in a					†					†	t				c			+
commercial zone																		
Storage of more than 12 total										1	1			С		С		\top
vehicles and pieces of										1	1							
construction equipment										1	1							1

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	Nat Resou Recre		Farmla	nd Prese	rvation	Rural	tional / Mixed se	Rural Residential	F	lesidenti	al	Neight	itional oorhood / Hamlet	C	ommerc	ial	Indu	us
Land use	NR-C	RE	FP-35	FP-1	FP-B	AT	RM	RR	SFR	TFR	MFR	TND-R	TND-M	LC	GC	нс	RI	Т
Heavy industrial																		
Light industrial												<u> </u>		С	с	Р		-
Manufacturing																		-
Mineral extraction			с		с	с	C*										С	~
Salvage recycling centers																	С	
Solid waste recycling centers																	С	-
Storage of explosive materials																	С	-
Temporary asphalt and concrete production			с		С	С	C*										с	~~
Demolition material disposal sites																	с	
Dumping grounds																	с	
Incinerator sites																	С	-
Processing or composting of organic byproducts or wastes (not ag-related)													\mathbf{b}				С	~
Sanitary landfills							1									1	С	

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P = "Permitted" C = "Conditional" = with limitations

(4) Zoning Maps

- (a) Base and overlay zoning districts established by this chapter are shown on the Official Zoning Map of Dane County, on file with the Zoning Administrator. Together with all explanatory materials thereon, the Official Zoning Map of Dane County is hereby made part of this chapter. Where the Official Zoning Map does not indicate a zoning district for a particular area, unless the Map is in error, that area is either within the corporate limits of a city, within an area subject to extraterritorial zoning, and/or not subject to any rules associated with a zoning district.
- (5) Interpretation Of Zoning District Boundaries. 3034
- The following rules shall be used to determine the precise location of any zoning district 3035 3036 boundary shown on the Official Zoning Map of Dane County:
 - (a) Zoning district boundaries shown as following or approximately following the limits of any city, town or County boundary shall be construed as following such limits.
- 3039 (b) Zoning district boundaries shown as following or approximately following public streets or railroad lines shall be construed as following the centerline of such 3040 3041 streets or railroad lines.
- (c) Zoning district boundaries shown as following or approximately following platted 3042 3043 lot lines, ordinary high water marks, or other property lines as shown on the Lincoln 3044 County parcel maps shall be construed as following such lines.

Items highlighted in yellow indicate new language or significant changes from current ordinance or practice.

- 3045(d) Zoning district boundaries shown as following or approximately following the3046centerlines of streams, rivers, or other continuously flowing watercourses shall be3047construed as following the channel centerlines of such watercourses, and, in the3048event of a natural change in the location of such streams, rivers, or other3049watercourses, the zoning district boundary shall be construed as moving with the3050channel centerline.
 - (e) Zoning district boundaries shown as separated from any of the features listed in paragraphs (a) through (d) above shall be construed to be at such distances as shown on the Official Zoning Map
 - (f) Streets, highways, roads or alleys which are shown on the zoning district maps and which heretofore have been vacated, or which may be vacated hereafter, shall be in the same zoning district as the lots, pieces or parcels abutting both sides of the street, highway, road or alley involved. If the lots, pieces or parcels abutting each side of the street, highway, road or alley were located in different zoning districts before the said street or alley was vacated, the centerline of the said vacated street or alley shall be the boundary line of the respective zoning districts.
 - (g) Where the exact location of a zoning district boundary, as shown on the Official Zoning Map, is uncertain, the boundary location shall be determined by the Zoning Administrator.
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3065 10.210. Natural Resource and Recreation Zoning Districts

3066 (1) Provisions applicable to all Natural Resource and Recreation Districts

3067 10.211. NR-C (Natural Resource Conservation) Zoning District

3068 **(1)** Purpose.

- 3069 The purpose of the NR-C Natural Resource Conservation district is to protect, maintain, 3070 and enhance natural resource and open space areas. Limited permitted and conditional
- 3071 uses are offered, and regulation of these areas will serve to control erosion and
- 3072 promote the rural character and natural beauty of the County while seeking to assure
- 3073 protection of areas with significant topography, natural watersheds, ground and surface
- 3074 water, wildlife habitat, recreational sites, archeological sites, and other natural resource
- 3075 characteristics that contribute to the environmental quality of the County.

3076 (2) Permitted uses

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- (a) Undeveloped natural resource and open space area.
- (b) Hiking, fishing, trapping, hunting, swimming and boating.
- 3079 (c) Outdoor passive recreation
 - (d) Propagation and raising of game animals, fowl and fish.
 - (e) The practice of silviculture, including the planting, thinning and harvesting of timber.
 - (f) The harvesting of any wild crops such as marsh hay, ferns, moss, berries, tree fruits and tree seeds, in a manner that is not injurious to the natural reproduction of such crops.
 - (g) Pasturing/grazing of domestic animals, limited to one (1) animal unit per each full acre.
 - (h) Uses permitted within a shoreland or inland wetland district under ss. 11.07 and 11.08, Dane County Code. Pasturing of livestock is subject to the animal unit limitation in sub. (e), above.
- 3091 (i) Soil conservation, shoreland, wetland and ecological restoration practices under an
 approved permit and consistent with technical standards approved by the Director
 of the Land and Water Resources.
 - (j) Nonresidential buildings or structures accessory to any permitted use, provided any such building or structure is not located in a floodway, shoreland-wetland, or inland-wetland district.
- 3097 (3) Conditional uses
 - (a) The establishment and development of public and private parks and recreation areas, primitive campgrounds, boat access sites, natural and outdoor education

 3101 wildlife habitat areas. 3102 (b) Soil conservation, shoreland, wetland and ecological restoration practices, other 3103 than those listed as permitted uses above. 3104 (c) The construction and maintenance of roads, railroads or utilities, provided that: 3105 1. The facilities cannot as a practical matter be located outside the NR-C district; and 3106 2. Any filling, excavating, ditching, draining, land disturbance or removal of 3107 vegetation that is to be done must be necessary for such construction or 3108 maintenance and must be done in a manner designed to minimize adverse 	3100	areas, historic and scientific areas, wildlife refuges, game preserves and private
 than those listed as permitted uses above. (c) The construction and maintenance of roads, railroads or utilities, provided that: The facilities cannot as a practical matter be located outside the NR-C district; and Any filling, excavating, ditching, draining, land disturbance or removal of vegetation that is to be done must be necessary for such construction or 	3101	wildlife habitat areas.
 3104 (c) The construction and maintenance of roads, railroads or utilities, provided that: 3105 1. The facilities cannot as a practical matter be located outside the NR-C district; and 3106 2. Any filling, excavating, ditching, draining, land disturbance or removal of vegetation that is to be done must be necessary for such construction or 	3102	(b) Soil conservation, shoreland, wetland and ecological restoration practices, other
 The facilities cannot as a practical matter be located outside the NR-C district; and Any filling, excavating, ditching, draining, land disturbance or removal of vegetation that is to be done must be necessary for such construction or 	3103	than those listed as permitted uses above.
31062. Any filling, excavating, ditching, draining, land disturbance or removal of vegetation that is to be done must be necessary for such construction or	3104	(c) The construction and maintenance of roads, railroads or utilities, provided that:
3107 vegetation that is to be done must be necessary for such construction or	3105	1. The facilities cannot as a practical matter be located outside the NR-C district; and
	3106	2. Any filling, excavating, ditching, draining, land disturbance or removal of
3108 maintenance and must be done in a manner designed to minimize adverse	3107	vegetation that is to be done must be necessary for such construction or
	3108	maintenance and must be done in a manner designed to minimize adverse
3109 impacts upon the natural and ecological resources of the site.	3109	impacts upon the natural and ecological resources of the site.
3110 3. Lot size requirements	3110	3. Lot size requirements
3111 a. Minimum lot size. None.	3111	a. Minimum lot size. None.
3112 b. Maximum lot size. None.	3112	b. Maximum lot size. None.
3113 4. Setbacks and required yards	3113	4. Setbacks and required yards
a. Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as	3114	a. Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as
3115 described in s. 10.06(8). For parcels without road frontage, structures must	3115	described in s. 10.06(8). For parcels without road frontage, structures must
3116 be at least four feet from the lot line where primary access to the parcel is	3116	be at least four feet from the lot line where primary access to the parcel is
3117 made.	3117	made.
3118 b. Side yard. Any permitted structures must be at least four feet from the side	3118	b. Side yard. Any permitted structures must be at least four feet from the side
3119 lot line.	3119	lot line.
3120 c. Rear yard. Any permitted structures must be at least four feet from the	3120	c. Rear yard. Any permitted structures must be at least four feet from the
3121 rear lot line.	3121	rear lot line.
3122 d. Lot coverage.	3122	d. Lot coverage.
3123	3123	

3124 10.212. RE (Recreational) Zoning District

- (1) Purpose. The purpose of the RE Recreational District is to allow for a mix of
 environmental conservation and both passive and active outdoor recreation activities.
 Permitted uses are those typically associated with public or private parks, golf courses
 and similar land uses that produce limited noise, traffic, light and other potential
 nuisances. Conditional uses include those uses, such as lighted athletic fields, outdoor
 concerts and commercial uses that have the potential to generate significant noise,
- 3131 traffic or other impacts to neighboring properties.
- 3132 (2) Permitted uses
- 3133 (a) All uses permitted in the NR-C district
- **(b)** All conditional uses in the NR-C district
- 3135 (c) Agricultural uses
- 3136 (d) Outdoor active recreation, not lighted for nighttime activities
- 3137 (e) Outdoor passive recreation
- 3138 (f) Recreational accessory uses
- 3139 (g) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use
- 3140 (3) Conditional uses
- 3141 (a) Campgrounds
- 3142 (b) Caretaker's residence
- 3143 (c) Cemeteries

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- 3144 (d) Outdoor active recreation, lighted for nighttime activities
- 3145 (e) Outdoor assembly events
- 3146 (f) Outdoor entertainment
 - (g) The construction and maintenance of roads, railroads, utilities, provided that:
 - 1. The facilities cannot as a practical matter be located outside the RE district; and
- 3149
 3150
 3151
 3152
 2. Any filling, excavating, ditching, draining, land disturbance or removal of vegetation that is to be done must be necessary for such construction or maintenance and must be done in a manner designed to minimize adverse impacts upon the natural and ecological resources of the site.

3153 (4) Lot size requirements

- 3154(a) Minimum lot size. All lots created in the RE-1 zoning district must be at least 15,0003155square feet in area.
 - (b) Maximum lot size. None.
- 3157 (5) Setbacks and required yards.
- 3158 (a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described
 3159 in <u>s. 10.06(8)</u>. For parcels without road frontage, structures must be at least four
 3160 feet from the lot line where primary access to the parcel is made.

- 3161 (b) Side yard. Any permitted structures must be at least four feet from the side lot line.
 3162 (c) Rear yard. Any permitted structures must be at least four feet from the rear lot
 - (c) Rear yard. Any permitted structures must be at least four feet from the rear lot line.
- **(6)** Lot coverage.
- 3165

3166 10.220. Farmland Preservation Districts

3167	(1) Provisions applicable to all Farmland Preservation Districts
3168	(a) Conditional Use Standards in Farmland Preservation Districts. In addition to the
3169	requirements of <u>s. 10.05(7)(d)</u> , the zoning committee must find that the following
3170	standards are met before approving any conditional use permit in any Farmland
3171	Preservation zoning district.
3172	1. The use and its location in the Farmland Preservation Zoning District are
3173	consistent with the purposes of the district.
3174	2. The use and its location in the Farmland Preservation Zoning district are
3175	reasonable and appropriate, considering alternative locations, or are specifically
3176	approved under state or federal law.
3177	3. The use is reasonably designed to minimize the conversion of land, at and around
3178	the site of the use, from agricultural use or open space use.
3179	4. The use does not substantially impair or limit the current or future agricultural
3180	use of surrounding parcels of land that are zoned for or legally restricted to
3181	agricultural use.
3182	5. Construction damage to land remaining in agricultural use is minimized and
3183	repaired, to the extent feasible.
3184	(b) Rezones out of a Farmland Preservation Zoning District. The county board must
3185	find that the following standards are met before approving any petition to rezone
3186	any land from a Farmland Preservation Zoning district to a non-Farmland
3187	Preservation zoning district:
3188	1. The land is better suited for a use not allowed in the farmland preservation
3189	zoning district.
3190	2. The rezoning is consistent with the current adopted version of the Dane County
3191	Comprehensive Plan.
3192	3. The rezoning is substantially consistent with the current state- certified <i>Dane</i>
3193	County Farmland Preservation Plan.
3194	4. The rezoning will not substantially impair or limit current or future agricultural
3195	use of surrounding parcels of land that are zoned for or legally restricted to
3196	agricultural use.
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3198 10.221. FP-1 (Small-lot Farmland Preservation) Zoning District

3199	(1) Purpose. The FP-1 district is designed to:
3200	(a) Provide for a modest range of agriculture and agricultural accessory uses, at scales
3201	consistent with the size of the parcel and compatible with neighboring land uses.
3202	The FP-1 district accommodates uses which are associated with production and
3203	harvesting of crops, livestock, animal products or plant materials. These uses may
3204	involve noise, dust, odors, heavy equipment, use of chemicals and long hours of
3205	operation.
3206	(b) Allow for incidental processing, packaging, storage, transportation, distribution or
3207	other activities intended to add value to agricultural products produced on the
3208	premises or to ready such products for market.
3209	(c) Preserve agricultural and open space uses on zoning lots between one (1) and
3210	thirty-five (35) acres in size.
3211	(d) Provide for additional economic opportunities for property owners that are
3212	generally compatible with agricultural use, such as the establishment of new small-
3213	scale farming operations, including market gardens, road-side farmstands, pick-
3214	your-own operations, or Community Support Agriculture farms.
3215	(e) Preserve remnant parcels of productive agricultural land following development of
3216	adjoining property.
3217	(f) Meet the criteria for certification as a Farmland Preservation Zoning District under
3218	s. 91.38, Wis. Stats.
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3219	(2) Permitted uses. The following are permitted uses in this district:
3220	(a) Agricultural uses. Livestock use must comply with Chapter ATCP 50, Wisconsin
3221	Administrative Code.
3222	(b) Agricultural Accessory Uses, subject to the exceptions and limitations below.
3223	1. Exceptions.
3224	a. Farm residences
3225	b. Uses listed as conditional uses below.
3226	2. Limitations.
3227	a. Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts,
3228	exhibition of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association
3229	meetings and similar activities, must occur on five or fewer days in a calendar
3230	year.
3231	b. The seasonal storage of recreational equipment and motor vehicles owned
3232	by private individuals other than those residing on the premises, such
3233	storage to be in accessory farm buildings existing as of January 1, 2010. The
3234	storage of a dealer's inventory or the construction of any new buildings for
3235	storage is prohibited.
3236	(c) Large animal boarding that complies with ATCP 50, Wisconsin Administrative Code.
3237	(d) Undeveloped natural resource and open space areas.
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Comprehensive Revision of Dane County Zoning Ordinance (Ch. 10, Dane County Code) ORDINANCE WORKING DRAFT. This is a preliminary document, not for adoption and subject to periodic updates. Last updated June 12, 2017 (e) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use. 3238 3239 (f) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is: 3240 1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or; 3241 2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit. 3242 3243 (3) Conditional uses. 3244 (a) Agricultural accessory uses. In addition to the other requirements of this ordinance, the following uses must meet the definition of an agricultural accessory use under 3245 3246 s. 10.04(9). 1. Sale of agricultural and dairy products not produced on the premises and 3247 incidental sale of non-alcoholic beverages and snacks. 3248 3249 2. Agricultural entertainment activities. 3. Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts, 3250 3251 exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings 3252 and similar activities, occurring on more than five days in a calendar year. 3253 4. Limited farm business. 3254 5. Sanitary facilities in an agricultural accessory building. 3255 (b) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage uses, not listed as a permitted use above. 3256 3257 (4) Lot size requirements. (a) Minimum lot size. All lots created in the FP-1 zoning district must be at least one 3258 3259 acre in area, excluding public rights-of-way. (b) Maximum lot size. All lots created in the FP-1 zoning district must be smaller than 3260 35 acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way. 3261 3262 (c) Minimum lot width. All lots created in the FP-1 zoning district must have a minimum width of 100 feet. 3263 (5) Setbacks and required yards. 3264 (a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described in 3265 s. 10.06(8). For parcels without road frontage, structures must be at least 50 feet 3266 3267 from the lot line where primary access to the parcel is made. (b) Side yard. 3268 3269 **1.** Structures housing livestock must be: 3270 a. At least 100 feet from the side lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential 3271 zoning districts, or **b.** At least 10 feet from any other side lot line. 3272 3273 2. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any side 3274 lot line. (c) Rear yard. 3275 3276 1. Structures housing livestock must be at least:

- a. 100 feet from the rear lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning 3277 3278 districts, or 3279
 - **b.** 10 feet from any other rear lot line.
- 3280 2. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any rear lot line. 3281
- 3282 (6) Building height.
 - (a) Agricultural buildings. There is no limitation on height for agricultural buildings.
- 3284 (7) Lot coverage.
- (a) Parcels under 2 acres in area. No building together with its accessory buildings shall 3285 3286 occupy in excess of 30 percent (30%) of the area of an interior lot or 35 percent 3287 (35%) of the area of a corner lot.
- (b) Parcels over 2 acres in area. No limitation on lot coverage. 3288
- 3289 (8) Other restrictions on buildings.
- 3290 (a) Accessory buildings.
 - 1. There is no limitation on the number of accessory buildings in the FP-35 district.
 - 2. Accessory buildings may be constructed on property without a principal residence only if it is clearly related to a legitimate agricultural or agricultural accessory use.
 - 3. Sanitary facilities are prohibited in agricultural accessory buildings unless specifically authorized by conditional use permit.
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3297 10.222. FP-35 (General Farmland Preservation) Zoning District

