1 2	2018 OA-028 <u>– SUB 2</u>
2 3 4 5 6	AMENDING CHAPTER 14 AND CREATING CHAPTER 49 OF THE DANE COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES, AGRICULTURAL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND MANURE MANAGEMENT
7 8	The County Board of Supervisors of the County of Dane does ordain as follows:
9 10	ARTICLE 1. Unless otherwise expressly stated herein, all references to section and chapter numbers are to those of the Dane County Code of Ordinances.
11 12 13	ARTICLE 2. Chapter 14, Subchapter I "MANURE STORAGE AND UTILIZATION", ss.14.001 - 14.27 is rescinded in its entirety.
14 15 16	ARTICLE 3. Chapter 49 is created to read as follows:
17 18 19 20	CHAPTER 49 AGRICULTURAL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND MANURE MANAGEMENT
20 21 22 23	SUBCHAPTER I GENERAL PROVISIONS
24 25 26 27	 49.01 Authority. 49.02 Jurisdiction. 49.03 Purpose, findings and declaration of policy. 49.04 Severability.
28 29 30	SUBCHAPTER II DEFINITIONS
31 32 33 34	49.05 Purpose.49.06 Word usage.49.07 Definitions.
35 36 37 38 39	SUBCHAPTER III AGRICULTURAL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND PROHIBITIONS 49.08 Performance standards and prohibitions. 49.09 Standards. 49.10 Cost share required.
40 41 42	SUBCHAPTER IV MANURE STORAGE FACILITY PERMIT, USE AND SPECIFICATIONS
43 44 45 46 47	 49.11 Application for issuance of permits. 49.12 Manure storage facility plan requirements. 49.13 Review of application. 49.14 Permit conditions. 49.15 Permit revocation.
48 49 50 51	49.16 Certificate of use. SUBCHAPTER V WINTER SPREADING PERMIT

52	49.17 Permit requirement.
53	49.18 Winter spreading plan components.
54 55	49.19 Limitations to application of manure to frozen, snow-covered, or ice-covered ground.
56	49.20 Permit conditions.
57	
58	SUBCHAPTER VI
59	PROCEDURES AND ADMINISTRATION
60	49.21 Administration.
61	49.22 Variances.
62	49.23 Enforcement.
63	49.24 Appeals.
64	49.25 Fees.
65 66	
67	SUBCHAPTER I
68	GENERAL PROVISIONS
69	
70	49.01 AUTHORITY. This ordinance is adopted under authority granted by ss. 33.455 and
71	92.16, Wis. Stats., and s. ATCP 50.56, Wis. Adm. Code.
72	
73	49.02 JURISDICTION. This ordinance applies to the entire geographical area of Dane
74	County.
75	40.00 RURROOF FINDINGS AND REGULARATION OF ROUGY (4) The summers of this
76 77	49.03 PURPOSE, FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY. (1) The purpose of this ordinance is to provide for proper and acts storage, handling, and land application of manure
77 78	ordinance is to provide for proper and safe storage, handling, and land application of manure and to reduce the delivery of manure, other waste materials, fertilizers, and sediment to
79	surface waters and groundwater through the use of conservation practices and
80	implementation of state performance standards and prohibitions for agriculture. The Dane
81	County Board of Supervisors finds that polluted surface runoff and leachate from improperly
82	designed or maintained manure storage facilities, feed storage facilities, unconfined manure
83	piles, animal lots, milking centers, and agric6ultural practices causing excessive tillage and
84	land applications of manure and fertilizers have resulted in the delivery of sediment, manure,
85	other waste materials, and nutrients to surface waters and groundwater within Dane County.
86	The board recognizes the importance of protecting our ground and surface water resources
87	and finds that proper management of agricultural practices contributes to the protection of
88	ground and surface waters; public health; plant, animal, and aquatic life; and the property tax base of Dane County. The board finds that adherence to agricultural performance standards
89 90	in chs. NR 151 and ATCP 50, Wis. Adm. Code, by the county landowners is necessary to
90 91	protect these interests.
92	
93	(2) Compliance with this ordinance requires that individuals follow the procedures
94	contained herein, receive a permit from the department before beginning regulated
95	activities that require a permit, and comply with the requirements of this ordinance and
96	the permit.
97	
98	49.04 SEVERABILITY. (1) JUDGEMENT OF ORDINANCE PROVISIONS. If a court of
99	competent jurisdiction adjudges any section, provision or portion of this chapter to be
100	invalid, the judgement shall not affect any other provision of this chapter not specifically
101	included in the judgement.