3298	(1) Purpose.
3299	The FP-35 General Farmland Preservation district is designed to:
3300	(a) Provide for a wide range of agriculture and agricultural accessory uses, at various
3301	scales. The FP-35 district accommodates as permitted uses all activities typically
3302	associated with the primary production and harvesting of crops, livestock, animal
3303	products or plant materials. Such uses may involve noise, dust, odors, heavy
3304	equipment, use of chemicals and long hours of operation.
3305	(b) Allow for incidental processing, packaging, storage, transportation, distribution or
3306	other activities intended to add value to agricultural products produced on the
3307	premises or to ready such products for market. Such uses are conditional as they
3308	may have the potential to pose conflicts with agricultural use due to: volumes or
3309	speed of vehicular traffic; residential density; proximity to incompatible uses;
3310	environmental impacts; or consumption of agriculturally productive lands.
3311	(c) Allow for other incidental activities, compatible with agricultural use, to
3312	supplement farm family income and support the agricultural community.
3313	(d) Preserve productive agricultural land for food and fiber production.
3314	(e) Preserve productive farms by preventing land use conflicts between incompatible
3315	uses.
3316	(f) Maintain a viable agricultural base to support agricultural processing and service
3317	industries.
3318	(g) Reduce costs for providing services to scattered non-farm uses
3319	(h) Pace and shape urban growth.
3320	(i) Meet the criteria for certification as a Farmland Preservation Zoning District under
3321	s. 91.38, Wis. Stats.
3322	(2) Permitted uses
3323	(a) Agricultural Uses.
3324	(b) Agricultural Accessory Uses, except those uses listed as conditional uses in subd.(3)
3325	below, and subject to the following limitations and standards.
3326	1. Any residence lawfully existing as of February 20,2010, provided all of the
3327	following criteria are met:
3328	a. the use remains residential,
3329	b. the structure complies with all building height, setback, side yard and rear
3330	yard standards of this ordinance; and
3331	c. for replacement residences, the structure must be located within 100 feet of
3332	the original residence, unless site-specific limitations or town residential
3333	siting standards in town plans adopted by the county board require a
3334	greater distance. Proposals for a replacement residence that would exceed
3335	the 100 foot limitation must be approved by the relevant town board and
3336	county zoning committee.
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3337	2. Rental of existing or secondary residences located on a farm, but no longer
3338	utilized in the operation of the farm.
3339	3. Agricultural entertainment activities under 10 days per calendar year in the
3340	aggregate, including incidental preparation and sale of beverages and food.
3341	4. Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts,
3342	exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings
3343	and similar activities occurring on no more than five days in a calendar year.
3344	5. The seasonal storage of recreational equipment and motor vehicles owned by
3345	private individuals other than those residing on the premises, such storage to be
3346	in accessory farm buildings existing as of January 1, 2010. The storage of a
3347	dealer's inventory or the construction of any new buildings for storage is
3348	prohibited.
3349	(c) Large animal boarding that complies with ATCP 50, Wisconsin Administrative Code.
3350	(d) Undeveloped natural resource and open space areas.
3351	(e) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use.
3352	(f) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
3353	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
3354	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
3355	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
3356	(3) Conditional uses. The following uses require a Conditional Use Permit in this district:
3357	(a) Agricultural Accessory Uses: In addition to other requirements of this ordinance,
3358	the following uses must meet the definition of an agricultural accessory use under
3359	s. 10.04(9).
3360	1. Farm Residence, subject to s. 10.07(11).
3361	 Secondary farm residence, subject to s. 10.07(11).
3362	3. Airports, landing strips or heliports for private aircraft owned by the owner or
3363	operator of a farm.
3364	4. Limited Farm Business.
3365	5. Sale of agricultural and dairy products not produced on the premises and
3366	incidental sale of non-alcoholic beverages and snacks.
3367	6. Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts,
3368	exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings
3369	and similar activities, occurring on more than five days in a calendar year.
3370	7. Agricultural entertainment activities occurring 10 days or more per calendar year,
3371	in aggregate.
3372	(b) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
3373	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
3374	(c) Non-metallic mineral extraction operations that comply with s. 91.46(6), Wis. Stats.,
3375	s. 10.07(14) and chapter 74.
3376	(d) Small scale electric generating stations, meeting the requirements of s. 91.46(4),
3377	Wis. Stats., that produce energy primarily for users off the farm.

(4) Lot size requirements. 3378 3379 (a) Minimum lot size. All lots created in the FP-35 zoning district must be at least 3380 thirty-five (35) acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way. 3381 (b) Maximum lot size. None. (c) Minimum lot width. None. 3382 3383 (5) Setbacks. 3384 (a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described in s. 10.06(8). 3385 3386 (b) Side yards. Any permitted structures must be set back from side property lines as 3387 follows: 1. Principal residential buildings must be at least 10 feet from any side lot line and a 3388 total of at least 25 feet from both side lot lines. 3389 3390 **2.** Structures housing livestock must be: 3391 a. At least 100 feet from the side lot line of any parcel in any of the 3392 Residential zoning districts, or 3393 b. At least 10 feet from any other side lot line. 3394 **3.** Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any side 3395 lot line. (c) Rear yard. Any permitted structures must be set back from rear property lines as 3396 3397 follows: 1. Principal residential buildings must be at least 50 feet from the rear lot line. 3398 3399 2. Uncovered decks or porches attached to a principal residence must be at least 38 3400 feet from the rear lot line. 3. Structures housing livestock must be at least: 3401 a. 100 feet from the rear lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning 3402 3403 districts, or **b.** 10 feet from any other rear lot line. 3404 3405 4. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any rear 3406 lot line. 3407 (6) Building height. 3408 (a) Residential buildings. 1. Principal residential buildings shall not exceed a height of two and a half stories or 3409 35 feet. 3410 3411 2. Residential accessory buildings shall not exceed a height of 35 feet. (b) Agricultural buildings. There is no limitation on height for agricultural buildings. 3412 3413 (7) Lot coverage. There is no limitation on lot coverage in the FP-35 district. (8) Other restrictions on buildings. 3414

3415	1. Principal buildings. Except for secondary farm residences authorized by
3416	conditional use permit, no more than one principal building is permitted per lot.
3417	2. Accessory buildings.
3418	a. There is no limitation on the number of accessory buildings in the FP-35
3419	district.
3420	b. Accessory buildings may be constructed on property without a principal
3421	residence only if it is clearly related to a legitimate agricultural or
3422	agricultural accessory use.
3423	c. Sanitary fixtures are permitted in agricultural accessory buildings, however
3424	accessory buildings may not be used as living space.
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3426 10.223. FP-B (Farmland Preservation – Business) Zoning District

3427	(1) Purpose. The FP-B Farmland Preservation-Business District is designed to:
3428	(a) Provide for a wide range of agriculture, agricultural accessory and agriculture-
3429	related uses, at various scales with the minimum lot area necessary to
3430	accommodate the use. The FP-B district accommodates uses which are commercial
3431	or industrial in nature; are associated with agricultural production; require a rural
3432	location due to extensive land area needs or proximity of agricultural resources;
3433	and do not require urban services.
3434	1. In appearance and operation permitted uses in the FP-B district are often
3435	indistinguishable from a farm.
3436	2. Conditional uses are more clearly commercial or industrial in nature, and may
3437	involve facilities or processes that require a remote location distant from
3438	incompatible uses, proximity to agricultural products or suppliers and/or access
3439	to utility services or major transportation infrastructure.
3440	3. Examples of activities in the FP-B district may include, but are not limited to,
3441	agricultural support services, value-added, or related businesses such as
3442	implement dealers; veterinary clinics; farm machinery repair shops; agricultural
3443	supply sales, marketing, storage, and distribution centers; plant and tree
3444	nurseries; and facilities for the processing of natural agricultural products or by-
3445	products, including fruits, vegetables, silage, or animal proteins. Such activities
3446	are characterized by:
3447	a. Wholesale or retail sales, and outdoor storage/display of agriculture-
3448	related equipment, inputs, and products;
3449	b. Parking areas, outdoor lighting, and signage appropriate to the scale of use;
3450	c. Small, medium, or large utilitarian structures/facilities/workshops,
3451	appropriate to the scale of use;
3452	d. Low to moderate traffic volumes;
3453	e. Noises, odors, dust, or other potential nuisances associated with
3454	agriculture-related production or processing.
3455	f. Meet the requirements for certification as a Farmland Preservation Zoning
3456	District under s. 91.38, Wis. Stats.
3457	(2) Permitted uses.
3458	(a) Agricultural uses.
3459	(b) Agricultural Accessory Uses, except those uses listed as conditional uses and subject
3460	to the limitations and standards below.
3461	1. Agricultural entertainment activities under 10 days per calendar year in the
3462	aggregate, including incidental preparation and sale of beverages and food.
3463	2. Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts,
3464	exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings
3465	and similar activities occurring on no more than five days in a calendar year.

3466	3. The seasonal storage of recreational equipment and motor vehicles owned by
3467	private individuals other than those residing on the premises, such storage to be
3468	in accessory farm buildings existing as of January 1, 2010. The storage of a
3469	dealer's inventory or the construction of any new buildings for storage is
3470	prohibited.
3471	(c) Agriculture-related uses, except uses listed as conditional uses below, consistent
3472	with the purpose statement for the FP-B district.
3473	(d) Large animal boarding that complies with ATCP 50, Wisconsin Administrative Code.
3474	(e) Undeveloped natural resources and open space areas
3475	(f) Utility services associated with a farm or a permitted agricultural accessory use.
3476	(g) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
3477	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
3478	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
3479	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
3480	(3) Conditional uses.
3481	(a) Agricultural Accessory Uses: In addition to other requirements of this ordinance,
3482	the following uses must meet the definition of an agricultural accessory use under
3483	s. 10.04(9) .
3484	1. Farm Residence, subject to s. 10.07(11).
3485	2. Secondary farm residence, subject to s. 10.07(11).
3486	3. Airports, landing strips or heliports for private aircraft owned by the owner or
3487	operator of the farm or agriculture-related use on the premises.
3488	4. Limited farm business.
3489	5. Sale of agricultural and dairy products not produced on the premises and
3490	incidental sale of non-alcoholic beverages and snacks.
3491	6. Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts,
3492	exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings
3493	and similar activities, occurring on more than five days in a calendar year.
3494	7. Agricultural entertainment activities occurring 10 days or more per calendar year,
3495	in aggregate.
3496	(b) Agriculture-related uses: In addition to the other requirements of this ordinance,
3497	the following uses must meet the definition of an agriculture-related use under s.
3498	10.04(11).
3499	1. Commercial animal boarding for farm animals, and not including boarding for
3500	domestic pets.
3501	2. Dead stock hauling services;
3501	3. Stock yards, livestock auction facilities;
3502	 Stock yards, investock auction facilities, Bio-diesel and ethanol manufacturing;
3503 3504	5. Manure processing facilities;
3504 3505	6. Biopower facilities for distribution, retail, or wholesale sales.
3505	(c) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
5500	(c) mansportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, of urainage
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Items highlighted in <mark>yellow</mark> indicate new language or significant changes from current ordinance or practice.

3507 3508 3509 3510	uses, not listed as a permitted use above. 1. Non-metallic mineral extraction operations that comply with s. 91.46(6), Wis. Stats., s. 10.191 and chapter 74. The application shall conform to the requirements of s. 10.07(14).
3511	2. Asphalt plants or ready-mix concrete plants, that comply with s. 91.46(5), Wis.
3512	Stats., for production of material to be used in construction or maintenance of
3513	public roads, to be limited in time to project duration.
3514	3. Small scale electric generating stations, meeting the requirements of s. 91.46(4),
3515	Wis. Stats., that produce energy primarily for users off the farm.
3516	(4) Lot size requirements.
3517	(a) Minimum lot size. All lots created in the FP-B zoning district must be at least 20,000
3518	square feet in area, excluding public rights-of-way.
3519	(b) Maximum lot size. None.
3520	(c) Minimum lot width. All lots created in the FP-B zoning district must have a
3521	minimum lot width of 100 feet.
3522	(5) Setbacks.
3523	(a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described
3524	in s. 10.06(8).
3525	(b) Side yards. Any permitted structures must be set back from side property lines as
3526	follows:
3527	1. Principal residential buildings must be at least 10 feet from any side lot line and a
3528	total of at least 25 feet from both side lot lines.
3529	2. Structures housing livestock must be:
3530	a. At least 100 feet from the side lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential
3531	zoning districts, or
3532	b. At least 10 feet from any other side lot line.
3533	3. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any side
3534	lot line.
3535	(c) Rear yard. Any permitted structures must be set back from rear property lines as follows:
3536	 Principal residential buildings must be at least 50 feet from the rear lot line.
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3538	 Uncovered decks or porches attached to a principal residence must be at least 38 feet from the rear lot line.
3539 3540	3. Structures housing livestock must be at least:
3540	a. 100 feet from the rear lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning
3541	districts, or
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2242	h 10 feet from any other rear lot line
3544	 b. 10 feet from any other rear lot line. 4. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any rear

- **(6)** Building height.
 - (a) Residential buildings.
 - Principal residential buildings shall not exceed a height of two and a half stories or 35 feet.
 - 2. Residential accessory buildings shall not exceed a height of 35 feet.
- 3551 **(b)** *Agricultural buildings.* There is no limitation on height for agricultural buildings.
- 3552 (7) Lot coverage. There is no limitation on lot coverage in the FP-B district.
- 3553 (8) Other restrictions on buildings.
- 3554 (a) Accessory buildings.
 - **1.** There is no limitation on the number of accessory buildings in the FP-35 district.
- 3556 **2.** Accessory buildings may be constructed on property without a principal residence only if it is clearly related to a legitimate agricultural or agricultural accessory use.
- 35583. Sanitary fixtures are permitted in agricultural accessory buildings, however3559accessory buildings may not be used as living space.
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3561 10.230. Rural Mixed-Use & Transitional Zoning Districts

3562 (1) Provisions applicable to all Rural Mixed-Use Districts

3563 10.231. AT-35 (Agriculture Transition, 35 acres) Zoning District

(1) Purpose.

3565 The purpose of the AT-35 Agriculture Transition District is to preserve, for an unspecified time period in agricultural and related open-space land uses, those lands 3566 generally located in proximity to developed areas within Dane County where urban 3567 expansion is inevitable and broadly in keeping with long time plans for development. It 3568 3569 is intended that urban development be deferred in such areas until the appropriate 3570 authorities concerned determine that it is economically and financially feasible to 3571 provide public services and facilities for uses other than those permitted in the district. It is also intended that the status of all areas in this district be reviewed by the 3572 appropriate authorities periodically in order to determine whether, in light of current 3573 land development trends, there should be a transfer of all or any part of those areas to 3574 3575 some other appropriate use district.

3576	(2) Permitted uses
3577	(a) Agricultural Uses.
3578	(b) Agricultural Accessory Uses, except those uses listed as conditional uses in subd. (3)
3579	below, and subject to the following limitations and standards.
3580	1. Agricultural entertainment activities under 10 days per calendar year in the
3581	aggregate, including incidental preparation and sale of beverages and food.
3582	2. Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts,
3583	exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings
3584	and similar activities occurring on no more than five days in a calendar year.
3585	3. The seasonal storage of recreational equipment and motor vehicles owned by
3586	private individuals other than those residing on the premises, such storage to be
3587	in accessory farm buildings existing as of January 1, 2010. The storage of a
3588	dealer's inventory or the construction of any new buildings for storage is
3589	prohibited.
3590	(c) Undeveloped natural resource and open space areas
3591	(d) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use.
3592	(e) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
3593	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
3594	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
3595	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.

3596 (3) Conditional uses. 3597 (a) Agricultural Accessory Uses: In addition to other requirements of this ordinance, 3598 the following uses must meet the definition of an agricultural accessory use under 3599 s. 10.04(9). 1. Farm Residence, subject to s. 10.07(11). 3600 3601 2. Secondary farm residence, subject to s. 10.07(11). 3602 **3.** Airports, landing strips or heliports for private aircraft owned by the owner or 3603 operator of a farm. 3604 4. Limited Farm Business. 3605 5. Sale of agricultural and dairy products not produced on the premises and incidental sale of non-alcoholic beverages and snacks. 3606 3607 6. Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts, 3608 exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings 3609 and similar activities, occurring on more than five days in a calendar year. 3610 7. Agricultural entertainment activities occurring 10 days or more per calendar year, 3611 in aggregate. (b) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses. 3612 (c) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage 3613 uses, not listed as a permitted use above. 3614 **1.** New construction of a communications tower under s. 10.07(9), as required by 3615 3616 s.66.0404, Wis. Stats. 2. Substantial modification of a communications tower under s.10.07(9), as required 3617 by s. 66.0404, Wis. Stats. 3618 3619 (d) Non-metallic mineral extraction operations that comply with s. 91.46(6), Wis. Stats., 3620 s. 10.07(14) and chapter 74. (e) Small scale electric generating stations, meeting the requirements of s. 91.46(4), 3621 Wis. Stats., that produce energy primarily for users off the farm. 3622 3623 (4) Lot size requirements. 3624 (a) Minimum lot size. All lots created in the AT-35 zoning district must be at least thirty-five (35) acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way. 3625 (b) Maximum lot size. None. 3626 (c) Minimum lot width. None. 3627 3628 (5) Setbacks. 3629 (a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described 3630 in s. 10.06(8). (b) Side yards. Any permitted structures must be set back from side property lines as 3631 3632 follows: 1. Principal residential buildings must be at least 10 feet from any side lot line and a 3633 3634 total of at least 25 feet from both side lot lines. 3635 2. Structures housing livestock must be:

Items highlighted in yellow indicate new language or significant changes from current ordinance or practice.

3636	3. At least 100 feet from the side lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential
3637	zoning districts, or
3638	At least 10 feet from any other side lot line.
3639	5. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any side
3640	lot line.
3641	(c) Rear yard. Any permitted structures must be set back from rear property lines as
3642	follows:
3643	1. Principal residential buildings must be at least 50 feet from the rear lot line.
3644	2. Uncovered decks or porches attached to a principal residence must be at least 38
3645	feet from the rear lot line.
3646	3. Structures housing livestock must be at least:
3647	a. 100 feet from the rear lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning
3648	districts, or
3649	 b. 10 feet from any other rear lot line.
3650	4. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any rear
3651	lot line.
3652	(6) Building height.
3653	(a) Residential buildings.
3654	1. Principal residential buildings shall not exceed a height of two and a half stories or
3655	35 feet.
3656	2. Residential accessory buildings shall not exceed a height of 35 feet.
3657	(b) Agricultural buildings. There is no limitation on height for agricultural buildings.
3658	(7) Lot coverage. There is no limitation on lot coverage in the AT-35 district.
3659	(8) Other restrictions on buildings.
3660	(a) Principal buildings. Except for secondary farm residences authorized by conditional
3661	use permit, no more than one principal building is permitted per lot.
3662	(b) Accessory buildings.
3663	1. There is no limitation on the number of accessory buildings in the AT-35 district.
3664	2. Accessory buildings may be constructed on property without a principal residence
3665	only if it is clearly related to a legitimate agricultural or agricultural accessory use.
3666	3. Sanitary fixtures are permitted in agricultural accessory buildings, however
3667	accessory buildings may not be used as living space.
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3669 10.232. AT-B (Agriculture Transition – Business) Zoning District

3670	(1) Purpose. The AT-B Agriculture Transition - Business District is designed to:
3671	(a) Accommodate, for an unspecified period of time, agricultural, agriculture accessory
3672	and agriculture-related uses in areas ultimately planned for nonfarm urban or rural
3673	development. The district applies to such existing or proposed uses on properties
3674	located outside of mapped agricultural preservation areas as shown in the Dane
3675	County Farmland Preservation Plan.
3676	(b) Provide for a wide range of agriculture, agricultural accessory and agriculture-
3677	related uses, at various scales with the minimum lot area necessary to
3678	accommodate the use. The AT-B district accommodates uses which are commercial
3679	or industrial in nature; are associated with agricultural production; require a rural
3680	location due to extensive land area needs or proximity of agricultural resources;
3681	and do not require urban services.
3682	(c) In appearance and operation permitted uses in the AT-B district are often
3683	indistinguishable from a farm.
3684	(d) Conditional uses are more clearly commercial or industrial in nature, and may
3685	involve facilities or processes that require a remote location distant from
3686	incompatible uses, proximity to agricultural products or suppliers and/or access to
3687	utility services or major transportation infrastructure.
3688	(e) Examples of activities in the AT-B district may include, but are not limited to,
3689	agricultural support services, value-added, or related businesses such as implement
3690	dealers; veterinary clinics; farm machinery repair shops; agricultural supply sales,
3691	marketing, storage, and distribution centers; plant and tree nurseries; and facilities
3692	for the processing of natural agricultural products or by-products, including fruits,
3693	vegetables, silage, or animal proteins. Such activities are characterized by:
3694	1. Wholesale or retail sales, and outdoor storage/display of agriculture-related
3695	equipment, inputs, and products;
3696	2. Parking areas, outdoor lighting, and signage appropriate to the scale of use;
3697	3. Small, medium, or large utilitarian structures/facilities/workshops, appropriate to
3698	the scale of use;
3699	Low to moderate traffic volumes;
3700	5. Noises, odors, dust, or other potential nuisances associated with agriculture-
3701	related production or processing.
3702	(2) Permitted uses.
3703	(a) Agricultural uses.
3704	(b) Agricultural Accessory Uses, except those uses listed as conditional uses, and
3705	subject to the limitations and standards below.
3706	1. Agricultural entertainment activities under 10 days per calendar year in the
3707	aggregate, including incidental preparation and sale of beverages and food.

3708	2. Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts,
3709	exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings
3710	and similar activities occurring on no more than five days in a calendar year.
3711	3. The seasonal storage of recreational equipment and motor vehicles owned by
3712	private individuals other than those residing on the premises, such storage to be
3713	in accessory farm buildings existing as of January 1, 2010. The storage of a
3714	dealer's inventory or the construction of any new buildings for storage is
3715	prohibited.
3716	(c) Agriculture-related uses, except uses listed as conditional uses, consistent with the
3717	purpose statement for the A-B district.
3718	(d) Undeveloped natural resources and open space areas
3719	(e) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use.
3720	(f) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
3721	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
3722	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
3723	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
3724	(3) Conditional uses. The following uses require a Conditional Use Permit in this district:
3725	(a) Agricultural Accessory Uses: In addition to other requirements of this ordinance,
3726	the following uses must meet the definition of an agricultural accessory use under
3727	s. 10.04(9) .
3728	 Farm Residence, subject to s. 10.07(11).
3729	 Secondary farm residence, subject to s. 10.07(11).
3730	3. Airports, landing strips or heliports for private aircraft owned by the owner or
3731	operator of the farm or agriculture-related use on the premises.
3732	4. Limited Farm Business.
3733	5. Sale of agricultural and dairy products not produced on the premises and
3734	incidental sale of non-alcoholic beverages and snacks.
3735	6. Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts,
3736	exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings
3737	and similar activities, occurring on more than five days in a calendar year.
3738	7. Agricultural entertainment activities occurring 10 days or more per calendar year,
3739	in aggregate.
3740	(b) Agriculture-related uses: In addition to the other requirements of this ordinance,
3741	the following uses must meet the definition of an agriculture-related use under s.
3742	10.04(11).
3743	1. Commercial animal boarding for farm animals, and not including boarding for
3744	domestic pets.
3745	2. Dead stock hauling services;
3746	 Stock yards, livestock auction facilities;
3747	 Bio-diesel and ethanol manufacturing;
3748	5. Manure processing facilities;

Items highlighted in yellow indicate new language or significant changes from current ordinance or practice.

3749	6. Biopower facilities for distribution, retail, or wholesale sales.
3750	(c) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses.
3751	(d) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
3752	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
3753	(e) Non-metallic mineral extraction operations that comply with s. 91.46(6), Wis. Stats.,
3754	s. 10.191 and chapter 74. The application shall conform to the requirements of s.
3755	10.07(14).
3756	(f) Asphalt plants or ready-mix concrete plants, that comply with s. 91.46(5), Wis.
3757	Stats., for production of material to be used in construction or maintenance of
3758	public roads, to be limited in time to project duration.
3759	(g) Small scale electric generating stations, meeting the requirements of s. 91.46(4),
3760	Wis. Stats., that produce energy primarily for users off the farm.
3761	(4) Lot size requirements.
3762	(a) Minimum lot size. All lots created in the AT-B zoning district must be at least
3763	20,000 square feet in area, excluding public rights-of-way.
3764	(b) Maximum lot size. None.
3765	(c) Minimum lot width. All lots created in the AT-B zoning district must have a
3766	minimum lot width of 100 feet.
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3767	(5) Setbacks.
3768	(a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described
3769	in s. 10.06(8).
3770	(b) Side yards. Any permitted structures must be set back from side property lines as
3771	follows:
3772	1. Principal residential buildings must be at least 10 feet from any side lot line and a
3773	total of at least 25 feet from both side lot lines.
3774	2. Structures housing livestock must be:
3775	a. At least 100 feet from the side lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential
3776	zoning districts, or
3777	b. At least 10 feet from any other side lot line.
3778	3. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any side
3779	lot line.
3780	(c) Rear yard. Any permitted structures must be set back from rear property lines as
3781	follows:
3782	1. Principal residential buildings must be at least 50 feet from the rear lot line.
3783	2. Uncovered decks or porches attached to a principal residence must be at least 38
3784	feet from the rear lot line.
3785	3. Structures housing livestock must be at least:
3786	a. 100 feet from the rear lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning
3787	districts, or
3788	b. 10 feet from any other rear lot line.

Items highlighted in yellow indicate new language or significant changes from current ordinance or practice.

37893789Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any rear3790lot line.

3791 (6) Building height.

(a) Residential buildings.

- Principal residential buildings shall not exceed a height of two and a half stories or 35 feet.
 - 2. Residential accessory buildings shall not exceed a height of 35 feet.
 - (b) Agricultural buildings. There is no limitation on height for agricultural buildings.
- 3797 (7) Lot coverage. There is no limitation on lot coverage in the AT-B district.
- 3798 (8) Other restrictions on buildings.
 - (a) Accessory buildings.
 - **1.** There is no limitation on the number of accessory buildings in the AT-B district.
 - Accessory buildings may be constructed on property without a principal residence only if it is clearly related to a legitimate agricultural or agricultural accessory use.
- 38033. Sanitary fixtures are permitted in agricultural accessory buildings, however
accessory buildings may not be used as living space.
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10.233. RM-8 (Rural Mixed-Use, 8-16 acres) Zoning District

3807 3808 3809 3810 3811 3812 3813 3814	 (1) Purpose. The Rural Mixed-Use 8-acre (RM-8) district is designed to: (a) Provide for a mix of agriculture, residential, utility, limited business and accessory uses consistent with and appropriate to a rural setting, on moderately sized parcels. The RM-8 district accommodates uses which are compatible with onsite and neighboring production agriculture, are typically found in a rural location and do not require urban services. (b) Such uses typically generate traffic, noise or other impacts similar to those produced by either a farm operation or a single-family residence.
3815	(2) Permitted uses.
3816	(a) Agricultural uses. Livestock use must comply with Chapter ATCP 50, Wisconsin
3817	Administrative Code.
3818	(b) Agricultural Accessory Uses, except those uses listed as conditional uses in subd. (3)
3819	below, and subject to the following limitations and standards.
3820	1. Agricultural entertainment activities under 10 days per calendar year in the
3821	aggregate, including incidental preparation and sale of beverages and food.
3822	2. Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts,
3823	exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings
3824	and similar activities occurring on no more than five days in a calendar year.
3825	3. The seasonal storage of recreational equipment and motor vehicles owned by
3826	private individuals other than those residing on the premises, such storage to be
3827	in accessory farm buildings existing as of January 1, 2010. The storage of a
3828	dealer's inventory or the construction of any new buildings for storage is
3829	prohibited.
3830	(c) Undeveloped natural resources and open space areas
3831	(d) Single family residential
3832	(e) Residential accessory uses
3833	(f) Incidental room rental
3834	(g) Community living arrangements for fewer than 9 persons.
3835	(h) Home occupations
3836	(i) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use
3837	(j) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
3838	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
3839	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
3840	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
3841	(3) Conditional uses.
3842	(a) Attached accessory dwelling units
3843	(b) Agricultural entertainment activities occurring 10 days or more per calendar year,
3844	in aggregate.

Items highlighted in <mark>yellow</mark> indicate new language or significant changes from current ordinance or practice.

3845 3846 3847 3848 3849 3850 3851 3852 3853 3854 3855 3856 3857 3858 3859	 (c) Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts, exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings and similar activities, occurring on more than five days in a calendar year. (d) Community living arrangements for 9 or more persons. (e) Migrant farm labor camps certified under s. 103.92, Wis. Stats. (f) Domestic pet animal boarding (g) Large animal boarding (h) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage uses, not listed as a permitted use above. (i) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses (j) Limited family business (k) Sanitary facilities in agricultural accessory buildings. (l) Tourist or transient lodging (m) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
3860 3861 3862 3863 3864 3865 3866	 (4) Lot size requirements. (a) Minimum lot size. All lots created in the RM-8 zoning district must be at least 8 acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way. (b) Maximum lot size. All lots created in the RM-8 zoning district must be smaller than 16 acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way. (c) Minimum lot width. All lots created in the RM-8 zoning district must have a minimum lot width of 100 feet.
3867 3868 3869 3870 3871 3872 3873 3874 3875 3876 3877 3878 3879 3880 3881 3881 3882 3883 3883	 (5) Setbacks and required yards. (a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described in s.10.102(8). (b) Side yards. Any permitted structures must be set back from side property lines as follows: Principal residential buildings must be at least 10 feet from any side lot line and a total of at least 25 feet from both side lot lines. Structures housing livestock must be: At least 100 feet from the side lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning districts, or At least 10 feet from any other side lot line. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any side lot line and a follows: Principal residential buildings must be at least 50 feet from the rear lot line. Uncovered decks or porches attached to a principal residence must be at least 38 feet from the rear lot line.

3885 **3.** Structures housing livestock must be at least: 3886 **a.** 100 feet from the rear lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning 3887 districts, or 3888 **b.** 10 feet from any other rear lot line. 3889 4. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any rear 3890 lot line. (6) Building height. 3891 (a) Residential buildings. 3892 3893 1. Principal residential buildings shall not exceed a height of two and a half stories or 3894 35 feet. 2. Residential accessory buildings shall not exceed a height of 35 feet. 3895 (b) Agricultural buildings. There is no limitation on height for agricultural buildings. 3896 3897 (7) Lot coverage. The total area of all buildings and structures must not exceed 10% of the 3898 total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way. 3899 (8) Other restrictions on buildings. (a) Principal buildings. No more than one principal building is permitted per lot. 3900 3901 (b) Accessory buildings. 1. There is no limitation on the number of accessory buildings in the RM-8 district. 3902 3903 2. Accessory buildings may not be constructed on property without a principal 3904 residence. 3905 3. Sanitary fixtures are not permitted in agricultural accessory buildings, unless specifically authorized by an approved conditional use permit. Accessory 3906 3907 buildings may not be used as living space. 3908

3909 10.234. RM-16 (Rural Mixed-Use, 16-35 acres) Zoning District

3910	(1) Purpose. The Rural Mixed-Use 16-acre (RM-16) district is designed to:
3911	(a) Provide for a mix of agriculture, residential, utility, extractive, limited business and
3912	accessory uses consistent with and appropriate to a rural setting, on medium-to-
3913	large parcels.
3914	(b) The RM-16 district accommodates uses which may require
3915	(c) larger setbacks, buffers, berms or other siting standards to minimize conflicts with
3916	neighboring production agriculture or residential use,
3917	(d) are typically found in a rural location and
3918	(e) do not require urban services.
3919	(f) Such uses may generate moderate truck traffic, noise, dust or odors.
3920	(2) Permitted uses
3921	(a) Agricultural uses. Livestock use must comply with Chapter ATCP 50, Wisconsin
3922	Administrative Code.
3923	(b) Agricultural Accessory Uses, except those uses listed as conditional uses in subd. (3)
3924	below, and subject to the following limitations and standards.
3925	1. Agricultural entertainment activities under 10 days per calendar year in the
3926	aggregate, including incidental preparation and sale of beverages and food.
3927	2. Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts,
3928	exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings
3929	and similar activities occurring on no more than five days in a calendar year.
3930	3. Small scale energy systems or electric generating stations, provided energy
3931	produced is used primarily on the farm.
3932	(c) Single family residential
3933	(d) The seasonal storage of recreational equipment and motor vehicles owned by
3934	private individuals other than those residing on the premises, such storage to be in
3935	accessory farm buildings existing as of January 1, 2010. The storage of a dealer's
3936	inventory or the construction of any new buildings for storage is prohibited.
3937	(e) Residential accessory uses
3938	(f) Incidental room rental
3939	(g) Community living arrangements for fewer than 9 persons.
3940	(h) Home occupations
3941	(i) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use
3942	(j) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
3943	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
3944	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
3945	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
3946	(3) Conditional uses
3947	(a) Attached accessory dwelling units

Items highlighted in <mark>yellow</mark> indicate new language or significant changes from current ordinance or practice.

3948	(b) Agricultural entertainment activities exceeding 10 days per calendar year, in
3949	aggregate.
3950	(c) Airports, landing strips or heliports for private aircraft owned by the landowner.
3951	(d) Farm related exhibitions, sales or events such as auctions, dairy breakfasts,
3952	exhibitions of farm machinery and technology, agricultural association meetings
3953	and similar activities, occurring on more than five days in a calendar year.
3954	(e) Community living arrangements for 9 or more persons
3955	(f) Domestic pet animal boarding
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	(g) Large animal boarding
3957	(h) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
3958	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
3959	(i) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses
3960	(j) Limited family business
3961	(k) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
3962	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
3963	(I) Tourist and transient lodging
3964	(m) Mineral extraction.
3965	(n) Temporary asphalt or concrete production.
3966	(o) Small scale electric generating stations that produce energy primarily for users off
3967	the farm.
3968	(4) Lot size requirements.
3969	(a) Minimum lot size. All lots created in the RM-16 zoning district must be at least 16
3970	acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way.
3971	(b) Minimum lot width. All lots created in the RM-16 zoning district must have a
3972	minimum lot width of 100 feet.
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3973	(5) Setbacks and required yards.
3974	(a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described
3975	in s.10.102(8).
3976	(b) Side yards. Any permitted structures must be set back from side property lines as
3977	follows:
3978	1. Principal residential buildings must be at least 10 feet from any side lot line and a
3979	total of at least 25 feet from both side lot lines.
3980	2. Structures housing livestock must be:
3981	a. At least 100 feet from the side lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential
3982	zoning districts, or
3983	b. At least 10 feet from any other side lot line.
3984	3. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any side
3985	lot line.
3986	(c) Rear yard. Any permitted structures must be set back from rear property lines as
3987	follows:

Comprehensive Revision of Dane County Zoning Ordinance (Ch. 10, Dane County Code) ORDINANCE WORKING DRAFT. This is a preliminary document, not for adoption and subject to periodic updates. Last updated June 12, 2017 1. Principal residential buildings must be at least 50 feet from the rear lot line. 3988 3989 2. Uncovered decks or porches attached to a principal residence must be at least 38 3990 feet from the rear lot line. 3991 **3.** Structures housing livestock must be at least: a. 100 feet from the rear lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning 3992 3993 districts, or 3994 **b.** 10 feet from any other rear lot line. 4. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any rear 3995 3996 lot line. (6) Building height. 3997 3998 (a) Residential buildings. 1. Principal residential buildings shall not exceed a height of two and a half stories or 3999 4000 35 feet. 4001 2. Residential accessory buildings shall not exceed a height of 35 feet. 4002 (b) Agricultural buildings. There is no limitation on height for agricultural buildings. 4003 (7) Lot coverage. The total area of all buildings and structures must not exceed 10% of the 4004 total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way. (8) Other restrictions on buildings. 4005 4006 (a) Principal buildings. No more than one principal building is permitted per lot. 4007 (b) Accessory buildings. 4008 1. There is no limitation on the number of accessory buildings in the RM-8 district. 2. Accessory buildings may not be constructed on property without a principal 4009 4010 residence. 3. Sanitary fixtures are not permitted in agricultural accessory buildings, unless 4011 specifically authorized by an approved conditional use permit. Accessory 4012 buildings may not be used as living space. 4013 4014

10.240. **Rural Residential Zoning Districts** 4015

RR-1 (Rural Residential, 1 to 2 acres) Zoning District 10.241. 4016

4017 (1) Purpose. The Rural Residential 1 district is designed to:

- 4018 (a) Provide for single-family residential principal uses and a variety of accessory or ancillary uses, including small-scale farming, appropriate to a rural setting, on 4019 4020 relatively small parcels. The RR-1 district accommodates uses which are compatible 4021 with both residential and farming practices, are typically found in a rural location 4022 and do not require urban services.
 - (b) Such uses typically generate traffic, noise or other impacts similar to those produced by a single-family residence.
- 4025 (2) Permitted uses

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- (a) Small-scale farming. 4026
- 4027 (b) Single family residential
- 4028 (c) Residential accessory uses
- 4029 (d) Home occupations
- 4030 (e) Incidental room rental
- 4031 (f) Community living arrangements for fewer than 9 persons.
- 4032 (g) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use
- 4033 (h) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
 - 1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
 - 2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
- (3) Conditional uses. 4037 4038
 - (a) Attached accessory dwelling units
- (b) Limited family business 4039
- 4040 (c) Day care centers
- (d) Community living arrangements for nine (9) or more persons. 4041
- 4042 (e) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses
- 4043 (f) Transient or Tourist Lodging
- 4044 (g) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage uses, not listed as a permitted use above. 4045

4046 (4) Lot size requirements.