102	(2) JUDGEMENT OF ORDINANCE APPLICATION. If a court of competent jurisdiction
103	adjudges invalid the application of any portion of this chapter to a particular property,
104	building, use, or structure, the judgement shall not affect the application of the provision to
105	any other property, building, use, or structure not specifically included in the judgement.
106	(3) JUDGEMENT OF PERMIT. If a court of competent jurisdiction adjudges as invalid any
107	requirement or limitation contained in a permit given under this chapter, it shall be
108	presumed that the permit would not have been granted without the requirement or
109	limitation, and therefore, the permit shall also be invalid.
110	······································
111	SUBCHAPTER II
112	DEFINITIONS
112	DELIMITIONO
114	49.05 PURPOSE. To define words, terms, and phrases contained in this chapter that are
115	essential to the understanding, administration, and enforcement of this chapter.
116	
117	49.06 WORD USAGE. For the purposes of this chapter, certain words and terms are
118	used as follows:
119	(1) Words used in the present tense include the future.
120	(2) Words in the singular include the plural.
121	(3) Words in the plural include the singular.
122	(4) The word "shall" is mandatory and not permissive.
123	
124	49.07 DEFINITIONS. For the purposes of this chapter, certain words and terms are
125	defined as follows:
126	(1) "Adequate sod or self-sustaining vegetative cover" means maintenance of sufficient
127	vegetation types and densities that provide 70% coverage such that the physical integrity of
128	the streambank or lakeshore is preserved. Self-sustaining vegetative cover includes
129	grasses, forbs, sedges and duff layers of fallen leaves, and woody debris.
130	(2) "Agricultural lands" means lands in agricultural use as provided under s. 91.01(2), Wis.
131	Stats.
132	(3) "Applicant" means any person who applies for a permit under this ordinance.
133	(4) "Best management practices (BMPs)" mean structural or nonstructural measures,
134	practices, techniques, or devices employed to avoid or minimize soil, sediment, or other
135	pollutants from being carried in runoff to waters of the state.
136	(5) "Concentrated flow channel" means a natural channel or constructed channel that has
137	been shaped or graded to required dimensions and established in perennial vegetation for
138	the stable conveyance of runoff. This definition may include but is not limited to non-
139	vegetated channels caused by ephemeral erosion including intermittent streams, drainage
140 141	ditches, and drainage ends identified on the NRCS soil survey. Some drainage ditches are identified on the Dane County Web page at: <u>https://dcimapapps.countyofdane.com/lwrviewer/</u>
141	(6) <i>"Department</i> " means the Dane County Land & Water Resources Department.
142	(7) "Certificate of use" means an authorization provided by the Department to an
143 144	agricultural producer allowing them to continue to utilize an unpermitted waste storage
144 145	facility or permitted facilities that have exceeded the 20 year lifespan.
145	(8) "Committee" means the Land Conservation Committee as designated by the county
140	board pursuant to s. 7.20(2), Dane County Ordinance, and s. 92.06, Wis. Stats.
147	(9) "Crop producer" means an owner or operator of an operation engaged in crop
149	related agricultural practices specified in Wis. Stat. s. 281.16(1)(b).
150	(9) "Direct conduit to groundwater" means wells, sinkholes, swallets, fractured bedrock at
151	the surface, mine shafts, non-metallic mines, tile inlets discharging to groundwater, quarries,
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- 152 cenotes, or depressional groundwater recharge areas over shallow fractured bedrock.
- 153 (10) *"Direct runoff"* means any of the following:
- (a) Runoff of stored manure, including manure leachate, that discharges a significant amount
- of pollutants to surface waters of the state or to a direct conduit to ground water.
- (b) Runoff from a feedlot that can be predicted to discharge a significant amount of
- 157 pollutants to surface waters of the state or a direct conduit to groundwater.
- (c) Discharge of a significant amount of leachate from stored manure or feed to waters ofthe state.
- 160 (d) Construction of a manure storage facility in permeable soils or over fractured bedrock
- 161 without a liner designed in accordance with NRCS Standard 313.
- 162 **(11)** *"Effective incorporation"* means mixing manure with soil, or subsurface placement of 163 nutrients by such means as injection, disc, sweep, plow or other tillage/infiltration method
- such that manure will not run off the field or drain to subsurface tiles during application.
- 165 (12) *"Feedlot"* means a barnyard, exercise area, or other outdoor area where livestock are
- 166 concentrated for feeding or other purposes and self-sustaining vegetative cover is not
- 167 maintained. "Feedlot" does not include a winter grazing area or a bare soil area such as a
- 168 cattle lane or a supplemental feeding area located within a pasture, provided that the bare soil 169 area is not a significant source of pollution to waters of the state as determined by predictive
- area is not a significant source of pollution to waters of the state as determinedmodels for manure runoff utilized by the department.
- 171 (13) "*Idle storage facility*" means a facility where manure has not been added or
- 172 removed for a period of 24 months.
- 173 (14) *"Land application"* means the physical transfer of manure from any animal
- 174 confinement area or manure storage facility to fields for purposes of fertilization or 175 disposal.
- 176 (15) "Landowner" means a person who owns a parcel of land any of the following:
- 177 (16) A person who owns a parcel of land.
- 178 (17)(15) A person who rents, controls, or uses a parcel of land for agricultural purposes.
- 179 (18)(16) *"Livestock"* means all domestic animals, including deer, elk, or any 180 fenced-in animals.
- 181 (19)(17) *"Livestock operation"* means a feedlot or other facility or a pasture where 182 animals are fed, confined, maintained, or stabled.
- 183 (20)(18) *"Manure"* means livestock excreta and includes the following when intermingled 184 with excreta in normal farming operations: debris including bedding, water, soil, hair, and
- feathers; processing derivatives including separated sand, separated manure solids,
- 186 precipitated manure sludges, supernatants, digested liquids, composted biosolids, and
- 187 process wastewater; and runoff collected from barnyards, animal lots, and feed storage 188 areas.
- (21)(19) "Manure storage facility" means an impoundment made by constructing
 an embankment or excavating a pit or dugout or by fabricating a structure to contain
 manure, process wastewater, or other animal or agricultural waste.
- 191 manure, process wastewater, or other animal or agricultural waste.
- (22)(20) *"Manure storage facility, existing*" means a facility that was constructed
 prior to October 1, 2002.
- 194 (23)(21) *"Manure storage facility, substantially altered"* means a change initiated by 195 an landowner and operator that results in a relocation of a manure structure or facility or
- 195 an indice of and operator that results in a relocation of a manufe structure or facility 196 significant changes to the size, depth or configuration of a manufe structure or facility 197 in shudies:
- 197 including:
- (a) Replacement of a liner, or any interception of the liner as a result of changes in themanagement system of the manure storage structure.
- (b) An increase in the volumetric capacity or area of a structure or facility by greater than 20%.
- 201 (c) A change in a structure or facility related to a change in livestock management from one