- (a) Minimum lot size. All lots created in the RR-1 zoning district must be at least 1 acre 4047 4048 in area, excluding public rights-of-way.
- 4049 (b) Maximum lot size. All lots created in the RR-1 zoning district must be smaller than 2 4050 acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way.
 - (c) Minimum lot width. All lots created in the RR-2 zoning district must have a

4052	minimum lot width of 100 feet.
4053	(5) Setbacks and required yards.
4054	(a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described
4055	in s.10.102(8).
4056	(b) Side yard.
4057	1. Permitted residences must be at least a total of 25 feet from both side lot lines,
4058	and not less than 10 feet from any one side lot line.
4059	2. Accessory structures housing livestock must be at least:
4060	a. 100 feet from the side lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning
4061	districts, or
4062	b. 50 feet from any other side lot line.
4063	3. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any side
4064	lot line.
4065	(c) Rear yard.
4066	 Permitted residences must be at least 50 feet from the rear lot line.
4067	2. Decks attached to a permitted residence must be at least 38 feet from the rear lot
4068	line.
4069	3. Accessory structures housing livestock, must be at least:
4070	a. 100 feet from the rear lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning
4071	districts, or
4072	b. 50 feet from any other rear lot line.
4073	4. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 50 feet from the rear
4074	lot line.
4075	(6) Building height.
4076	(7) Building height.
4070	(a) Residential buildings.
4078	1. Principal residential buildings shall not exceed a height of two and a half stories or
4079	35 feet.
4080	2. Residential accessory buildings shall not exceed a height of 16 feet.
4081	(b) Agricultural buildings. There is no limitation on height for agricultural buildings.
4082	(8) Lot coverage. The total area of all buildings and structures must not exceed 10% of the
4083	total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way.
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4085 10.242. RR-2 (Rural Residential, 2 to 4 acres) Zoning District

4086 4087 4088 4089 4090 4091 4092 4093	 (1) Purpose. The Rural Residential 2 district is designed to: (a) Provide for single-family residential principal uses and a variety of accessory or ancillary uses, including small-scale farming, appropriate to a rural setting, on compact parcels. The RR-2 district accommodates uses which are compatible with both residential and farming practices, are typically found in a rural location and do not require urban services. (b) Such uses typically generate traffic, noise or other impacts similar to those produced by a single-family residence.
4094	(2) Permitted uses
4095	(a) Small-scale farming.
4096	(b) Single family residential
4097	(c) Residential accessory uses
4098	(d) Home occupations
4099	(e) Incidental room rental
4100	(f) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use
4101	(g) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
4102	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
4103	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
4104	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
4105	(3) Conditional uses.
4106	(a) Attached accessory dwelling units
4107	(b) Animal use exceeding one animal unit per acre
4108	(c) Limited family business
4109	(d) Day Care Centers
4110	(e) Community living arrangements for nine (9) or more persons.
4111	(f) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses
4112	(g) Transient or Tourist Lodging
4113	(h) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
4114	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
4115	(4) Lot size requirements.
4116	(a) Minimum lot size. All lots created in the RR-2 zoning district must be at least 2
4117	acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way.
4118	(b) Maximum lot size. All lots created in the RR-2 zoning district must be smaller than 4
4119	acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way.
4120	(c) Minimum lot width. All lots created in the RR-2 zoning district must have a
4121	minimum lot width of 100 feet.

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4122	(5) Setbacks and required yards.
4123	(a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described
4124	in s.10.102(8).
4125	(b) Side yard.
4126	1. Permitted residences must be at least a total of 25 feet from both side lot lines,
4127	and not less than 10 feet from any one side lot line.
4128	2. Accessory structures housing livestock must be at least:
4129	a. 100 feet from the side lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning
4130	districts, or
4131	b. 50 feet from any other side lot line.
4132	3. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any side
4133	lot line.
4134	(c) Rear yard.
4135	 Permitted residences must be at least 50 feet from the rear lot line.
4136	2. Decks attached to a permitted residence must be at least 38 feet from the rear lot
4137	line.
4138	3. Accessory structures housing livestock, must be at least:
4139	a. 100 feet from the rear lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning
4140	districts, or
4141	b. 50 feet from any other rear lot line.
4142	4. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 50 feet from the rear
4143	lot line.
4144	(6) Building height.
4145	(a) Residential buildings.
4146	1. Principal residential buildings shall not exceed a height of two and a half stories or
4147	35 feet.
4148	 Residential accessory buildings shall not exceed a height of 35 feet.
4149	(b) Agricultural buildings. There is no limitation on height for agricultural buildings.
4150	(7) Lot coverage. The total area of all buildings and structures must not exceed 10% of the
4151	total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way.
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4153 10.243. RR-4 (Rural Residential, 4 to 8 acres) Zoning District

- 4154 (1) Purpose.
 4155 (2) Permitted uses
 4156 (a) Small-scale farming.
 - 4157 (b) Single family residential
 - 4158 (c) Residential accessory uses
 - 4159 (d) Home occupations

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- 4160 (e) Incidental room rental
- 4161 (f) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use
- 4162 (g) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
 - **1.** required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
- 416441652. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
- 4166 (3) Conditional uses.4167 (a) Attached accessory dwelling units
- 4168 **(b)** Animal use exceeding one animal unit per acre
- 4169 (c) Limited family business
- 4170 (d) Day Care Centers
- 4171 (e) Community living arrangements for nine (9) or more persons.
- 4172 (f) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses
- 4173 (g) Transient or Tourist Lodging
- 4174 (h) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
 4175 uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
- 4176 (4) Lot size requirements.
- 4177 (a) Minimum lot size. All lots created in the RR-4 zoning district must be at least 4
 4178 acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way.
 - **(b) Maximum lot size.** All lots created in the RR-2 zoning district must be smaller than 8 acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way.
 - (c) Minimum lot width. All lots created in the RR-2 zoning district must have a minimum lot width of 100 feet.
- 4183 (5) Setbacks and required yards.
- 4184(a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described4185in s.10.102(8).
- 4186 **(b)** Side yard.
 - Permitted residences must be at least a total of 25 feet from both side lot lines, and not less than 10 feet from any one side lot line.
 - 2. Accessory structures housing livestock must be at least:

4190	a. 100 feet from the side lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning
4191	districts, or
4192	 b. 50 feet from any other side lot line.
4193	3. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any side
4194	lot line.
4195	(c) Rear yard.
4196	1. Permitted residences must be at least 50 feet from the rear lot line.
4197	2. Decks attached to a permitted residence must be at least 38 feet from the rear lot
4198	line.
4199	 Accessory structures housing livestock, must be at least:
4200	a. 100 feet from the rear lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning
4201	districts, or
4202	 b. 50 feet from any other rear lot line.
4203	4. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 50 feet from the rear
4204	lot line.
4205	(6) Building height.
4206	(a) Residential buildings.
4207	1. Principal residential buildings shall not exceed a height of two and a half stories or
4208	35 feet.
4209	 Residential accessory buildings shall not exceed a height of 35 feet.
4210	(b) Agricultural buildings. There is no limitation on height for agricultural buildings.
4211	(7) Lot coverage. The total area of all buildings and structures must not exceed 10% of the
4212	total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way.
4213	

4214 10.244. RR-8 (Rural Residential, 8 to 16 acres) Zoning District

4215 (1) Purpose.

4216	(2) Permitted uses
4217	(a) Small-scale farming.
4218	(b) Single family residential
4219	(c) Residential accessory uses
4220	(d) Home occupations
4221	(e) Incidental room rental
4222	(f) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use
4223	(g) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
4224	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
4225	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
4226	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
4227	(3) Conditional uses.
4228	(a) Attached accessory dwelling units
4229	(b) Animal use exceeding one animal unit per acre
4230	(c) Limited family business
4231	(d) Day Care Centers
4232	(e) Community living arrangements for nine (9) or more persons.
4233	(f) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses
4234	(g) Transient or Tourist Lodging
4235	(h) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
4236	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
4237	(4) Lot size requirements.
4238	(a) Minimum lot size. All lots created in the RR-8 zoning district must be at least 8
4239	acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way.
4240	(b) Maximum lot size. All lots created in the RR-8 zoning district must be smaller than
4241	16 acres in area, excluding public rights-of-way.
4242	(c) Minimum lot width. All lots created in the RR-8 zoning district must have a
4243	minimum lot width of 100 feet.
4244	(5) Setbacks and required yards.
4245	(a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described
4246	in s.10.102(8).
4247	(b) Side yard.
4248	1. Permitted residences must be at least a total of 25 feet from both side lot lines,
4249	and not less than 10 feet from any one side lot line.
4250	2. Accessory structures housing livestock must be at least:

4251	a. 100 feet from the side lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning
4252	districts, or
4253	b. 50 feet from any other side lot line.
4254	3. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 10 feet from any side
4255	lot line.
4256	(c) Rear yard.
4257	1. Permitted residences must be at least 50 feet from the rear lot line.
4258	2. Decks attached to a permitted residence must be at least 38 feet from the rear lot
4259	line.
4260	Accessory structures housing livestock, must be at least:
4261	a. 100 feet from the rear lot line of any parcel in any of the Residential zoning
4262	districts, or
4263	b. 50 feet from any other rear lot line.
4264	4. Accessory structures not housing livestock must be at least 50 feet from the rear
4265	lot line.
4266	(6) Building height.
4267	(a) Residential buildings.
4268	1. Principal residential buildings shall not exceed a height of two and a half stories or
4269	35 feet.
4270	Residential accessory buildings shall not exceed a height of 35 feet.
4271	(b) Agricultural buildings. There is no limitation on height for agricultural buildings.
4272	(7) Lot coverage. The total area of all buildings and structures must not exceed 10% of the
4273	total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way.
4274	

Residential Zoning Districts 10.250. 4275

SFR-08 (Single-Family Residential, small lots) Zoning District 10.251. 4276

4277	(1) Purpose.
4278	The Single Family Residential 08 district is designed to:
4279	(a) Provide for single-family residential principal uses, compatible home occupations,
4280	and residential accessory uses, appropriate to a compact neighborhood setting, on
4281	relatively small parcels. The SFR-08 district accommodates uses which are
4282	compatible with residential uses, are typically found in a suburban or residential
4283	neighborhood and may or may not be on public sewer.
4284	(b) Such uses typically generate traffic, noise or other impacts similar to those
4285	produced by a single-family residence.
4286	(2) Permitted uses
4287	(a) Single family residential
4288	(b) Residential accessory uses
4289	(c) Domestic fowl and beekeeping
4290	(d) Community living arrangements for fewer than 9 persons.
4291	(e) Home occupations
4292	(f) Incidental room rental
4293	(g) Undeveloped natural resource and open space use.
4294	(h) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use
4295	(i) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
4296	 required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
4297	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
4298	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
4299	(3) Conditional uses.
4300	(a) Attached accessory dwelling units
4301	(b) Accessory buildings between 12 and 16 feet in height.
4302	(c) Day Care Centers
4303	(d) Community living arrangements for nine (9) or more persons.
4304	(e) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses
4305	(f) Transient or tourist lodging
4306	(g) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
4307	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
4308	(4) Lot dimensions.
4309	(a) Lots on public sewer.

(a) Lots on public sewer.

4310	1. Minimum lot size. All lots must be at least 8,000 square feet in area, excluding
4311	public rights-of-way.
4312	2. Maximum lot size. All lots must be smaller than 16,000 square feet in area,
4313	excluding public rights of way.
4314	3. Minimum lot width. All lots must be at least 60 feet wide.
4315	(b) Lots not on public sewer.
4316	1. Minimum lot size. All lots must be at least 20,000 square feet in area, excluding
4317	public rights-of-way.
4318	2. Maximum lot size. All lots must be smaller than 40,000 square feet in area,
4319	excluding public rights-of-way.
4320	3. Minimum lot width. All lots must be at least 100 feet wide.
4321	(5) Setbacks and required yards.
4322	(a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described
4323	in s.10.102(8).
4324	(b) Side yard. All principal and accessory structures must be at least 10 feet from any
4325	one side lot line.
4326	(c) Rear yard.
4327	 Permitted residences must be at least 25 feet from the rear lot line.
4328	2. Decks attached to a permitted residence must be at least 13 feet from the rear lot
4329	line.
4330	(6) Building height.
4331	(a) Principal buildings. Residential buildings shall not exceed two and a half stories or
4332	35 feet in height.
4333	(b) Accessory buildings. Unless under an approved conditional use permit under s.
4334	10.251(3)(b), accessory buildings shall not exceed 12 feet in height.
4335	(7) Lot coverage.
4336	The total area of all buildings and structures must not exceed:
4337	(a) Interior lots: 35% of the total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way.
4338	(b) Corner lots: 40% of the total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way.
4339	

4340 10.252. SFR-1 (Single-Family Residential, 1 to 2 acres) Zoning District

4341	(1) Purpose.
4342	The Single Family Residential 1 district is designed to:
4343	(a) Provide for single-family residential principal uses, compatible home occupations,
4344	and residential accessory uses, appropriate to a suburban or rural subdivision
4345	setting, on lot sizes of one to two acres. The SFR-1 district accommodates uses
4346	which are compatible with residential uses, are typically found in a suburban
4347	neighborhood and are served by private onsite wastewater treatment systems.
4348	(b) Such uses typically generate traffic, noise or other impacts similar to those
4349	produced by a single-family residence.
4350	(2) Permitted uses.
4351	(a) Single family residential
4352	(b) Residential accessory uses
4353	(c) Domestic fowl and beekeeping
4354	(d) Home occupations
4355	(e) Incidental room rental
4356	(f) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use
4357	(g) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
4358	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
4359	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
4360	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
4361	(3) Conditional uses.
4362	(a) Attached accessory dwelling units
4363	(b) Accessory buildings between 12 and 16 feet in height.
4364	(c) Day Care Centers
4365	(d) Community living arrangements for nine (9) or more persons.
4366	(e) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses
4367	(f) Transient or Tourist Lodging
4368	(g) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
4369	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
4370	(4) Lot dimensions.
4371	(a) Minimum lot size. All lots must be at least one acre in area, excluding public rights-
4372	of-way.
4373	(b) Maximum lot size. All lots must be smaller than two acres in area, excluding public
4374	rights-of-way.
4375	(c) Minimum lot width. All lots must be at least 100 feet wide.
4376	(5) Setbacks and required yards.
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- (a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described 4377 4378 in s.10.102(8). 4379 (b) Side yard. All principal and accessory structures must be at least 10 feet from any 4380 one side lot line. 4381 (c) Rear yard. 4382 1. Permitted residences must be at least 25 feet from the rear lot line. 4383 2. Decks attached to a permitted residence must be at least 13 feet from the rear lot 4384 line. (6) Building height. 4385 (d) Principal buildings. Residential buildings shall not exceed two and a half stories or 4386 4387 35 feet in height. (e) Accessory buildings. Accessory buildings shall not exceed 16 feet in height. 4388 4389 (7) Lot coverage. 4390 The total area of all buildings and structures must not exceed: 4391 (a) Interior lots: 35% of the total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way.
- 4392 (b) Corner lots: 40% of the total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way.

4393 10.253. TFR-08 (Two-Family Residential) Zoning District

4394	(1) Purpose.
4395	The Two Family Residential 08 district is designed to:
4396	(a) Provide for single-family or duplex residential principal uses, compatible home
4397	occupations, and residential accessory uses, appropriate to a compact
4398	neighborhood setting, on relatively small parcels. The TFR-08 district
4399	accommodates uses which are compatible with residential uses, are typically found
4400	in a suburban or residential neighborhood and may or may not be on public sewer.
4401	(b) Such uses typically generate traffic, noise or other impacts similar to those
4402	produced by a single-family residence.
4403	(2) Permitted uses.
4404	(a) Single family residential
4405	(b) Duplexes
4406	(c) Attached accessory dwelling units
4407	(d) Residential accessory uses
4408	(e) Domestic fowl and beekeeping
4409	(f) Home occupations
4410	(g) Incidental room rental
4411	(h) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use
4412	(i) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
4413	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
4414	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
4415	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
4416	(3) Conditional uses.
4417	(a) Accessory buildings between 12 and 16 feet in height.
4418	(b) Detached accessory dwelling units
4419	(c) Day Care Centers
4420	(d) Community living arrangements for nine (9) or more persons.
4421	(e) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses
4422	(f) Transient or Tourist Lodging
4423	(g) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
4424	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
4425	(4) Lot dimensions.
4426	(a) Lots on public sewer.
4427	1. Minimum lot size. All lots must be at least 8,000 square feet in area, excluding
4428	public rights-of-way.
4429	2. Maximum lot size. All lots must be smaller than 16,000 square feet in area,
4430	excluding public rights of way.
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4431	3. Minimum lot width. All lots must be at least 60 feet wide.
4432	(a) Lots not on public sewer.
4433	1. Minimum lot size. All lots must be at least 20,000 square feet in area, excluding
4434	public rights-of-way.
4435	2. Maximum lot size. All lots must be smaller than 40,000 square feet in area,
4436	excluding public rights-of-way.
4437	3. Minimum lot width. All lots must be at least 100 feet wide.
4438	(5) Setbacks and required yards.
4439	(a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described
4440	in s.10.102(8).
4441	(b) Side yard. All principal and accessory structures must be at least 10 feet from any
4442	one side lot line.
4443	(c) Rear yard.
4444	 Permitted residences must be at least 25 feet from the rear lot line.
4445	2. Decks attached to a permitted residence must be at least 13 feet from the rear lot
4446	line.
4447	(6) Building height.
4448	(a) Principal buildings. Residential buildings shall not exceed two and a half stories or
4449	35 feet in height.
4450	(b) Accessory buildings. Unless under an approved conditional use permit under s.
4451	10.253(3)(b), accessory buildings shall not exceed 12 feet in height.
4452	(7) Lot coverage.
4453	The total area of all buildings and structures must not exceed:
4454	(a) Interior lots: 35% of the total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way.
4455	(b) Corner lots: 40% of the total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way.
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4458 10.254. MFR-08 (Multi-Family Residential) Zoning District

4459	(1) Purpose.
4460	The Two Family Residential 08 district is designed to:
4461	(a) Provide for single-family, duplex or multifamily residential principal uses,
4462	compatible home occupations, and residential accessory uses, appropriate to a
4463	compact neighborhood setting, on relatively small parcels. The TFR-08 district
4464	accommodates uses which are compatible with residential uses, are typically found
4465	in a relatively dense neighborhood and may or may not be on public sewer.
4466	(b) Such uses typically generate traffic, noise or other impacts similar to those
4467	produced by a multi-family residence.
4468	(2) Permitted uses
4469	(a) Single family residential
4470	(b) Attached or detached accessory dwelling units
4471	(c) Duplexes
4472	(d) Multiple family dwellings and condominiums
4473	(e) Residential accessory uses
4474	(f) Incidental room rental
4475	(g) Transient or Tourist Lodging
4476	(h) Home occupations
4477	(i) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use
4478	(j) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
4479	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
4480	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
4481	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
4482	(3) Conditional uses.
4483	(a) Day Care Centers
4484	(b) Accessory buildings between 12 and 16 feet in height.
4485	(c) Community living arrangements for nine (9) or more persons.
4486	(d) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses
4487	(e) Manufactured home communities
4488	(f) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
4489	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
4490	(4) Lot dimensions.
4491	(a) Lots on public sewer.
4492	1. Minimum lot size. All lots must be at least 8,000 square feet in area, excluding
4493	public rights-of-way.
4494	2. Maximum lot size. All lots must be smaller than 16,000 square feet in area,
4495	excluding public rights of way.
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4496	3. Minimum lot width. All lots must be at least 60 feet wide.
4497	(b) Lots not on public sewer.
4498	1. Minimum lot size. All lots must be at least 20,000 square feet in area, excluding
4499	public rights-of-way.
4500	2. Maximum lot size. All lots must be smaller than 40,000 square feet in area,
4501	excluding public rights-of-way.
4502	3. Minimum lot width. All lots must be at least 100 feet wide.
4503	(5) Setbacks and required yards.
4504	(a) Front yard. Any permitted structure must comply with road setbacks as described
4505	in s.10.102(8).
4506	(b) Side yard. All principal and accessory structures must be at least 10 feet from any
4507	one side lot line.
4508	(c) Rear yard.
4509	1. Permitted residences must be at least 25 feet from the rear lot line.
4510	2. Decks attached to a permitted residence must be at least 13 feet from the rear lot
4511	line.
4512	(6) Building height.
4513	(a) Principal buildings. Residential buildings shall not exceed two and a half stories or
4514	35 feet in height.
4515	(b) Accessory buildings. Unless under an approved conditional use permit under s.
4516	10.254(3)(b), accessory buildings shall not exceed 12 feet in height.
4517	(7) Lot coverage.
4518	The total area of all buildings and structures must not exceed:
4519	(a) Interior lots: 35% of the total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way.
4520	(b) Corner lots: 40% of the total lot area, excluding public rights-of-way.
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4522	
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4523 10.260. Hamlet Zoning Districts

(1) Principles of Traditional Neighborhood Design. 4524 4525 The Hamlet Design zoning districts are intended to accommodate existing or new 4526 developments, or redevelopments that have the following characteristics: 4527 (a) Compact and walkable. Neighborhoods should be compact enough to encourage 4528 development of pedestrian connections and destinations without excluding 4529 automobiles. (b) A hierarchy of interconnected streets. Streets and roads function as a connected 4530 4531 network, dispersing traffic and offering a variety of pedestrian and vehicular routes 4532 to any destination while connecting and integrating the neighborhood with 4533 surrounding communities. 4534 (c) An identifiable neighborhood/community center and edges. A center that includes 4535 public spaces—such as a square, green or important street intersection—and public buildings—such as a library, church or community center, transit stop and retail 4536 businesses—provides a civic focus and informal place of gathering; and edges that 4537 4538 promote neighborhood identity. (d) A variety of housing choices within the same neighborhood. The neighborhood 4539 includes a variety of dwelling types so that younger and older people, singles and 4540 families, of varying income levels may find places to live. 4541 4542 (e) A diverse mix of activities (residences, shops, schools, workplaces and parks, etc.) 4543 occur in proximity. Many activities of daily living should occur within walking 4544 distance, allowing independence to those who do not drive and adding to 4545 neighborhood vitality. (f) A range of transportation options. Streets are designed to promote the safe and 4546 efficient use by walkers, bikers, drivers and transit rider 4547 (g) Pedestrian-friendly. Features such as safe, attractive and comfortable streets and 4548 public spaces promote walking as a viable option to auto trips. 4549 4550 (h) Open spaces, greens, parks, accessible and convenient to all. Significant cultural and environmental features are incorporated into the design of the development 4551 for the use, benefit, and enjoyment of the entire community. A range of parks, from 4552 4553 tot-lots and village greens to ballfields and community gardens, are distributed 4554 within neighborhoods. 4555

4556 **10.261. HAM-R (Hamlet Residential) Zoning District**

- 4557 (1) Purpose. The HAM-R district is intended to accommodate new or existing development,
 4558 or redevelopment, on relatively small lots, with buildings close to the street. It includes
 4559 a mix of single-family, two-family and multifamily residential and civic uses in compact
 4560 blocks laid out in a traditional grid pattern. Many older residential neighborhoods typify
- 4561 the characteristics of a HAM-R district.

4562	(2) Permitted uses.
4563	(a) Single family residential
4564	(b) Duplexes
4565	(c) Attached accessory dwelling units
4566	(d) Residential accessory uses
4567	(e) Foster homes for less than five children licensed under s. 48.62, Wis. Stats
4568	(f) Home occupations
4569	(g) Domestic fowl and beekeeping
4570	(h) Incidental room rental.
4571	(i) Community living arrangements for less than nine persons.
4572	(j) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses
4573	(k) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use
4574	(I) Outdoor active or passive recreation
4575	(m)Undeveloped natural resource and open space areas.
4576	(n) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
4577	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
4578	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
4579	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
4580	(3) Conditional uses.
4581	(a) Detached accessory dwelling units.
4582	(b) Multiple family dwellings and condominiums
4583	(c) Day care centers
4584	(d) Community living arrangements for more than nine persons
4585	(e) Institutional residential
4586	(f) Principal buildings more than two and a half stories tall
4587	(g) Accessory buildings between 12 and 16 feet in height.
4588	(h) Limited family businesses
4589	(i) Reduction of side lot setback to less than 10 feet total.
4590	(j) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
4591	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
4592	(4) Lot dimensions.

4593 (a) Lots on public sewer.

4594	1. Minimum lot size. All new lots must be at least 5,000 square feet in area,
4595	excluding public rights-of-way.
4596	2. Maximum lot size. All new lots must be smaller than 10,000 square feet in area,
4597	excluding public rights of way.
4598	 Minimum lot width. All new lots must be at least 50 feet wide.
4599	(b) Lots not on public sewer.
4600	 Minimum lot size. All new lots must be at least 20,000 square feet in area,
4601	excluding public rights-of-way.
4602	2. Maximum lot size. All new lots must be smaller than 40,000 square feet in area,
4603	excluding public rights-of-way.
4604	3. Minimum lot width. All new lots must be at least 100 feet wide.
4605	(5) Setbacks and required yards.
4606	(a) Front yard.
4607	1. For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of
4608	development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20
4609	feet from the right-of-way line.
4610	2. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line
4611	shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of
4612	the lots in any one(1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback
4613	for that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 5 feet.
4614	(b) Side yard. Unless exempted by conditional use permit:
4615	 All structures must be at least a total of 10 feet from both side lot lines.
4616	Structures may be built at a zero setback from one side lot line, provided the
4617	setback from the opposite side lot line is at least 10 feet.
4618	<mark>(c) Rear yard.</mark>
4619	 Permitted residences must be at least 16 feet from the rear lot line.
4620	2. Decks attached to a permitted residence must be at least 8 feet from the rear lot
4621	line.
4622	3. Accessory structures must be at least 6 feet from any rear lot line.
4623	(6) Building height.
4624	(a) Principal buildings. Unless authorized by conditional use permit, principal buildings
4625	shall not exceed 35 feet in height or two and one-half (2-1/2) stories, whichever is
4626	less.
4627	(b) Accessory buildings. Unless authorized by conditional use permit, accessory
4628	buildings shall not exceed 12 feet in height.
4629	(7) Lot coverage.
4630	The total building footprint of residential buildings and residential accessory buildings
4631	shall not exceed 35 percent of the lot area.
4632	

4633 10.262. HAM-M (Hamlet – Mixed-Use) Zoning District

4634 (1) Purpose. The HAM-M Hamlet-Mixed-Use District accommodates a variety of
 4635 commercial activities in conjunction with civic open spaces and buildings. It is a denser,
 4636 fully-mixed use part of a community. Within the HAM-M district, the predominant land
 4637 and building use is commercial, but may include residential and workplace uses in
 4638 deference to the purpose and character of local commercial activities. It is typically
 4639 located along an important street. Many older traditional downtown or neighborhood
 4640 commercial districts typify the characteristics of a HAM-M district.

4641 (2) Permitted uses

4642 (a) Single family residential 4643 (b) Duplexes (c) Attached accessory dwelling units 4644 4645 (d) Residential accessory uses (e) Home occupations 4646 (f) Indoor Sales. 4647 4648 (g) Incidental room rental (h) Personal or Professional Service 4649 (i) Office uses. 4650 4651 (j) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses. (k) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use 4652 4653 (I) Indoor maintenance and repair 4654 (m) Transient or Tourist Lodging 4655 (n) Active or passive recreational uses. (o) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is: 4656 1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or; 4657 2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that 4658 specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit. 4659 4660 (3) Conditional Uses. (a) Detached accessory dwelling units. 4661 (b) Multiple family dwellings and condominiums 4662 (c) Institutional Residential 4663 4664 (d) Automotive services. (e) Indoor entertainment 4665 4666 (f) Outdoor entertainment (g) Limited family business 4667 (h) Principal commercial buildings which have more than four (4) stories, or more than 4668 10,000 square feet of interior floor space devoted to business or commercial use. 4669 4670 (i) Residential accessory buildings between 12 and 16 feet in height. (j) Commercial Indoor Lodging. 4671

4672	(k) Outdoor sales events				
4673	(I) Day care centers				
4674	(m)Community living arrangements for nine (9) or more persons.				
4675	(n) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage				
4676	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.				
4677	(4) Lot dimensions.				
4678	(a) Lots on public sewer.				
4679	1. Minimum lot size. All new lots must be at least 5,000 square feet in area,				
4680	excluding public rights-of-way.				
4681	2. Maximum lot size. All new lots must be smaller than 10,000 square feet in area,				
4682	excluding public rights of way.				
4683	3. Minimum lot width. All new lots must be at least 50 feet wide.				
4684	(b) Lots not on public sewer.				
4685	4. Minimum lot size. All new lots must be at least 20,000 square feet in area,				
4686	excluding public rights-of-way.				
4687	5. Maximum lot size. All new lots must be smaller than 40,000 square feet in area,				
4688	excluding public rights-of-way.				
4689	6. Minimum lot width. All new lots must be at least 100 feet wide.				
4690	(5) Setbacks and required yards.				
4691	(a) Front yard.				
4692	1. For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development				
4692 4693	1. For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the				
4692 4693 4694	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. 				
4692 4693 4694 4695	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line 				
4692 4693 4694 4695 4696	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the 				
4692 4693 4694 4695 4696 4697	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the lots in any one(1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback for that 				
4692 4693 4694 4695 4696 4697 4698	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the lots in any one(1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback for that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 5 feet. 				
4692 4693 4694 4695 4696 4697 4698 4699	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the lots in any one(1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback for that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 5 feet. Side yard. Unless exempted by conditional use permit: 				
4692 4693 4694 4695 4696 4697 4698 4699 4700	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the lots in any one(1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback for that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 5 feet. Side yard. Unless exempted by conditional use permit: All structures must be at least a total of 10 feet from both side lot lines. 				
4692 4693 4694 4695 4696 4697 4698 4699 4700 4701	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the lots in any one(1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback for that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 5 feet. Side yard. Unless exempted by conditional use permit: All structures must be at least a total of 10 feet from both side lot lines. Structures may be built at a zero setback from one side lot line, provided the 				
4692 4693 4694 4695 4696 4697 4698 4699 4700 4701 4702	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the lots in any one(1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback for that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 5 feet. Side yard. Unless exempted by conditional use permit: All structures must be at least a total of 10 feet from both side lot lines. Structures may be built at a zero setback from one side lot line, provided the setback from the opposite side lot line is at least 10 feet. 				
4692 4693 4694 4695 4696 4697 4698 4699 4700 4701 4702 4703	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the lots in any one(1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback for that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 5 feet. Side yard. Unless exempted by conditional use permit: All structures must be at least a total of 10 feet from both side lot lines. Structures may be built at a zero setback from one side lot line, provided the setback from the opposite side lot line is at least 10 feet. Rear yard. 				
4692 4693 4694 4695 4696 4697 4698 4699 4700 4701 4702 4703 4704	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the lots in any one(1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback for that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 5 feet. Side yard. Unless exempted by conditional use permit: All structures must be at least a total of 10 feet from both side lot lines. Structures may be built at a zero setback from one side lot line, provided the setback from the opposite side lot line is at least 10 feet. Rear yard. Buildings with 2 or less stories: 10 feet minimum 				
4692 4693 4694 4695 4696 4697 4698 4699 4700 4701 4702 4703 4704 4705	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the lots in any one(1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback for that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 5 feet. Side yard. Unless exempted by conditional use permit: All structures must be at least a total of 10 feet from both side lot lines. Structures may be built at a zero setback from one side lot line, provided the setback from the opposite side lot line is at least 10 feet. Rear yard. Buildings with 2 or less stories: 10 feet minimum 3 stories or more w/o windows: 10 feet minimum 				
4692 4693 4694 4695 4696 4697 4698 4699 4700 4701 4702 4703 4704 4705 4706	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the lots in any one(1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback for that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 5 feet. Side yard. Unless exempted by conditional use permit: All structures must be at least a total of 10 feet from both side lot lines. Structures may be built at a zero setback from one side lot line, provided the setback from the opposite side lot line is at least 10 feet. Rear yard. Buildings with 2 or less stories: 10 feet minimum 3 stories or more w/ o windows: 10 ft & 5 ft per story over second story minimum 				
4692 4693 4694 4695 4696 4697 4698 4699 4700 4701 4702 4703 4704 4705	 For newly created lots, or existing lots lacking an existing pattern of development as described in 2., below, all new structures must be at least 20 feet from the right-of-way line. In lots or platted subdivisions created before (insert date) where a building line shall have been established by the construction of buildings on 30 percent of the lots in any one(1) block, such established setback line shall be the setback for that block, but in no event shall such setback be less than 5 feet. Side yard. Unless exempted by conditional use permit: All structures must be at least a total of 10 feet from both side lot lines. Structures may be built at a zero setback from one side lot line, provided the setback from the opposite side lot line is at least 10 feet. Rear yard. Buildings with 2 or less stories: 10 feet minimum 3 stories or more w/o windows: 10 feet minimum 				

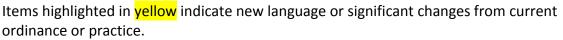
4708 (6) Building height and area limitations.

- 4709 (a) Commercial buildings. Commercial buildings shall not exceed 10,000 square feet in
 4710 total floor area and shall not exceed 70 feet in height or four and one-half (4 ½)
 4711 stories, whichever is less, unless authorized by conditional use permit.
- 4712 **(b)** Residential buildings.
 - Principal buildings. Principal residential buildings shall not exceed 35 feet in height or two and one-half (2-1/2) stories, whichever is less.
- 4715
 4715
 4716
 accessory residential buildings. Unless authorized by conditional use permit, residential accessory buildings shall not exceed 12 feet in height.

4717 **(7)** Lot coverage.

4713 4714

4718 The total building footprint of commercial buildings, residential buildings and residential 4719 accessory buildings shall not exceed 35 percent of the lot area.



4720 10.270. Commercial Zoning Districts

4721	(1) Provisions applicable to all Commercial Districts
4722	(a) Site plan. All petitions to rezone to any Commercial zoning district, and any
4723	application for a zoning permit or conditional use permit within an existing
4724	Commercial zoning district must be accompanied by an approved site plan as
4725	described in s. 10.100(4).
4726	(b) Off-street parking. Off-street parking shall be provided as required in s.10.102(7).
4727	(c) Screening. For commercial uses within 100 feet of any residence, screening must be
4728	provided as required in s.10.102(11).
4729	(d) Stormwater. The Zoning Administrator may not issue a zoning permit for any
4730	development in any commercial district until the Department of Land and Water
4731	Resources issues a Stormwater Management permit for the project under Chapter
4732	14, Dane County Code.
4733	10.271. LC (Limited Commercial) Zoning District
4734	(1) Purpose.
4735	(a) The Limited Commercial Zoning District is intended for small commercial uses that
4736	may need to locate in predominantly rural areas due to their often large service
4737	areas and their need for larger lot sizes. In appearance and operation, such uses are
4738	often similar to agricultural uses and are therefore more suitable to a rural area.
4739	(b) Such uses include, but are not limited to, contractor, transportation, building
4740	trades and landscaping operations, which may have
4741	 Outdoor stockpiles of materials;
4742	2. Storage and maintenance of large construction or transportation equipment;
4743	3. Early morning activity, and;
4744	4. Large, utilitarian buildings.
4745	(c) Limited commercial uses:
4746	1. Have no retail sales;
4747	2. Do not create high traffic volume, and;
4748	3. Have limited outdoor lighting and signage.
4749	(2) Permitted Uses.
4750	(a) Office uses, the number on site employees is limited to no more than six (6).
4751	(b) Agricultural uses.
4752	(c) Contractor operations
4753	(d) Indoor Storage.
4754	(e) Incidental Indoor Maintenance.
4755	(f) Incidental Parking for employees, consistent with s. 10.06(7).
4756	(g) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use.
4757	(h) Storage of no more than 12 total vehicles and pieces of construction equipment.
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	Comprehensive Revision of Dane County Zoning Ordinance (Ch. 10, Dane County Code) ORDINANCE WORKING DRAFT. This is a preliminary document, not for adoption and subject to periodic updates. Last updated June 12, 2017
4758 4759 4760 4761	 (i) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is: 1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or; 2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
4762 4763 4764 4765 4766 4767 4768 4769	 (3) Conditional Uses. (a) Outdoor Storage. (b) Caretaker's residence. (c) Light Industrial. (d) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses (e) Storage of more than 12 total vehicles and pieces of construction equipment. (f) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
4770 4771	(4) Building area limitations. Commercial buildings shall not exceed 10,000 square feet in total floor area.
4772 4773 4774 4775	 (5) Lot dimensions. (a) Minimum lot area. Lots shall be not less than 20,000 square feet of lot area. (b) Maximum lot area. Lots shall not exceed 5 acres in area. (c) Minimum lot width. Lots must be at least 100 feet wide.
4776 4777 4778 4779 4780 4781 4782 4783 4783	 (6) Setbacks and required yards. (a) Front yards. Construction equipment, vehicles, or material shall not be stored between the building setback line and the front lot line of any lot. (b) Side yards. The minimum width for any side yard shall not be less than 10 feet for any building. (c) Rear yards. 1. For buildings used for commercial purposes and residential accessory buildings the minimum rear yard shall be not less than 25 feet. 2. For residential buildings the minimum rear yard shall be not less than 25 feet.
4785 4786 4787	(7) Building height. Buildings shall not exceed 35 feet in height or two and one-half stories, whichever is less.
4788 4789 4790 4791	(8) Lot coverage. The total building footprint of commercial buildings, residential buildings and residential accessory buildings shall not exceed 35 percent of the lot area.

4792 10.272. GC (General Commercial) Zoning District

4793	(1)	Purpose.
4794		(a) The General Commercial Zoning District is intended to accommodate retail, sales,
4795		service, lodging, and office uses, where: primary commercial activity occurs
4796		indoors; commercial uses are of moderate scale and intensity, and; uses are
4797		appropriate to a developed area.
4798		(b) Permitted uses are typically characterized by moderate traffic and parking
4799		requirements, with low or moderate noise, odors, vibrations, fumes or other
4800		potential direct external nuisances.
4801		(c) Conditional uses include compatible commercial uses that have a somewhat higher
4802		amount of outdoor activity, operate outside of normal business hours, or taller or
4803		more massive buildings. As a district primarily devoted to commercial uses,
4804		residential uses are listed as conditional uses to make sure residential areas are
4805		designed for compatibility with nearby commercial areas, including provisions or
4806		designs, such as visual screening, or safe pedestrian access, to protect residents'
4807		safety and welfare.
4000	(2)	
4808	(2)	Permitted Uses.
4809		(a) Office uses
4810		(b) Day care centers
4811		(c) Indoor entertainment
4812		(d) Indoor sales
4813		(e) Indoor storage.
4814		(f) Indoor maintenance.
4815		(g) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses.
4816		(h) Off-site parking
4817		(i) Personal or professional service
4818		(j) Transient or tourist lodging
4819		(k) Utility services associated with, and accessory to, a permitted or conditional use.
4820		(I) Veterinary clinics.
4821		(m) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
4822		 required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
4823		2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
4824		specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
4825	(3)	Conditional Uses.
4826		(a) Residential and associated accessory uses.
4827		1. Any residential use in the GC district must meet all of the following criteria:
4828		(a) Comply with residential density standards of any applicable town
4829		comprehensive plan and the Dane County Comprehensive Plan
4830		(b) Have visual screening from adjacent commercial areas
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Items highlighted in yellow indicate new language or significant changes from current ordinance or practice.