- species of livestock to another, such as cattle to poultry.
- (24)(22) *"Manure storage facility, unpermitted"* means a facility that was constructed
 without a permit issued by Dane County Land & Water Resources Department <u>under this</u>
 ordinance.
- 206 (25)(23) *"Margin of safety level"* means the level in a liquid manure storage or 207 containment facility that is vertically one foot below the lowest point of the top of the manure
- 208 storage facility or structure.
- 209 (26)(24) "Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS)" means an agency of the
- 210 United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) which, for purposes of this chapter, provides
- the agency and the department with technical assistance and information on the design
- criteria, size, shape, engineering strength, and other necessary technical data for the proper and safe installation of a manure storage facility.
- 214 (27)(25) *"Navigable waters and navigable drainage ways"* means any body of water 215 that is navigable under the laws of the state as defined s. 281.31(2)(d), Wis. Stats.
- 216 (28)(26) "Nutrient management plan" means a plan that balances the nutrient needs of
- 217 a crop with the nutrients available from legume crops, manure, fertilizer, or other sources.
- The requirements for a nutrient management plan are as established meets the definition in s. ATCP 50.04(3), Wis. Adm. Code.
- 220 (27) "Nutrients" means plant nutrients derived from commercial fertilizers, manure,
- 221 organic wastes, soil reserves, legumes, or other sources.
- (29)(28) "Operator" means a person who rents, controls or uses a parcel of land for
 agricultural purposes.
- 224 (30)(29) "Ordinary high water mark" means the point on the bank or shore up to which
- the presence and action of surface water is so continuous as to leave a distinctive mark
- such as by erosion, destruction or prevention of terrestrial vegetation, or other easily
- recognized characteristic. Where the bank or shore at any particular place is of such
- character that it is difficult or impossible to ascertain where the point of ordinary high- water
 mark is, recourse may be had to the opposite bank of a stream or to other places on the
 shore of a lake or flowage to determine whether a given stage of water is above or below the
- 231 ordinary high-water mark.
- 232 (31)(30) "Pasture" means land on which livestock graze or otherwise seek feed in a
- manner that maintains the vegetative cover over the grazing area. Pasture may include
 limited areas of bare soil such as cattle lanes and supplemental feeding areas provided the
 bare soil areas are not significant sources of pollution to waters of the state.
- (32)(31) *"Permit"* means the signed, written statement issued by the department under this ordinance authorizing the applicant to construct, install, substantially alter, or close, a
- manure storage facility, and/or the application of livestock waste on frozen or snow-covered ground.
- 240 (33)(32) "Permitted facility" means a facility that was permitted under this ordinance.
- 241 (34)(33) *"Permittee"* means any person to whom a permit is issued under this ordinance.
- 242 (35)(34) "Person" means any individual, owner, operator, corporation, limited liability
- company, partnership, association, municipality, interstate agency, state agency, orfederal agency.
- 245 (36)(35) "Phosphorus index" means the State's agricultural land management planning
 246 tool for assessing the potential of a cropped or grazed field to contribute phosphorus to
- surface waters.
- 248 (37)(36) "Pollutant" means any dredged, spoil, solid waste, incinerator residue, sewage,
- garbage, refuse, oil, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical wastes, biological materials,
- radioactive substance, heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand, cellar dirt and
- industrial, municipal, and agricultural waste discharged into water.

- 252 (38)(37) *"Pollution"* includes contaminating or rendering unclean or impure the waters of
- the state, or making the same injurious to public health, harmful for commercial or
- recreational use, or deleterious to fish, bird, animal or plant life.
- 255 (39)(38) *"Process wastewater"* means wastewater from the production area directly or 256 indirectly used in the operation of animal feeding operation that results from any or all of the 257 following:
- (a) Spillage or overflow from animal or poultry watering systems.
- (b) Washing, cleaning, or flushing pens, barns, manure pits, or other animal feedingoperation facilities.
- 261 (c) Direct contact swimming, washing, or spray cooling of animals or dust control.
- 262 (d) Water that comes into contact with any raw materials or animal byproducts including 263 manure, feed, milk, eggs, or bedding.
- 264 (40)(39) *"Runoff"* means storm water or precipitation including rain, snow, ice melt or 265 similar water that flows across the land surface via sheet or channelized flow.
- 266 **(41)(40)** *"Safety devices"* means constructed measures designed to protect humans 267 and livestock from hazards associated with a manure storage facility.
- 268 (42)(41) "Site that is susceptible to groundwater contamination" means any one of 269 the following:
- 270 (a) An area within 250 feet of a private well.
- 271 (b) An area within 1000 feet of a municipal well.
- 272 (c) An area within 300 feet upslope or 100 feet downslope of a direct conduit to
- 273 groundwater.
- 274 (d) A channel that flows to a direct conduit to groundwater.
- 275 (e) An area where the soil depth to groundwater or bedrock is less than 2 feet.
- (f) An area where the soil does not exhibit one of the following soil characteristics:
- 1. At least a 2-foot soil layer with 40% fines or greater above groundwater and bedrock.
- 278 2. At least a 3-foot soil layer with 20% fines or greater above groundwater and bedrock.
- 279 3. At least a 5-foot soil layer with 10% fines, or greater above groundwater and bedrock.
- (43)(42) "Surface waters" means all natural and artificial named and unnamed lakes and
 all naturally flowing streams within the boundaries of the state, but not including cooling
- 282 lakes, farm ponds and facilities constructed for the treatment of wastewaters.
- (44)(43) *"Technical guide"* means the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA)
 Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Technical Guide as adopted by the
 agency, including subsequent amendments or additions.
- 286 (45)(44) *"Tolerable soil loss" or "T"* means the maximum rate of erosion, in tons per acre 287 per year, allowable for particular soils and site conditions that will maintain soil productivity.
- (46)(45) "Top of the channel" means an edge, or point on the landscape landward from
 the ordinary high water mark of a surface water of the state, where the slope of the land
- begins to be less than 12% continually for at least 50 feet. If the slope of the land is 12% or
- less continually for the initial 50 feet landward from the ordinary high water mark, the top ofthe channel is the ordinary high water mark.
- (47)(46) "Unconfined manure pile" means a quantity of manure that is at least 175 cubic
 feet in volume and which covers the ground surface to a depth of at least 2 inches and is not
 confined within a manure storage facility, livestock housing facility or barnyard runoff control
 facility or covered or contained in a manner that prevents storm water access and direct
 runoff to surface water or leaching of pollutants to groundwater.
- 298 (48)(47) *"Waste transfer system"* means all components including tanks, pipes, pumps,
- 299 conduits, valves, gutters, flow channels, and any other component designed to convey
- 300 manure, contaminated runoff, and milking center wastes into or out of buildings, retention
- 301 basins, or storage facilities.

(49)(48) *"Water Quality Management Area (WQMA)"* means land that includes any of the
 following: an area within 1,000 feet up-gradient of the ordinary high water mark of a navigable
 lake, pond, or flowage; an area within 300 feet up-gradient of the high water mark of a
 navigable river or; an area that is susceptible to groundwater contamination, or has the
 potential to be a direct conduit for pollutants to reach groundwater.

307 (50)(49) "Waters of the state" mean those portions of Lake Michigan and Lake
 308 Superior within the boundaries of Wisconsin, all lakes, bays, rivers, streams, springs,
 309 ponds, wells, impounding reservoirs, marshes, water courses, drainage systems and
 310 other surface water or groundwater, natural or artificial, public or private within the state
 311 or under its jurisdiction, except those waters which are entirely confined and retained
 312 completely upon the property of a person.

313 (51)(50) *"Winter grazing area"* means a cropland or pasture where livestock feed 314 on dormant vegetation or crop residue, with or without supplementary feed, during the 315 period of October 1 to April 30.

SUBCHAPTER III

316 317 318

AGRICULTURAL PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND PROHIBITIONS

319 **49.08 PERFORMANCE STANDARDS AND PROHIBITIONS.**

- (1) SHEET, RILL, AND WIND EROSION. All pastures and land where crops or feed are
 grown shall be managed to achieve a soil erosion rate equal to or less than the tolerable soil
 loss (T) rate established for that soil.
- (2) TILLAGE SETBACK. To prevent tillage operations from destroying stream banks and
 depositing soil directly in surface waters, crop producers shall not conduct a tillage operation
- that negatively impacts stream bank integrity or deposits soil directly in surface waters.
- 326 (a) No tillage operations may be conducted within 5 feet of the top of the channel of surface
- waters. Tillage setbacks greater than 5 feet but no more than 20 feet may be required to
 meet this standard. Determinations for tillage setbacks are established in s. ATCP 50.04
 (4)(b)2, Wis. Adm. Code.
- 330 (b) Crop producers shall maintain the area within the tillage setback required under sub.
- (a) in adequate sod or self-sustaining vegetative cover that provides a minimum of 70%coverage.
- Note: Conservation practices such as but not limited to critical area stabilization, grade
- 334 stabilization, shoreland protection may be installed to stabilize the bank and protect its
- integrity. Enrollment in federal set aside programs such as CREP can also be used toachieve compliance.
- (c) This standard does not apply to grassed waterways installed as conservation
 practices.
- (3) PHOSPHORUS INDEX. All cropland, pastures, and winter grazing areas shall meet the
- Wisconsin Phosphorus Index (PI) established in s. NR 151.04, Wis. Admin. Code, including
- where the PI applies, the methods for calculating the PI, and acceptable PI runoff levels.
- Note: A nutrient management plan meeting s. ATCP 50.04 (3), Wis. Admin. Code, may be used to demonstrate compliance with this standard.
- (4) NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT. All crop and livestock producers that apply manure or other
 nutrients directly or through contract to agricultural fields shall comply with this section.
- 346 (a) This performance standard does not apply to industrial waste and byproducts regulated
- under ch. NR 214, Wis. Adm. Code, municipal sludge regulated under ch. NR 204, Wis.
- Adm. Code, and septage regulated under ch. NR 113, Wis. Adm. Code.
- (b) Nutrient management plans are required on pastures unless exempt as established in s.
 ATCP 50.04(3)(b), Wis. Adm. Code.
- 351 (c) Manure, commercial fertilizer, and other nutrients shall be applied in conformance with a