4831	(c) Must provide appropriate parking, and internal pedestrian access for
4832	residents.
4833	Residential uses may include:
4834	(a) Single family residential
4835	(b) Two family residential
4836	(c) Multifamily residential
4837	(d) Mixed residential and commercial developments
4838	(e) Institutional Residential
4839	(f) Manufactured home communities, subject to s. 10.102(15).
4840	(b) Automobile service
4841	(c) Airport, landing strip or heliport.
4842	(d) Commercial Indoor Lodging.
4843	(e) Animal boarding, domestic pets
4844	(f) In-vehicle sales or service
4845	(g) Light industrial
4846	(h) Outdoor entertainment
4847	(i) Outdoor Storage.
4848	(j) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
4849	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
4850	(4) Building size and area limitations.
4851	(a) Business buildings: 4 stories maximum
4852	(b) Residential dwelling: 2 stories or 35 feet maximum.
4853	(5) Lot dimensions.
4854	(a) Minimum lot area.
4855	(b) Maximum lot area.
4856	(c) Minimum lot width.
4000	
4857	(6) Setbacks and required yards.
4858	(a) Side yards: 10 feet minimum
4859	(b) Rear yards.
4860	1. Exclusive business use: 10 Feet minimum
4861	2. Residential or combined use: 25 feet minimum
4862	(7) Lot coverage.
4863	The total area of all buildings and structures must not exceed 60% of the total lot area,
4864	excluding public rights-of-way.
	excluding public rights-of-way.
4865	excluding public rights-or-way.

4866 10.273. HC (Heavy Commercial) Zoning District

4867	(1) Purpose.	
4868	(a) The Heavy Commercial Zoning District is intended to accommodate retail, service	,
4869	light industrial lodging, and office uses, where: primary commercial activity may	
4870	occur either or indoors; commercial uses are of relatively large scale and intensity	,
4871	and; uses are appropriate to a highly developed area.	
4872	(b) Permitted uses are typically characterized by relatively high traffic volumes and	
4873	substantial parking requirements, with some potential for noise, odors, vibrations	,
4874	fumes or other potential direct external nuisances.	
4875	(c) Conditional uses include commercial uses that have a somewhat higher amount o	f
4876	outdoor activity, or operate outside of normal business hours.	
4877	(2) Permitted Uses.	
4878	(a) Office uses	
4879	(b) Automobile service	
4880	(c) Day care centers	
4881	(d) Indoor entertainment	
4882	(e) Indoor sales	
4883	(f) Indoor storage.	
4884	(g) Indoor maintenance.	
4885	(h) Governmental, institutional, religious, or nonprofit community uses.	
4886	(i) Light industrial	
4887	(j) Off-site parking	
4888	(k) Outdoor sales, display or repair	
4889	(I) Personal or professional service	
4890	(m)Transient or tourist lodging	
4891	(n) Adult book stores, subject to s.10.103(2).	
4892	(o) Utility services.	
4893	(p) Veterinary clinics.	
4894	(q) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:	
4895	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;	
4896	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that	
4897	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.	
4898	(3) Conditional Uses.	
4899	(a) Commercial indoor lodging.	
4900	(b) In-vehicle sales or service	
4901	(c) Marinas	
4902	(d) Outdoor entertainment	
4903	(e) Passenger transportation terminals.	
4904	(f) Outdoor storage	
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4905 (g) Personal storage facilities (h) Warehousing and distribution facilities. 4906 4907 (i) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage 4908 uses, not listed as a permitted use above. 4909 (4) Building size and area limitations. 4910 (a) Building height. Buildings shall not exceed a height of 50 feet, excluding tanks, 4911 storage bins, silos and towers.. 4912 (5) Lot dimensions. (a) Minimum lot area. 4913 4914 (b) Maximum lot area 4915 (c) Minimum lot width. 4916 (6) Setbacks and yards. (a) Side yards: 10 feet minimum 4917 (b) Rear yard: 10 Feet minimum 4918 4919 (7) Lot coverage. 4920 The total area of all buildings and structures must not exceed 60% of the total lot area, 4921 excluding public rights-of-way. 4922

Processing, Manufacturing and Industrial Zoning Districts 10.280. 4923

4924	(1) Provisions applicable to all Processing, Manufacturing and Industrial Districts
4925	(a) Off-street parking. Off-street parking shall be provided as required in s.10.102(

- (a) Off-street parking. Off-street parking shall be provided as required in s.10.102(7).
- (b) Screening. For commercial uses adjacent to any Residential, Rural Residential or 4926 Rural Mixed-Use district, screening must be provided as required in s.10.102(11). 4927
- (c) Stormwater. The Zoning Administrator may not issue a zoning permit for any 4928 4929 development in any commercial district until the Department of Land and Water 4930 Resources issues a Stormwater Management permit for the project under Chapter 4931 14, Dane County Code.

4932 (2) Rezones to Processing, Manufacturing and Industrial Zoning Districts.

- 4933 The county board may not approve a petition to rezone to the RI or MI zoning districts
- on lands that are wholly or partially within the zone of contribution to a municipal well, 4934
- as shown in the most current adopted version of the Dane County Water Quality Plan. 4935

RI (Rural Industry) Zoning District 10.281. 4936

4937 (1) Purpose.

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4938	(a) The Rural Industry Zoning District is intended to accommodate industrial,
4939	processing and extractive uses, where:
4940	 primary activity often occurs outdoors;
4941	 uses require large land areas and separation from residential uses;
4942	3. uses do not require full urban services or create intensive electrical, water or
4943	other utility demand, and;
4944	4. uses are appropriate to a rural area.
4945	(b) Permitted uses are similar to those in the Limited Commercial district, and do not
4946	require special conditions or approvals to mitigate impacts to surrounding
4947	properties.
4948	(c) Conditional uses have significant potential for runoff, pollution, noise, dust, odors,
4949	vibration, heavy vehicle traffic and other potential nuisances, and typically require
4950	<mark>conditions tailored to the particular use and setting to protect public safety or to</mark>
4951	mitigate impacts to the environment or to surrounding properties.
4952	(2) Permitted Uses
4953	(a) Agricultural uses
4954	(b) Agricultural accessory uses, except farm residences
4955	(c) Undeveloped natural resource and open space uses
4956	<mark>(d)</mark> Office uses
4957	(e) Indoor storage.
4958	(f) Outdoor storage.

4989 10.282. MI (Manufacturing and Industrial) Zoning District

4990	(1) Purpose.
4991	(a) The Manufacturing and Industrial Zoning District is intended to accommodate
4992	industrial, processing and extractive uses, where:
4993	 primary activity occurs either indoors or outdoors;
4994	2. uses are intensive, and at relatively high densities and may produce a high volume
4995	of employee and freight traffic
4996	3. uses require separation from residential uses;
4997	4. uses may require full urban services or create intensive electrical, water or other
4998	utility demand, and;
4999	 uses are appropriate to an urbanized or industrial area.
5000	(b) Permitted uses occur primarily indoors.
5001	(c) Conditional uses often occur outdoors, and have unusual potential for runoff,
5002	pollution, noise, dust, odors, vibration, heavy vehicle traffic and other potential
5003	nuisances, and typically require conditions tailored to the particular use and setting
5004	to protect public safety or to mitigate impacts to the environment or to
5005	surrounding properties.
5006	(2) Permitted Uses
5007	(a) Office uses.
5008	(b) Indoor maintenance and repair
5009	(c) Indoor storage
5010	(d) Outdoor storage
5011	(e) Personal storage facility
5012	(f) Automotive services.
5013	(g) Light industrial uses.
5014	(h) Heavy industrial uses.
5015	(i) Off-site parking lot or garage
5016	(j) Adult book stores, subject to s.10.103(2)
5017	(k) Adult entertainment, subject to the provisions of the Adult Entertainment Overlay
5018	District (AED).
5019	(I) Utility services.
5020	(m) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
5021	1. required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
5022	2. is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
5023	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
5024	(3) Conditional Uses
5025	(a) Mineral extraction operations
5026	(b) Asphalt and concrete production
5027	(c) Caretaker's residence
	147

- 5028 (d) Communication towers 5029 (e) Commercial processing or composting of organic by-products or wastes. 5030 (f) Indoor entertainment 5031 (g) Dumping grounds (h) Solid waste disposal operation 5032 5033 (i) Demolition material disposal sites (j) Incinerator sites 5034 5035 (k) Salvage recycling operations 5036 (I) Solid waste disposal or recycling operations (m) Storage of explosive materials. 5037 (n) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage 5038 5039 uses, not listed as a permitted use above. 5040 (4) Building height and area limitations 5041 (5) Lot area (1) Purpose. 5042 The UTR Utility, Transportation and Right-of-Way district is intended to provide for 5043 parcels intended for purely utilitarian, nonresidential uses with no principal structure. 5044 The UTR district is intended for parcels that due to their size, width, location, proximity 5045 5046 to a roadway, division by municipal boundaries or other circumstance are unsuitable for 5047 most forms of residential, commercial or other structural development, yet lack 5048 significant natural resource features. 5049 (2) Setbacks and yards.
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5051 10.290. Special Use Zoning Districts

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5052 10.291. PUD (Planned Unit Development) Zoning District

5053 (1) Purpose. The purpose of the PUD Planned Unit Development district is to promote 5054 improved development design by allowing greater flexibility and imagination in urban 5055 and rural development while ensuring substantial compliance with the intent of the 5056 zoning ordinance and adopted plans. The district allows variations in uses, structures, 5057 densities, setbacks and yard requirements, building heights, landscaping and other 5058 provisions for developments which are cohesively planned and implemented. In 5059 exchange for such flexibility, the project (hereinafter referred to as Planned Unit Development or PUD) must provide a higher level of design and functionality than 5060 normally required for other developments. 5061

- 5062 (2) Permitted uses. The only uses permitted within each mapped PUD district shall be those
 5063 lawful use(s) in place at the time of PUD district mapping plus those uses explicitly listed,
 5064 depicted and described as permitted uses within that particular PUD district.
- 5065 (3) Building height limit, Area, frontage and population density regulations; Lot coverage; 5066 Number of principal buildings per lot; Setback from road and front property line and 5067 front yard requirements; Side and rear yard requirements; Off-street parking; Screening 5068 and landscaping provisions; Sign regulations. Zoning limitations on or requirements for 5069 building height, lot area, lot frontage/width, housing unit or population density, number 5070 of buildings per lot, lot coverage, setbacks, yard areas, off-street parking and loading, 5071 screening or landscaping, and signage shall be specified for each particular PUD district. Such requirements shall be generally described as part of an approved General 5072 Development Plan (GDP) for each PUD and explicitly specified as part of an approved 5073 5074 Specific Implementation Plan (SIP). Where they provide sufficient detail, such specifications shall supersede similar specifications found elsewhere in the zoning 5075 5076 ordinance.
- 5077 (4) Criteria for approval of PUDs. Planned unit developments shall meet all of the following
 5078 criteria to be approved:
 5079 (a) The development shall be consistent with a town comprehensive plan approved by
 - (a) The development shall be consistent with a town comprehensive plan approved by both the town and county.
 - (b) The uses and their intensity, appearance, design and arrangement shall be compatible with the physical nature of the site and area, and shall not have a significant adverse impact on the natural environment.
- 5084(c) The uses and their intensity, appearance, design and arrangement shall in no5085foreseeable manner diminish or impede the uses, values and normal and orderly5086development of surrounding properties.
 - (d) The uses and their intensity, appearance, design and arrangement shall not create

5088	access issues, traffic or parking demand inconsistent with existing or anticipated
5089	transportation facilities.
5090	(e) The development shall include adequate provision for the continued preservation,
5091	maintenance and improvement of natural areas and open space.
5092	(f) The applicant shall provide evidence of financial feasibility and assurances that each
5093	phase can be completed in a manner which would not result in an adverse effect
5094	upon the community as a result of termination at that point.
5095	(g) The development shall comply with all other applicable ordinances.
5096	(5) Planned unit development approval process. There is a two step review and approval
5097	process for establishing a PUD district. The first step consists of submittal of a General
5098	Development Plan (GDP) that outlines the nature of the Planned Unit Development and
5099	provides information necessary for consideration and decision-making by the town and
5100	county. The second step involves submittal of a Specific Implementation Plan (SIP)
5101	which documents the detailed actions the applicant will take to implement the General
5102	Development Plan. No PUD zoning district can be established without an approved GDP
5103	and corresponding SIP(s). If approved by the zoning administrator, the applicant may
5104	combine steps for simple PUDs involving a small tract of land or proceed with both steps
5105	concurrently.
5106	(a) General Development Plan (GDP).
5107	1. Prior to submitting a formal application, the prospective applicant shall present
5108	the concept of the proposed PUD to, and consult with, representatives from the
5109	affected town, staff from the planning and development department, and the
5110	zoning committee regarding the project, required application materials, and the
5111	PUD review process. These representatives may comment on the concept, but
5112	their comments are not binding on the representatives nor indicative of their
5113	position on a formal application. The review by the town and the zoning
5114	committee may take place at a joint meeting.
5115	2. The applicant shall submit to the zoning administrator a formal application for
5116	GDP review and approval, along with required application materials. The zoning
5117	administrator shall process such applications under the standard zoning map
5118	amendment procedure, plus additional procedures established herein. The
5119	applicant shall include twenty-five (25) copies of all required materials, along with
5120	the applicable fee provided for in chapter 12.
5121	3. The zoning administrator shall determine whether the GDP submittal is complete
5122	in reference to the following required application materials:
5123	a. Name of the applicant, agent, property owner(s) and entity which intends to
5124	develop the land.
5125	b. A complete written legal description of the subject property.
5126	c. A map(s) of the subject property showing all lands for which the PUD is
5127	proposed, and all other lands within 1,000 feet of the subject property.
5128	Said map shall clearly indicate the current property owners and zoning of

5129	the subject property and all lands with 500 feet, the boundaries of all
5130	political jurisdiction(s) in the area and all lot dimensions of the subject
5131	property. The map shall be at a scale not less than one inch equals 800
5132	feet.
5133 d.	A general written description of the proposed PUD, including:
5134	i. general project themes, images and design concepts;
5135	ii. general mix of dwelling unit types and land uses;
5136	iii. approximate development densities;
5137	iv. general treatment of natural features and provisions for open space
5138	preservation;
5139	v. general relationship to nearby properties and existing and planned
5140	streets, highways and other transportation improvements;
5141	vi. general relationship to the approved town land use plan; and
5142	vii. a general plan for phasing, including a planned timeline for submittal
5143	of one or more SIPs.
5144 e .	A description of why the applicant wishes to develop the project using PUD
5145	zoning. This description shall include justification for the proposed PUD,
5146	and shall indicate how the criteria in sub. 10.153(4) will be met.
5147 f .	A list of standard zoning provisions which will be met by the proposed
5148	PUD, standards which will not be met by the proposed PUD, standards
5149	which will be more than met by the proposed PUD, and the location(s) in
5150	which they apply. This list shall be organized in the following manner:
5151	i. land use types and mix (list range of permitted uses);
5152	ii. density and intensity of land uses (list range of dwelling units per
5153	acre, lot sizes, lot frontages/widths, setbacks and yard requirements,
5154	lot coverage, building heights, lot dimensions, number of units, and
5155	floor area ratios for non-residential uses);
5156	iii. landscaping and screening;
5157	off-street parking and loading;
5158	v. signage; and
5159	vi. other applicable standards.
_	GDP map(s) at a minimum scale of 1 inch equals 100 feet (11" x 17"
	reduction shall also be provided) of the proposed project showing at least
	the following information:
5163	i. land use layout and the location of major public streets and/or
5164	private drives;
5165	ii. location of recreational and open space areas and facilities; and
5166	iii. statistical data on lot sizes in the development, the approximate
5167	areas of large development lots and pads, and density/intensity of
5168	various parts of the development.
5169	iv. A conceptual landscaping plan, noting approximate locations and
5170	types of existing and planned landscaping, screening and fencing.

5171 v.	A general signage plan, including approximate locations, types,
5172	heights, lighting and sign face areas.
5173 vi.	Evidence of financial capability pertaining to construction,
5174	maintenance and operation of all public and private improvements
5175	associated with the proposed development.
5176 vii.	Other maps or information requested by the town or county.
5177 viii.	In the case of a rural PUD, the GDP shall identify any areas proposed
5178	to be subject to conservancy easements, the nature of the
5179	conservancy easements to be imposed, and other features designed
5180	to protect the rural character of the area in which the PUD is
5181	proposed.
5182 ix.	After the GDP submittal is complete, the zoning administrator shall
5183	forward two copies of the submittal to the town clerk of the affected
5184	town and schedule the petition for zoning committee public hearing.
5185 x.	The affected town shall review and act on the proposed GDP. The
5186	town may approve the GDP with conditions that identify specific
5187	limits or elements the town requires to be included in the SIP.
5188 xi.	The zoning committee, after a public hearing and after receiving
5189	comments from the affected town, shall forward its
5190	recommendation on the proposed GDP to the county board. The
5191	GDP may be approved with conditions that identify specific limits or
5192	elements the county requires be included in the SIP. If the town
5193	board approves the GDP subject to conditions and such conditions
5194	are amended or deleted by the county, the GDP as approved by the
5195	county shall be submitted to the town board for approval of the
5196	county's conditions or denial of the GDP.
5197 xii.	The county board shall act on the GDP and, if the GDP is approved,
5198	shall establish through its approval a delayed effective date (DED)
5199	totaling at least 12 months within which one or more SIPs must be
5200	filed in order to effectuate the rezoning and establish the PUD on the
5201	zoning district map. Such timeframe may later be extended through
5202	an amendment to the approved GDP, which shall follow the same
5203	process as GDP approval. Failure to file an SIP(s) within the delayed
5204	effective date, or to extend said date, shall cause the rezoning to
5205	become null and void.
5206 xiii.	Approval of the GDP shall establish the basic right of use for the
5207	subject property in conformity with the approved plan, but approval
5208	of such plan shall not make permissible in any area of the PUD those
5209	uses proposed until an SIP is approved for that area. No
5210	development may occur within a PUD district which is inconsistent
5211	with an approved GDP.
	ementation Plan (SIP).

Items highlighted in <mark>yellow</mark> indicate new language or significant changes from current ordinance or practice.