- nutrient management plan as established in s. ATCP 50.04(3), Wis. Adm. Code.
- **1.** The plan shall be designed to limit or reduce the discharge of nutrients to waters of the state for the purpose of complying with state water quality standards and groundwater
- 355 standards.
- **2.** Plans for croplands in watersheds that contain impaired surface waters or in watersheds
- that contain outstanding or exceptional resource waters shall meet the following criteria:
- 358 unless otherwise provided in this subsection, the plan shall be designed to manage soil
- nutrient concentrations so as to maintain or reduce delivery of nutrients contributing to the
- 360 impairment of impaired surface waters and to outstanding or exceptional resources waters.
- **3**. An updated plan shall be submitted to the department annually by June 1 to ensure the
- 362 plan meets requirements of this section.
- 363 (d) The plan may allow for an increase in soil nutrient concentrations at a site,
- 364 <u>consistent with s. ATCP 50.04(3)(f), Wis. Admin. Code,</u> if necessary to meet crop 365 demands.
- 366 **(5)** CLEAN WATER DIVERSION. **(a)** All livestock producers within a water quality 367 management area shall comply with this section.
- 368 (b) Runoff shall be diverted away from feedlots, manure storage areas and barnyard areas
- 369 within water quality management areas except that a diversion to protect a private well under
- 370 s. NR 151.015 (18)(a), Wis. Adm. Code, is required only when the feedlot, manure storage
- area, or barnyard area is located upslope from the private well.
- 372 (6) MANURE MANAGEMENT PROHIBITIONS. All livestock operations shall comply with
- 373 this section as follows:
- 374 (a) No overflow of manure storage structures.
- 375 **(b)** No unconfined manure piles within a water quality management area.
- 376 (c) No direct runoff from a feedlot or stored manure to waters of the state.
- 377 (d) No unlimited access by livestock to waters of the state in a location where high
- 378 concentrations of animals prevent the maintenance of adequate sod or self-sustaining
- 379 vegetative cover. This prohibition does not apply to properly designed, installed and
- 380 maintained livestock or farm equipment crossings.
- (7) PROCESS WASTEWATER HANDLING. All livestock producers shall comply with
 this section.
- 383 (a) No significant discharge of process wastewater to waters of the state.
- (b) The following factors will be considered when determining whether a discharge of
- 385 process wastewater is a significant discharge to waters of the state:
- 386 1. Volume and frequency of the discharge.
- 2. Location of the source relative to receiving waters.
- 388 3. Means of process wastewater conveyance to waters of the state.
- 4. Slope, vegetation, rainfall, and other factors affecting the likelihood of process
- 390 wastewater discharge to waters of the state.
- 5. Available evidence of discharge to a surface water of the state or to a direct conduit togroundwater.
- 393 6. Whether the process wastewater is discharged to a site that is defined as a site that is394 susceptible to groundwater contamination.
- 395 7. Other factors relevant to the impact of the discharge on water quality standards of the396 receiving water or to groundwater standards.
- 397 (8) MANURE STORAGE FACILITIES. All livestock producers building new manure storage
- facilities, substantially altering manure storage facilities, or choosing to close their manure
- 399 storage facilities shall comply with this section.
- 400 (a) New construction and substantial alterations.
- 401 1. New or substantially altered manure storage facilities shall be designed, constructed, and

- 402 maintained to minimize the risk of structural failure of the facility and to minimize leakage of
- the facility in order to comply with groundwater standards and NRCS technical standard 313.
- 2. The levels of materials in the storage facility may not exceed the margin of safetylevel.
- 406 3. Storage facilities that are constructed or significantly altered on or after January 1,
- 2011, shall be designed and operated to contain the additional volume of runoff and direct
 precipitation entering the facility as a result of a 25-year, 24-hour storm.
- 409 4. A new manure storage facility means a facility constructed after October 1, 2002.
- 5. A substantially altered manure storage facility is a manure storage facility that is
- substantially altered after October 1, 2002.
- (b) *Closure*. 1. "Conditions for closure." Idle storage facilities shall be closed in a manner that
- will prevent future contamination of groundwater and surface waters in accordance withNRCS technical standard 360.
- 415 2. "Conditions for retention." The <u>land</u>owner or operator may retain the facility for a longer
- period of time by making a written request to the department to retain the facility once every
 two years until the facility is brought into use and by demonstrating to the county the
- 418 following conditions are met:
- a. The facility is designed, constructed and maintained in accordance with this chapter.
- b. The facility is designed to store manure for a period of time longer than 24 months.
- 421 c. Retention of the facility is warranted based on anticipated future use.
- 422 (c) *Existing facilities.* 1. Manure storage facilities in existence as of October 1, 2002, that
- 423 pose an imminent threat to public health, fish and aquatic life, or groundwater, shall be 424 upgraded, replaced, or closed in accordance with this section.
- 425 2. Levels of materials in storage facilities may not exceed the margin of safety level.
- 426 (9) SAFETY DEVICES. The following safety devices are required on all manure storage
- 427 facilities in Dane County whether or not a permit has been issued under this ordinance:
- 428 (a) A fence around the manure storage facility is required unless the manure storage facility
- has vertical walls 5 feet above the ground surface or the manure storage facility has a cover
- that will support foot traffic. Fences shall be a minimum of 48 inches above grade and shall
- not allow the passage of a larger than 6-inch sphere between any fence or gate member or
 meets s.49.09(2).- All fence openings shall have gates that can be shut and securely
- 433 fastened.
- (b) A grate or cover for any opening in the waste transfer system that is larger than 6 inches
- in diameter. Grates and covers must be designed to withstand all load requirements. A
- fence around a waste transfer system may be used in lieu of a grate or cover if the fencemeets the criteria contained in sub (a).
- 438 (c) Safety stops, gates, or both shall be installed at push-off ramps and load out areas of
- impoundments and structures to prevent accidental entry of tractors and other equipment.
- (d) Manure storage facilities and their components shall have signs at all access points to
- 441 warn of the danger of entry.
- 442
- 443 **49.09 STANDARDS. (1)** STANDARDS FOR EVALUATING SHEET, RILL, AND WIND
 444 EROSION. The standards for evaluating sheet, rill, and wind erosion shall be Revised
 445 Universal Soil Loss Equation 2 (RUSLE2). Note: RUSLE2 is available at
- 446 https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/wi/technical/cp/?cid=nrcs142p2_02080
- 1. Equivalent methodology may be used as approved by the department.
- 448 (2) STANDARDS FOR DÉSIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF MANURE STORAGE
- 449 FÁCILITIES. The standards for design and construction of manure storage facilities shall
- 450 be the current standards in the NRCS Technical Guide, including 313 Waste Storage
- 451 Facility, 634 Manure Transfer, 635 Vegetated Treatment Area, 632 Waste Separation

- 452 Facility, and 629 Waste Treatment and any amendments to these standards.
- (3) STANDARDS FOR NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT. The standards for management of 453
- 454 manure and nutrients applied to cropland and pastures shall be the current standards in the
- 455 NRCS Technical Guide, including 590 Nutrient Management and any amendments.
- (4) STANDARDS FOR PHOSPHORUS INDEX (PI). The standard for meeting the PI on 456
- croplands, pastures, or winter grazing areas shall be based on the calculation utilized by the 457 458 current SNAP Plus nutrient management planning model.
- Note: SNAP Plus is available at https://snapplus.wisc.edu/. 459
- 460 (5) STANDARDS FOR CLOSURE OF MANURE STORAGE FACILITY. The standards for
- closure of an unused manure storage facility shall be the current standards in the NRCS 461
- Technical Guide, including 360 Waste Facility Closure and any amendments. 462
- 463 (6) STANDARDS FOR DETERMINATION OF SIGNIFICANT DISCHARGE AND DIRECT
- 464 RUNOFF. The standards for determination of direct runoff shall be the Barnyard Runoff
- Evaluation Tool (BERT), BARNY, VTA spreadsheet or an equivalent predictive model for 465 manure, feed leachate, milkhouse waste or other process wastewater runoff. 466
- Note: Available models can be found at 467
- https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/wi/technical/engineering/?cid=nrcs142p 468
- 2 025422. Equivalent methodology may be used as approved by the department. 469
- (7) STANDARDS FOR THE DETERMINATION OF ADEQUATE SOD OR SELF-470
- 471 SUSTAINING VEGETATIVE COVER. Standards for determination of adequate sod or
- 472 self-sustaining vegetative cover shall be the standards outlined in the NRCS Technical
- Guide 528 Prescribed Grazing or vegetative measurement by grid sample shall show at 473 474 least 70 percent living plant material cover.
- (8) SUBSEQUENT MODIFICATION OF STANDARDS. The standards of the NRCS 475
- Technical Guide are adopted and by reference made a part of this section as if fully set 476
- forth herein. Any future amendment, revision or modification of the standards incorporated 477 478
- herein are made a part of this section, unless otherwise acted upon by the
- 479 agencydepartment. Copies of the current standards are available at the department.
- (9) ADDITIONAL STANDARDS. Standards not identified in this section may be utilized to 480 meet the requirements of this ordinance with prior approval from the department. Variances 481
- 482 may be requested in accordance with s.49.225.
- 483