5213	1. Th	ne applicant may submit to the zoning administrator an application for one or
5214	m	ore SIPs along with required application materials within the delayed effective
5215	da	te period as established through county board approval of the rezoning to PUD
5216	(G	DP approval). If such SIP(s) has not been submitted by the Delayed Effective
5217	Da	ate, the approved GDP shall be null and void for those portions of the subject
5218	pr	operty not yet covered by an approved SIP, and the zoning administrator shall
5219	ар	prove no further SIPs for the property under the previously approved GDP. In
5220	th	e event all or part of a GDP is rendered null and void, the zoning on the
5221	pr	operty shall revert to the zoning category existing prior to the PUD rezoning.
5222	2. Th	ne zoning administrator shall determine whether the SIP submittal is complete
5223	in	reference to the following required application materials
5224		ame of the applicant, agent, property owner(s) and entity which intend to
5225		evelop the land.
5226	4. A	complete written legal description of the SIP area.
5227	5. A	map showing the relationship of the SIP area to the approved GDP area.
5228		written description of the proposed SIP area within the PUD, including:
5229		a. specific project themes, images and design features;
5230		b. a specific list of permitted dwelling unit types and land uses;
5231		c. specific development densities by dwelling units per acre, lot sizes, lot
5232		frontages/widths, setbacks and yard requirements, lot coverage, building
5233		heights, lot dimensions, number of units, and floor area ratios for non-
5234		residential uses;
5235		d. specific treatment of natural features and provisions for open space
5236		preservation;
5237		e. specific relationship to the remainder of the PUD included in the approved
5238		GDP, nearby properties and existing and planned streets, highways and
5239		other transportation improvements; and
5240		f. a development schedule indicating project stages.
5241		g. A written description demonstrating the consistency of the proposed SIP
5242		with the approved GDP and the criteria in s. 10.08(11)(a)4., and identifying
5243		any and all deviations between the approved GDP and the proposed SIP.
5244		h. An SIP map at a minimum scale of 1 inch equals 100 feet (11" x 17"
5245		reduction shall also be provided) of the proposed project showing at least
5246		the following information:
5247		i. locations, sizes, dimensions and permitted uses of all lots and
5248		building sites (detailed lot layout/conceptual subdivision plan
5249		required for SIPs with multiple lots);
5250		ii. locations, sizes and dimensions of all structures (minimum setbacks
5251		and yard areas);
5252		iii. delineations of all water bodies, wetlands, floodplains, steep slopes
5253		and other sensitive environmental areas;
5254		iv. locations, dimensions and surface type of all driveways, walkways,
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5255	trails, parking and loading areas and roads;
5256	 v. detailed off-street parking lot and stall design;
5257	vi. location of all public and private utilities;
5258	vii. location, type and intensity of outdoor lighting;
5259	viii. location of recreational and open space areas and facilities,
5260	specifically describing those that are to be reserved or dedicated for
5261	public use; and
5262	ix. statistical data on lot sizes in the development, the exact areas of all
5263	development lots and pads, density/intensity of various parts of the
5264	development, floor area ratios, and lot coverage percentages.
5265	i. A detailed landscaping plan for the area included in the SIP, specifying the
5266	location, species, and installed and mature size of all existing and proposed
5267	trees, shrubs and fencing.
5268	j. A signage plan for the project, including the type, location, height,
5269	dimensions, lighting and sign face area of all proposed signs.
5270	k. An erosion control, drainage and stormwater management plan.
5271	I. Building elevations for all buildings, including building heights and
5272	materials.
5273	7. After the SIP submittal is complete, it shall be forwarded to the town clerk of the
5274	affected town. The town may then forward any comments and recommendations
5275	on the proposed SIP to the zoning administrator within 60 days. Alternatively, at
5276	the sole discretion of the affected town, the town may forward its comments and
5277	recommendations to the zoning administrator prior to the zoning administrator's
5278	determination of SIP submittal completeness, in which case the 60 day review
5279	period is not required.
5280	8. The planning and development director and zoning administrator shall review the
5281	submitted SIP with reference to the GDP approval, the evaluation criteria in s.
5282	10.153(4), and town comments and recommendations. Within 50 days of receipt
5283	of a complete submittal (of within 10 days of such receipt in the event that the
5284	town offers comments and recommendations before the zoning administrator's
5285	determination of completeness is made), the director and zoning administrator
5286	shall determine whether the SIP is consistent with the approved GDP.
5287	Inconsistencies shall require an amendment to the GDP according to the
5288	procedure in sub. 10.153(5)(a). If generally consistent with the approved GDP and
5289	the evaluation criteria, the director and zoning administrator shall, within such
5290	timeframe, approve the SIP as submitted or with modifications necessary to
5291	achieve full consistency. If approved with modifications, the applicant shall
5292	submit modified SIP materials consistent with the approval before the issuance of
5293	zoning permits.
5294	9. The approved SIP shall provide the basis for the issuance of all subsequent
5295	permits including, but not limited to, zoning permits, to allow development with
5296	the SIP area. Any portion of an approved SIP for which a zoning permit is not

5297 issued within three years of SIP approval shall expire, and a new SIP must be submitted and approved for that area before any development may occur. 5298 5299 **10.** As an alternative to SIP technical review by the zoning administrator, planning 5300 and development director and affected town, approval of the GDP may include 5301 detailed restrictive covenants specific to the PUD that establish a design review 5302 committee and design review process to review SIP submittals so as to ensure compliance with the GDP. All other requirements for the SIP per para. (b) above 5303 shall remain in effect if this option is approved by the town and county as part of 5304 5305 the GDP. 5306

5307 10.292. UTR (Utility, Transportation and Right-of-Way) Zoning 5308 District

5309	(6) Permitted uses.
5310	(a) Undeveloped natural resource use.
5311	(b) Small-scale agriculture
5312	(c) Public or private roadways
5313	(d) Bicycle or hiking trails
5314	(e) Private driveways or onsite parking
5315	(f) Railroad, utility or access easements or rights-of-way
5316	(g) Stormwater facilities
5317	(h) Utility services.
5318	(i) A transportation, utility, communication, or other use that is:
5319	 required under state or federal law to be located in a specific place, or;
5320	is authorized to be located in a specific place under a state or federal law that
5321	specifically preempts the requirement of a conditional use permit.
5322	(7) Conditional uses
5323	(a) Transportation, communications, pipeline, electric transmission, utility, or drainage
5324	uses, not listed as a permitted use above.
5325	(b) Storage structures, not to exceed 250 square feet.
5326	(c) Airport, landing strip or heliports.
5327	(8) Setback, lot coverage and area requirements.
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5329 10.300. Overlay Zoning Districts

5330 10.301. AED (Adult Entertainment) Overlay Zoning District

5331 (1) Statement of Purpose.

5332It is the purpose of this district to establish reasonable and uniform regulations of the5333use of property for adult entertainment establishments in order to prevent the adverse5334secondary effects associated with these businesses and thereby promote the health,5335safety, morals, and general welfare of the citizens of Dane County. It is not the intent or5336effect of this ordinance to restrict or deny access by adults to sexually oriented5337entertainment protected by the First Amendment, or to deny access by the exhibitors of5338sexually oriented entertainment to their intended market.

5339 (2) Findings.

While the County Board recognizes that freedom of speech is among our most precious 5340 5341 and highly protected rights, and wishes to act consistently with full protection of those 5342 rights, based on evidence concerning the adverse secondary effects of adult 5343 entertainment establishments on the community presented in hearings and in reports 5344 made available to the Board, and on findings incorporated in the cases of City of Los Angeles v. Alameda Books, Inc., 535 U.S. 425 (2002); Renton v. Playtime Theaters, Inc., 5345 475 U.S. 41 (1986); Thirteen Mile Rd. Inc. v. Warren, 626 F. Supp. 803, (E.D. Mich. 1985); 5346 5347 Alexander v. Minneapolis, 713 F. Supp. 1296 (DC Minn. 1989); 7250 Corp. v. Board of County Comrs., 799 P.2d 917 (Col. 1990); Chicago v. Scandia Books, Inc., 102 III App. 3d 5348 5349 292 (1st Dist. 1981); Islip v. Caviglia, 540 N.E.2d 215 (N.Y. 1989); Dumas v. Dallas, 648 F. 5350 Supp. 1061 (N.D. Tex. 1986); International Eateries of America, Inc. v. Broward County, 5351 726 F. Supp. 1568 (S.D. Fla. 1989); Walnut Properties, Inc. v. City Council of Long Beach, 100 Cal. App. 3d 1018 (2d Dist. 1980); S&GNews, Inc. v. Southgate, 638 F. Supp. 5352 5353 1060(E.D. Mich. 1986); U.S. Partners Financial Corp. v. Kansas City, 707 F. Supp. 1090 5354 (W.D. Mo.1989); City of Vallejo v. Adult Books, 167 Cal. App. 3d xxx (1st Dist. 1985); 5355 County of Cook v. Renaissance Arcade & Bookstore, 122 III 2d 123(1988); Derusso v. City 5356 of Albany, NY, 205 F. Supp. 2d 16 (N.D. N.Y. 2002); Mom N Pops, Inc.v. City of Charlotte, 979 F. Supp. 372 (W.D. N.C.1997); Venture I, Inc. v. Orange County, Tex., 947 F. Supp. 5357 5358 271 (E.D. Tex. 1996); Community Visual Communications, Inc. v. City of San Antonio, 148 F. Supp. 2d 764 (W.D. Tex. 2000);Bronco's Entertainment, Ltd. v. Charter Tp. Of Van 5359 5360 Buren, 421 F.3d 440 (6th Cir. 2005);Brandywine, Inc. v. City of Richmond, Kentucky, 359 F.3d 830 (6th Cir. 2004); Holmberg v. City of Ramsey, 12 F.3d 1413 (8th Cir. 1994); 5361 5362 Woosterv. Entertainment One, Inc., 158 Ohio App. 3d161 (2004); Grand Brittain, Inc. v.

5363City of Amarillo, Tex., 27 F.3d 1068 (5th Cir. 1994);Tollis, Inc. v. City of County of San5364Diego, 505F.3d 935 (9th Cir. 2007); as well as finding from papers, articles, studies and5365information from other communities including, but not limited to, Fort Worth & Dallas,5366Texas; Palm Beach County, Florida; Garden Grove, California; Austin, Texas; Phoenix,5367Arizona; Indianapolis, Indiana; and Los Angeles, California, the County of Dane, relying5368upon the experience of other local governments in this state and throughout the5369country, finds as follows:

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- (a) That adult entertainment establishments may have an adverse secondary effect on the surrounding community because the sexual nature of the business may, regardless of the intentions of the proprietors, attract persons seeking prostitution or unlawful drugs, or who are inclined to be disorderly or disruptive;
- 5374 (b) Adult entertainment establishments are an intense commercial use which create a
 5375 large volume of foot and automobile traffic in the vicinity of the establishment,
 5376 which may require police and other municipal services which may not be readily
 5377 available in towns, and which may conflict with the preservation of farmland by
 5378 encouraging scattered commercial development;
 - (c) Adult entertainment establishments have their peak activity at hours and days which are incompatible with residential uses, and have a larger customer volume than other entertainment establishments;
 - (d) Because of the potential for negative impacts on property values, the peace and good order of the community and the welfare of individuals affected by adult entertainment establishments, it is necessary to minimize the secondary effects of adult entertainment;
- (e) It is the intent of this section to protect the health, safety and welfare of the
 citizens of Dane County and to further preserve the quality of life and to preserve
 the urban and rural characteristics of its neighborhoods. The intent of the Adult
 Entertainment Overlay District is to regulate the location of such establishments.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit the regulation of any activities
 conducted in adult entertainment establishments which are entitled to protection under
 the First Amendment of the United States Constitution, including:
 - (a) plays, operas, musicals or other dramatic works that are not obscene;
 - (b) classes, seminars, or lectures which are held for a serious scientific or educational purpose and that are not obscene.
 - (c) rental or sale of video cassettes, DVD videodiscs, or other electronic media for private viewing off the premises.
- 5398 (4) Whether or not an activity is obscene shall be judged by consideration of the following5399 factors:
 - (a) whether the average person, applying contemporary community standards, would find that the activity taken as a whole appeals to prurient interest in sex;

- 5402 (b) whether the activity depicts or describes sexual conduct in a patently offensive 5403 way, as measured against community standards; and 5404 (c) whether the activity taken as a whole lacks serious literary, artistic, political or 5405 scientific value. 5406 (5) The overlay district shall apply only to lands zoned M-1 Industrial. 5407 (6) An adult entertainment establishment shall be a permitted use within the overlay 5408 district. (7) Standards for siting of adult entertainment establishments. Adult entertainment 5409 5410 establishments shall meet all of the following requirements: 5411 (a) Location of any particular adult entertainment establishment must be not less than 5412 1,000 feet from any church, synagogue, temple, mosque or any other place of 5413 worship, any residentially zoned district, park, school, playground, day care center, 5414 public library and any other adult book store or adult entertainment establishment. 5415 1. Measurement shall be made in a straight line, without regard to intervening 5416 structures or objects, from the nearest portion of the building or structure used 5417 as the part of the premises where adult entertainment is conducted, to the 5418 nearest property line of the premises of a use listed in sub (a). Presence of a City, 5419 County or other municipal boundary shall not affect the calculation and 5420 application of the distance requirements of sub (a). 5421 (b) There shall be no display windows on the premises; 5422 (c) The business may have only one (1) non-flashing business sign, and which shall be 5423 not larger than 4 feet by 4 feet; (d) A one square foot sign shall be placed on each public entrance which shall state 5424 5425 "Admittance to adults only" and may include other pertinent business information; 5426 (e) The owner and operator of an adult entertainment establishment shall agree to comply with all Federal, State and Local laws and ordinances, including those 5427 5428 regulating obscenity and alcoholic beverages, and shall further insure that minors 5429 are not allowed on the premises. Solicitation for purposes of prostitution shall be 5430 strictly prohibited; and 5431 (f) There shall be no areas in the adult entertainment establishment in which 5432 entertainment is provided which are not fully visible from the main area of the 5433 establishment. No entertainment may occur in areas of thee stablishment which 5434 are set off by doors, curtains, screens, barriers, café or saloon doors or other 5435 obstructions. 5436 (8) The provisions of this ordinance shall be severable. The County Board finds that it would 5437 have enacted all the provisions of this ordinance on the basis of any one of the findings
- 5438 in section (1).

5439 **10.302. GWP (Groundwater Protection) Overlay Zoning District**

5440	(1) Purpose.
5441	The residents of Dane County, whether served by private wells or municipal supplies,
5442	<mark>depend upon groundwater for a safe drinking water supply. Certain land use practices</mark>
5443	and activities can seriously threaten or degrade groundwater quality. The purpose of
5444	this Groundwater Protection Overlay District is to institute land use regulations to
5445	protect the municipal water supplies, and may impose greater restrictions than Wis.
5446	Admin. Code ATCP 31 to promote the public health, safety, and general welfare of the
5447	residents of Dane County.
5448	(2) Areas regulated.
5449	(a) Areas identified as contribution zones to municipal wells for drinking water, as
5450	shown in the current adopted <i>Dane County Water Quality Plan</i>.
5451	(3) Prohibited uses
5452	(a) Wastewater lagoons and infiltration ponds
5453	(b) Land application of biosolids or septage
5454	(c) Wastewater irrigation and landspreading
5455	(d) Manure storage facilities
5456	(e) Salvage yards.
5457	(f) Solid waste disposal operations.
5458	
5459	(4) Permitted and conditional uses.
5460	All permitted and conditional uses in the underlying zoning district, not listed as
5461	prohibited uses in (3) above, and provided all groundwater protection standards of
5462	ATCP 31, Wisconsin Administrative Code are met.
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5464 10.303. HD (Historic) Overlay Zoning District

5465 (1) Statement of purpose. The purpose of the historic overlay district is to effect and accomplish the protection, 5466 5467 enhancement and perpetuation of such sites and structures which represent or reflect 5468 elements of the county's cultural history, and to safeguard the county's historic and 5469 cultural heritage as embodied in such sites and structures, expanding upon such 5470 protection as is afforded by chapter 157, 1987 Wis. Stats. 5471 (2) Designation. 5472 No site may be designated which is not cataloged and no structure may be designated 5473 without the owner's written consent. The County of Dane is hereby deemed to have 5474 consented to the designation of all county-owned sites and structures which may 5475 hereafter be designated by the park commission with the approval of the county board. 5476 (3) Indication. 5477 Sites and structures which are designated shall be indicated by attaching the suffix "HD" 5478 to the zoning district in which the site or structure is located. (4) Protection of historic sites. 5479 No building or structure, whether or not a permit therefore is required under this 5480 ordinance, shall be erected on, and no use which involves soils disturbance shall be 5481 made of, any historic site except that with consent of the committee, an owner may 5482 remove, replace or add vegetation designed to preserve the site. There shall be a clear 5483 5484 area extending 25 feet in all directions from any historic site except that on substandard 5485 lots where the clear area distance of 25 feet cannot reasonably be maintained, the clear 5486 area distance shall be reduced to a distance equal to twice the depth of any excavation intended to be constructed on the lot or 10 feet, whichever is greater, unless a more 5487 5488 restrictive minimum distance is imposed by state statute in which case the statutory 5489 minimum shall apply. 5490 (a) The committee is empowered to grant a waiver from the clear zone requirements 5491 above for any lot provided that the committee finds that the owner cannot 5492 otherwise make reasonable use of the lot for the zoning classification it bears and 5493 that the site is preserved intact. The committee shall seek the advice of the park 5494 commission when considering any waiver application. 5495 (b) In no event shall a waiver under this section allow a structure to be located closer 5496 to an historic site than a distance equal to twice the depth of any excavation 5497 intended to be used for that part of the structure closest to the historic site, and in 5498 any event not closer than is permitted by statute.