484 **49.10 COST SHARE REQUIRED.** An landowner or operator of an agricultural facility or practice that is in existence before October 1, 2002, may not be required to comply with the 485 performance standards, prohibitions, conservation practices or technical standards under this 486 487 subchapter unless cost-sharing is made available to the landowner or operator to the extent 488 that cost-sharing is required by state law. A determination that cost-sharing is available to meet the performance standards, prohibitions, conservation practices or technical standards 489 under this subsection will be determined in accordance with s. NR 151.09 or NR 151.095, 490 Wis. Adm. Code, when funding is provided under ch. 281.65, Wis. Stats., and will be 491 492 determined in accordance with ch. ATCP 50, Wis. Adm. Code, when funds are from any 493 other source. 494

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SUBCHAPTER IV

MANURE STORAGE FACILITY PERMIT, USE, AND SPECIFICATIONS

498	
499	49.11 APPLICATION FOR ISSUANCE OF PERMITS. (1) PERMIT REQUIRED. (a) No
500	person may do any of the following without obtaining a permit in accordance with this
501	section:

- 1. Construct a new-manure storage facility or substantially alter an existing manure
 storage facility, including the construction or substantial alteration of waste transfer
 systems connected to a manure storage facility.
- 505 2. Upgrade, repair or replace a manure storage facility that has been identified as posing an imminent threat to public health, fish and aquatic life, or groundwater.
- 507 3. Close an existing manure storage facility, including conversion of its use, regardless of 508 whether the facility must be closed in accordance with s. 49.08(8)(c).
- 509 (2) EXCEPTION TO PERMIT REQUIREMENT. (a) Emergency repairs such as repairing a
- 510 broken pipe or equipment, leaking dikes, or the removal of stoppages may be performed
- without a permit. Any repairs performed as a result of the facility failing, overtopping or repairs
- intercepting the liner or substantially altering the original design or construction of a facilityshall be reported, in writing, within one day of the emergency to the department.
- 514 1. The department will make a determination whether the repairs made were reasonably
 515 necessary to respond to the existing emergency. The department is authorized to enter upon
 516 lands where a repair has been made to a facility to make this determination.
- 517 2. A permit shall be required for any work deemed to constitute additional alteration or repair
- to the facility in excess of that reasonably necessary to respond to the emergency. The
- 519 department's determination shall be rendered within 5 business days of the reporting. Work
- done without a proper permit shall constitute noncompliance with the ordinance. The passage
- 521 of this ordinance is not to be construed as a requirement that livestock operations construct 522 manure storage facilities but rather that facilities that are constructed be required to obtain the 523 appropriate permits and approvals.
- 524 (b) Manure storage facilities that are 1,000 gallons or less in total volume may be
- 525 constructed without a permit. These facilities are required to meet the NRCS Standard 313-
- 526 Waste Storage Facility, and 634-Manure Transfer. This exemption applies only if the
- 527 manure storage facility is not connected to another manure storage facility or facilities with a 528 cumulative volume of more than 1,000 gallons.
- 529 (3) PERMIT DURATION. Permits for manure storage facilities shall be valid for 20 years.
- 530 (4) PERMIT EXPIRATION. PriorAt the time the permit expires the The landowner many
- 531 <u>choose to either obtain a certificate of use in accordance with s. 49.16- or close the facility in accordance with s. 49.12(3).</u>
- 533 (a) To obtain a certificate of use, the to the expiration date, the manure storage facility may
 534 shall be evaluated by a professional engineer in the last year of the permit to assess the
 535 manure storage facility's structural condition and compliance with the standards listed in this
- 536 ordinance.
- 537 <u>1. If the department determines, based on the engineering evaluation, that the facility meets</u>
 538 <u>the intent of the standards listed in this ordinance, a certificate of use will be issued for the</u>
 539 facility.
- 540 2. If the department determines, based on the engineering evaluation, that repairs are
- 541 required, a certificate of use will not be issued until the required repairs are made to the
- 542 manure storage facility or a schedule of repairs is agreed upon by the landowner or operator
- 543 and the department. The evaluation shall be used by the department to determine if repairs-544 are required
- 545 (b) prior to issuance of certificate of use. If no evaluation is performed or if the landowner or
- 546 <u>operator</u> does not want to implement the repairs to bring the <u>manure storage</u> facility into
- 547 compliance with this chapter, the <u>manure storage</u> facility shall be closed in compliance with s. 548 49.12(3) prior to the expiration date of the permit.
- 549 (5) PERMIT Modification. Changes to a manure storage facility that fall under the activities
- 550 <u>identified in s. 49.11(1) during the 20 year permit duration may require a new permit or may be</u>
- 551 performed under a permit modification. Prior to making any changes the landowner or operator
- 552 <u>shall submit an application to the department following the requirements in s. 49.12. The</u>