- (c) Replacement private onsite sewage treatment systems, and existing roads, including repairs thereto, may be located in clear areas.
- (d) Where the designation of a particular parcel of land as an historic site under this
 ordinance results in a property owner being deprived of all, or substantially all, of
 the beneficial use of the property, compensation shall be paid as provided for by
 law.
- 5505 (5) Protection of historic structures.
- 5506Historic structures may be modified, altered or changed only when necessary to protect5507the continued existence of the structure or, for other purposes, when done according to
- 5508 the standards outlined by the department of the interior for the restoration,
- 5509 rehabilitation and adaptive reuse of historic structures. The owner of an historic
- 5510 structure who or which has opened the structure to the public may erect and maintain
- 5511 supporting structures, including lighting, protective fences and fire protection systems,
- as may be necessary for the maintenance or ease of use of the site.
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5514 10.304. NR-I (Natural Resource Identification) Overlay Zoning District

5515	(1) Purpose
5516	The Natural Resource Buffer Overlay District (NR-I) is intended to:
5517	(a) Minimize impacts to sensitive environmental features.
5518	(b) Provide more detailed information about potential natural resources or other
5519	environmental features to aid in appropriate design and siting of development.
5520	(c) Provide for appropriate review in areas of special concern as identified in adopted
5521	town and county comprehensive plans.
5522	(d) Provide buffers and minimize ecological fragmentation of core resources in the NR-
5523	C (Conservation) Zoning district.
5524	(2) Permitted and conditional uses
5525	All permitted and conditional uses in the underlying district, provided development
5526	conforms to the performance standards described in (4) below.
5527	(3) Additional application information.
5528	Within the NR-I Natural Resources Identification Overlay District, any application for any
5529	zoning or conditional use permit must be accompanied by the following:
5530	(a) A site plan meeting all the requirements of s. 10.100(4).
5531	(b) If determined necessary by the zoning administrator, a Preliminary Review Letter
5532	from the Dane County Department of Land and Water Resources confirming that
5533	erosion control and stormwater management standards under Chapter 14 and/or
5534	Chapter 11, Dane County Code can be readily met.
5535	(c) Identification, by location and type, of any significant areas of remnant or restored
5536	vegetation native to Dane County.
5537	(4) Performance standards.
5538	Prior to issuing a zoning permit for any development activity within the Natural
5539	Resource Buffer Overlay District, the zoning administrator, or his or her designee, must
5540	confirm that any development conforms to the approved site plan for the project
5541	

5542 10.305. RD (Rural Density) Overlay Zoning District

5543	<mark>(1) Purpose.</mark>
5544	<mark>The Rural Density Overlay district is intended to:</mark>
5545	(a) Facilitate implementation of caps on residential densities described in adopted
5546	town comprehensive plans, the Dane County Comprehensive Plan and the Dane
5547	County Farmland Preservation Plan.
5548	(b) Protect areas for planned for long-term agricultural use.
5549	(c) Protect open space, natural resources and rural character, consistent with adopted
5550	town comprehensive plans and the <i>Dane County Comprehensive Plan</i> .
5551	(d) Provide public notice and consumer protection to potential buyers and future
5552	<mark>landowners of limits on development potential for properties under town and</mark>
5553	<mark>county comprehensive plan policies.</mark>
5554	(2) Areas affected.
5555	The Rural Density Overlay district may apply to any of the following:
5556	(a) Properties that have exhausted potential development opportunities under density
5557	caps in the applicable adopted town comprehensive plan.
5558	(b) Properties where the landowner has voluntarily sold, transferred or donated all
5559	remaining potential development sites to a conservation entity through a recorded
5560	deed or conservation easement. Such transactions may include, but are not limited
5561	to participation in a transfer of development rights, purchase of development
5562	<mark>rights, purchase of agricultural conservation easements, or land acquisition and</mark>
5563	conservation program.
5564	(3) Rezones into the RD Overlay district.
5565	(a) Landowners may submit requests to rezone all or portions of their property into the
5566	RD Overlay zoning district as either a separate petition, or as part of a petition to
5567	rezone for development or transfer of development rights.
5568	(b) The town board or zoning committee may recommend to the county board that
5569	<mark>particular parcels be added into the RD Overlay zoning district upon finding that all</mark>
5570	<mark>development potential under the applicable town comprehensive plan on the</mark>
5571	affected property has been exhausted.
5572	(4) Rezones out of the RD Overlay District.
5573	The county board may approve petitions to rezone property out of the RD Overlay
5574	District if it finds that any of the following have taken place:
5575	(a) The affected town has amended its comprehensive plan to increase the allowable
5576	density of residential or nonfarm use for the affected property.
5577	(b) Conservation easements extinguishing development rights on the property have
5578	been relinguished by all holders of the easement, or;

5579	(c) Conservation easements or rezones to allow development are voided by a court of
5580	<mark>competent jurisdiction.</mark>
5581	(5) Permitted and conditional uses.
5582	All permitted and conditional uses in the underlying district, provided that no uses
5583	<mark>increase the number of principal residential or nonfarm buildings or dwelling units on</mark>
5584	<mark>the property.</mark>
5585	(6) -Prohibited uses.
5586	<mark>Land divisions or rezones that would allow for any increase in the number of principal</mark>
5587	residential or nonfarm buildings or dwelling units on the property.
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TDR-S (Transfer of Development Rights Sending Area) 10.306. 5589 **Overlay Zoning District** 5590

5591	(1) Statement of purpose. The purposes of the TDR-S overlay district are to:
5592	(a) Support Transfer of Development Rights, as follows:
5593	1. establish a county-wide framework which allows a participating municipality to
5594	transfer development rights within or outside its jurisdiction;
5595	 reduce spot development of rural land;
5596	3. encourage efficient transportation planning by reducing truly scattered
5597	development;
5598	encourage environmental preservation by enhancing open space;
5599	preserve and enhance property rights;
5600	6. provide support and input into the agricultural community by encouraging the
5601	preservation of large intact agricultural areas in some locations and individual
5602	farms in other areas;
5603	7. direct development in rural areas away from areas planned for long-term
5604	agricultural use;
5605	8. provide a potential for compensation for individuals who do not want to develop
5606	their property or who live in communities which wish to restrict development;
5607	9. help Dane County and participating communities achieve the goals and objectives
5608	contained in adopted plans;
5609	10. facilitate purchase of development rights programs to protect high-priority
5610	natural or agricultural resources; and
5611	11. allow for towns, villages and cities to serve as a clearinghouse for development
5612	rights in accordance with adopted land use and comprehensive plans.
5613	(b) Protect property rights. Nothing in this section is intended to restrict, curtail or
5614	abridge the rights of property owners to use their property as currently permitted
5615	under ordinance, to petition the county board to rezone property or to apply for
5616	conditional use permits under ss. 59.69, 91.46 or 91.48, Wis. Stats., or this
5617	ordinance. A development proposal which is consistent with adopted plans is not
5618	objectionable on the grounds that it is not being undertaken with transferred
5619	development rights.
5620	(2) Areas affected. This district is generally intended to apply to lands identified in adopted
5621	town and county comprehensive plans as suitable for:
5622	(a) long-term or permanent agricultural, conservation or natural resource use;
5623	(b) limited or no non-farm development; and
5624	(c) sending areas for a transfer or purchase of development rights program.
5625	(3) Applicable zoning districts. The TDR-S Overlay district shall only apply in the FP-35 and
5626	NR-C zoning districts

Items highlighted in yellow indicate new language or significant changes from current ordinance or practice.

- 5627 (4) Permitted uses.
 - (a) All permitted uses in the underlying zoning district.
- 5629 (b) Transfer of development rights consistent with, and at a ratio determined by, anadopted town and county comprehensive plan.
- 56311. Any transferred development rights must be accompanied by a recorded TDR5632agricultural conservation easement placed on the sending property.
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 2. The recorded easement must include a legal description of the sending property in accordance with adopted town and county comprehensive plan guidelines, must detail the number of rights transferred or sold, and must describe any receiving property or properties.
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 additional and the sequence of the county and the landowner to agree to any amendment of the agricultural conservation easement in writing and after at least one public hearing held by the zoning committee. All such amendments shall be recorded.
 - No third parties with enforcement rights may be added without approval of the Town and the County.
- 5644 (5) Conditional uses. All conditional uses in the underlying zoning district.
- 5645 (6) Area regulations. All lots in the TDR-S overlay district must meet the minimum lot size of5646 the underlying zoning district
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5648 10.307. TDR-R (Transfer of Development Rights Receiving Area) 5649 Overlay Zoning District

5650	(1) Statement of purpose. The purposes of the TDR-R overlay district are to:
5651	(a) establish a county-wide framework which allows a participating municipality to
5652	transfer development rights within or outside its jurisdiction;
5653	(b) encourage the clustering of rural development;
5654	(c) encourage the efficient provision of services by clustering residential units;
5655	(d) encourage efficient transportation planning by encouraging compact development;
5656	(e) support planning of development in areas which have less impact on key sources;
5657	(f) preserve and enhance property rights;
5658	(g) encourage rural housing that is adequate and affordable for persons from a range
5659	of incomes;
5660	(h) facilitate development in rural areas of towns already experiencing or seeking
5661	development;
5662	(i) encourage the efficient use of land that has no history of, or is no longer suitable
5663	for, agriculture; and
5664	(j) help Dane County and participating communities achieve the goals and objectives
5665	contained in adopted plans
5666	(2) Areas affected. This district is generally intended to apply to lands identified in adopted
5667	town and county comprehensive plans as suitable for:
5668	(a) residential development at a density exceeding one dwelling unit per 35 acres; and
5669	(b) receiving areas for a transfer of development rights program
5670	(3) Applicable zoning districts. The TDR-R Overlay district shall only apply in the Rural
5671	Mixed-Use, Rural Residential, Residential and Hamlet zoning districts.
5672	(4) Applicability near incorporated municipalities.
5673	(a) The county board may not rezone to the TDR-R overlay district any parcel wholly or
5674	partially within the extraterritorial plat review jurisdiction of an incorporated
5675	municipality, as defined in s. 236.02(5), Wis. Stats., unless consistent with an
5676	adopted town and county comprehensive plan.
5677	(b) If there are inconsistencies between the comprehensive plans of the town and the
5678	incorporated municipality with extraterritorial jurisdiction, prior to county board
5679	action the town and municipal governments must resolve the inconsistencies,
5680	following the dispute resolution process set forth in their respective comprehensive
5681	plans as required by s. 66.1001(2)(g), Wis. Stats.
5682	(5) Permitted uses. All permitted uses in the underlying zoning district, provided all of the
5683	following criteria are met:
5684	(a) Each new dwelling unit is accompanied by transferred development rights from a
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5685	parcel or parcels in the TDR-S overlay district consistent with, and at a ratio
5686	determined by, an adopted town and county comprehensive plan.
5687	(b) All transferred development rights in (a) above are from TDR-S overlay districts
5688	within the same town as the proposed dwelling unit, unless inter-town transfers
5689	are expressly authorized in adopted town and county comprehensive plans for both
5690	the sending and receiving towns.
5691	(c) The landowner records a notice document for each new dwelling unit that details
5692	the number of development rights transferred, describes the sending property or
5693	properties, and references the recorded document number of the TDR agricultural
5694	conservation easement required under s. 10.306(4)(b).
5695	(d) Copies of any recorded notices and copies of recorded TDR agricultural
5696	conservation easements on the sending parcel or parcels in the TDR-S district, must
5697	be provided to the zoning administrator before zoning permits will be issued.
5698	(6) Conditional uses. All conditional uses in the underlying zoning district, provided all of the
5699	following criteria are met:
5700	(a) Any application for a conditional use permit in the TDR-R overlay district that would
5701	increase the number of permanent dwelling units, except for those uses listed in
5702	paragraph (b) below, is accompanied by transferred development rights from a
5703	parcel or parcels in the TDR-S overlay district consistent with, and at a ratio
5704	determined by, an adopted town and county comprehensive plan
5705	(b) Exceptions. The following conditional uses are not considered an increase in the
5706	number of permanent dwelling units and do not require a transferred development
5707	right:
5708	 community living arrangements;
5709	 attached accessory dwelling units;
5710	3. extended care facilities; and
5711	4. nursing homes.
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5713 10.400. Changes and Amendments

- 5714 The Dane County Board of Supervisors may from time to time alter, supplement or 5715 change by ordinance the boundaries or classification of districts designated in this 5716 ordinance, or any of the provisions of regulations imposed by this ordinance, as 5717 provided in s. 59.69(5)(e), Wis. Stats.
- 5718 10.500. Roles, Responsibilities and Duties

5719	(1) Zoning Administrator
5720	(a) Authority
5721	The position of the zoning administrator shall have all authority, powers and duties
5722	as described in Chapters 33, 59, 87, 88, 236, 281 and 295, Wisconsin Statutes, and
5723	in Chapters 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 74 and 75, Dane County Code.
5724	(b) Appointment.
5725	The zoning administrator shall hold his or her office under civil service, and
5726	vacancies in such office shall be filled by procedures established by the Dane
5727	County Civil Service Ordinance. The county executive shall be the appointing
5728	authority for the position of zoning administrator.
5729	(c) Powers and Duties.
5730	The zoning administrator, or his or her designee, shall have the following powers
5731	and duties:
5732	1. Receive applications, conduct inspections, and approve zoning permits under s.
5733	10.101(1).
5734	 Provide accommodations for disabled persons under s. 10.101(2).
5735	3. Require and review location surveys under s. 10.101(3).
5736	4. Require, specify standards for, review and approve site plans under s.10.101(4).
5737	5. Conduct inspections to determine compliance with any provisions of this
5738	ordinance, other ordinances cited in (a) above, any permit standards or
5739	conditions and to investigate violations. The zoning administrator, or his or her
5740	designee, shall have the right to enter upon premises affected by this ordinance
5741	at reasonable hours for the purpose of inspection.
5742	 6. Issue certificates of compliance under s. 10.101(6). 7. Despise and review complications for conditional use a consistent dense 10.101(7).
5743	7. Receive and review applications for conditional use permits under s. 10.101(7).
5744	8. Receive and review petitions to rezone under s.10.101(8)
5745 5746	9. Investigate any violation of this ordinance or any of the ordinances cited in (a)
5746 5747	above, and to use enforcement measures authorized under s. 10.101(11) as necessary to ensure compliance.
5748	10. Maintain permanent and current records of this chapter, including but not limited
5748 5749	to all maps, amendments, conditional use permits, zoning permits, site plans,
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5750	variances, appeals, inspections, interpretations, applications and other official
5751	actions.
5752	11. Advise applicants for development approvals on the provisions of this chapter
5753	and assist applicants, to the extent practical, in preparing required permit
5754	applications.
5755	12. Receive, file and forward all applications for all procedures governed by this
5756	chapter to the designated official review and approval bodies, along with all
5757	appropriate technical information and/or reports to assist such bodies in making
5758	their decisions.
5759	13. Make interpretations regarding the provisions of this chapter in a manner that is
5760	consistent with the purpose of this chapter, the applicable chapter section(s), and
5761	the comprehensive plan. An interpretation may be requested by the owner(s) of a
5762	property, the Zoning and Land Regulations Committee, the County Board, or an
5763	interpretation may be initiated by the Zoning Administrator. All interpretations
5764	are subject to appeal to the Zoning Board of Adjustment per the procedures in
5765	s.10.101(9).
5766	14. Provide primary staff support to the Zoning and Land Regulations Committee and
5767	the Zoning Board of Adjustment, including the scheduling of public hearings and
5768	other meetings and site visits and the recording of the actions, recommendations,
5769	and minutes of such bodies.
5770	15. Perform all duties related to shoreland and wetland zoning assigned to the zoning
5771	administrator, under Chapter 11, Dane County Code, NR 115, Wis. Admin. Code
5772	and s. 59.692, Wis. Stats.
5773	16. Perform all duties related to floodplain zoning assigned to the zoning
5774	administrator under Chapter 17, Dane County Code, NR 117, Wis. Admin. Code
5775	and ss. 59, 59.692, 59.694 and 87.30, Wis. Stats.
5776	17. Perform all duties related to land division and condominium plat review and
5777	approval as specified in Chapter 75, Dane County Code.
5778	18. Perform all duties related to mineral extraction reclamation plans assigned to the
5779	zoning administrator under Chapter 74, Dane County Code.
5780	(2) Zoning and Land Regulations Committee
5781	(a) Authority.
5782	The zoning and land regulations committee shall have all authority, powers and
5783	duties as described in Chapters 33, 59, 87, 88, 236, 281 and 295, Wisconsin
5784	Statutes, and in Chapters 7, 10, 11, 13, 14, 17, 74 and 75, Dane County Code.
5785	(b) Appointment.
5786	The county board chair shall appoint zoning and land regulations committee
5787	members pursuant to s. 7.12, Dane County Code.
5788	(c) Powers and Duties
5789	The zoning committee shall have the following powers and duties:

5790	1. All powers and duties described in s.7.12, Dane County Code.
5791	2. Conduct public hearings in accordance with s.59.69(2)(e), Chapter 985, Wis. Stats.
5792	and Chapter 7, Dane County Code.
5793	3. Review and decide on requests for conditional use permits, including associated
5794	site plans where required, following the procedures in s.10.101(7).
5795	4. Advise the County Board on appropriate amendments to the text of this chapter
5796	or to the Official Zoning Map, following procedures established under §59.69, wis.
5797	Stats., and in ss. 10.101(8) and 10.400.
5798	5. Establish rules and procedures for committee meetings and public hearings under
5799	Chapter 7, Dane County Code.
5800	6. Perform all duties, related to land division review, including approval of
5801	subdivision plats assigned to the zoning committee under Chapter 75, Dane
5802	County Code.
5803	7. Review and approve waivers for landscaping standards for manufactured home
5804	communities under s.10.102(15)(f)
5805	8. Review and issue annual licenses for salvage yards and junkyards under s.
5806	10.102(7)(d).
5807	9. Review and approve Planned Unit Development applications under s. 10.291.
5808	10. Review and approve replacement of vegetation or clear zone waivers in the
5809	Historic Overlay district under s. 10.303(4).
5810	(3) Town Government
5811	(a) Authority.
5812	Town boards of supervisors generally have powers as described in Chapter 60, ss.
5813	59.69(5) and 59.69(5m), Wis. Stats.
5814	(b) Powers and Duties
5815	Town boards shall have the following powers and duties related to this ordinance:
5816	1. Adoption of the county zoning ordinance under s. 59.69(5), Wis. Stats.
5810	 Adoption of the county zoning ordinance under 3. 55.65(5), wis. Stats. Withdrawal from county zoning under s. 59.69(5m), Wis. Stats.
5818	3. Review, approval and denial of conditional use permits under s.10.101(7)(c).
5818	4. Review, objection and comment on rezoning petitions and ordinance
5820	amendments under s. 59.69(5), Wis. Stats.
5820	5. Adoption of town comprehensive plans under ss. 66.1001, 60.23(33) and 62.23,
5822	Wis. Stats. and Chapter 82, Dane County code.
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	 Receipt of agricultural entertainment, tourism or assembly plans under s.10.102(3).
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5825	7. Receipt of outdoor assembly event plans under s.10.102(16).
5826	 8. Licensing of salvage yards or junkyards under s. 10.102(17)(c). 9. Planned Unit Development review under s. 10.201
5827	9. Planned Unit Development review under s.10.291.
5828	(4) County Board of Supervisors
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5829 (a) Authority.

Items highlighted in <mark>yellow</mark> indicate new language or significant changes from current ordinance or practice.

The Dane County Board of Supervisors generally has all powers and duties as described 5830 in Chapter 59, Wis. Stats. and Chapters 6 and 7, Dane County Code. 5831 (b) Powers and Duties 5832 The county board of supervisors has the following specific powers and duties related to 5833 5834 this ordinance. 5835 1. The chair of the county board of supervisors appoints the Zoning and Land 5836 Regulations Committee, subject to Chapter 7, Dane County Code. 5837 2. Review, approval or denial of rezone petitions and ordinance amendments under s.59.69(5), Wis. Stats. and s.10.400. 5838 3. Adoption, review and amendment of the Dane County Comprehensive Plan 5839 5840 under s. 66.1001, Wis. Stats. and Chapter 82, Dane County Code. 4. Adoption, review and amendment of the Dane County Farmland Preservation 5841 Plan under Chapter 91, Wis. Stats. ad Chapter 82, Dane County Code. 5842 5. Adoption of town comprehensive plans under s.10.004(7) and Chapter 82, Dane 5843 5844 County Code. 5845 6. Approval of Planned Unit Development General Development and Specific 5846 Implementation Plans under s. 10.291(5). (5) County Executive 5847 5848 (a) Authority 5849 The Dane County Executive generally has all powers and duties as described in <u>s. 59.17</u>, 5850 Wis. Stats. (b) Powers and Duties 5851 5852 The county executive has the following specific powers and duties related to this 5853 ordinance: 1. Approval or veto of rezone petitions and ordinance amendments under ss. 5854 5855 10.101(7), 10.400 and s. 59.17(6), Wis. Stats. 2. Appointment of zoning administrator and other administrative staff. 5856 (6) Board of Adjustment 5857 (a) Authority 5858 The Board of Adjustment generally has all powers and duties as described in ss. 59.694, 5859 5860 Wis. Stats. (b) Powers and Duties 5861 The Board of Adjustment has the following specific powers and duties related to this 5862 5863 ordinance, and other land use ordinances of Dane County. 5864 1. Hearing and deciding appeals of conditional use permit decisions under s. 5865 10.101(7)(c)4. 2. Hearing and deciding appeals of administrative decisions under s. 10.101(9) and 5866 Chapters 11 and 14, Dane County Code. 5867

Items highlighted in <mark>yellow</mark> indicate new language or significant changes from current ordinance or practice.

5868 5869 **3.** Hearing and deciding variances under s. <u>10.101(10)</u> and Chapters 11 and 14, Dane County Code.