- 553 department shall make a determination whether the activities proposed in the application
- require an new permit or can be performed under a permit modification. A permit modification
 does not alter the expiration date of the original permit.
- 557 **49.12 MANURE STORAGE FACILITY PLAN REQUIREMENTS.** Each application for a
- 558 manure storage permit under this section shall include the completion of the county permit 559 application and a detailed manure storage facility construction plan.
- (1) MANURE STORAGE FACILITY PLAN REQUIREMENTS. Manure storage structures, and
 any additions to such structures, shall maintain the following setbacks pursuant to s. ATCP
 51.12, Wis. Adm. Code, and additional setbacks set forth in s. 49.09(2). herein.
- (a) SETBACKS FROM PROPERTY LINES AND ROAD RIGHTS-OF-WAY. Manure storage
 structures shall be setback 350 feet from any property line or road right-of-way, however, the
 setback from the property line or road right-of-way may be reduced if the new manure storage
 facility is leasted as cleases then an existing manure storage facility to be a storage.
- facility is located no closer than an existing manure storage facility that is in use. For
- 567 purposes of measuring this setback, property line is defined as the outermost boundary of a
- 568 property under common ownership as described on a deed recorded with the Dane County 569 Register of Deeds and the manure storage facility measurement will be from the inside top of
- 570 the liner of the structure. Setbacks do not apply to manure transfer facilities.
- 571 **(b)** EXPANSION. Manure storage structures located within a setback area may be
- 572 expanded provided the area to be expanded meets required setbacks.

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- 573 (2) MANURE STORAGE CONSTRUCTION PLAN REQUIREMENTS. A complete permit
- 574 application for a new or modified manure storage facility shall meet or exceed the minimum
- established limits and specific criteria within NRCS Technical Standard 313 for Waste
- 576 Storage, and additional Technical Standards, including, but not limited to, 342 Critical Area
- Planting, 382 Fence, 558 Roof Runoff Structure, 590 Nutrient Management, and 634 Manure
 transfer as applicable. The plan shall include all of the following:
- (a) Number, type, and size of animals for which storage is provided and the duration forwhich storage is to be provided.
- (b) Type of bedding to be used in the operation and all aspects of handling and recovery ofthis bedding material.
- 583 (c) Site plan of the facility and its location in relation to the following:
- 1. "Residences." The location of any residential buildings other than that of the landowner of
- the premises, or owned by the <u>land</u>owner of the premises but occupied by his/her family, agent or employee within 500 feet of the facility shall be identified.
- 587 2. "Property Lines." The location of any property lines within 500 feet of the facility shall be 588 identified.
- 589 3. "Wells." The location of any wells within 500 feet of the facility shall be identified.
- 590 4. "Utilities." The location of all utilities within 500 feet of the facility shall be identified.
- 591 5. "State and federal highways, county and town roads, and public streets designated as
- roadways." The location of any roadway within 500 feet of the facility shall be identified.
- 593 6. "Navigable waters and navigable drainage ways." The location of any navigable water and 594 drainage ways within 500 feet of the facility shall be identified.
- 595 7. "Floodplains and other water bodies." The location of floodplains and other
- 596 waterways within 500 feet of the facility shall be identified.
- (d) North arrow, scale of the drawing, legal description of the proposed facilityparcel,
- and location, description and elevation of a temporary benchmark.
- 599 (e) Structural details including, but not limited to, dimensions, cross-sections, concrete
- 600 thickness, reinforcing steel location and design loading details when other than NRCS pre-
- 601 qualified designs and drawings are used.
- 602 (f) Construction and material specifications including, but not limited to, applicable

- specifications for earth fill, excavation, concrete, reinforcing steel, timber and pipes.
- 604 **(g)** Soil test pit locations, elevations, and soil descriptions to a depth as required for the 605 planned structure according to the NRCS Technical Standard 313.
- 606 **(h)** Elevation of groundwater, bedrock or seasonally saturated conditions if encountered in the soil profile and the date of any such determinations.
- 608 (i) Provisions for adequate drainage and control of runoff to prevent pollution of surface 609 water and groundwater.
- 610 (j) Time schedule for construction of the facility.
- 611 (**k**) Details and plans for the method and structures used in transferring manure into and from 612 the facility.
- 613 (I) Plan to control erosion during the construction or modification of the facility.
- 614 (m) Plans that address the safety requirements of the facility as needed.
- (n) Emergency response plan identifying the names and phone numbers of individuals –or
- 616 others to be notified in the event of any leaks, spills or other system failures that could 617 discharge manure.
- 618 (o) Certification by a professional engineer registered in the State of Wisconsin, or an
- 619 engineering practitioner certified by the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and
- 620 Consumer Protection (DATCP) or the NRCS that the plans meet technical and ordinance 621 standards.
- 622 **(p)** Operation and maintenance plan for the <u>manure storage</u> facility signed by the <u>land</u>owner
- 623 <u>or operator</u> that identifies the basics of operation, the manure removal interval, the use of 624 agitation pads, and required repairs to berms and roads that are a necessary part of the
- agitation pads, and required repairs to berms and roads that are a necessary part of the facility function and meets all other requirements of NRCS Technical Standards 313 and
- 626 634.
- 627 (q) Nutrient management plan that complies with s. ATCP 50.04, Wis. Adm. Code. The
- 628 nutrient management plan must be prepared by a nutrient management planner qualified
- 629 under s. ATCP 50.04 (3), Wis. Adm. Code, submitted and approved prior to issuance of the 630 permit.
- (r) Any other additional information required by the department to protect water quality and
 determine compliance with this section.
- (3) MANURE STORAGE FACILITY CLOSURE APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS. A
- 634 complete permit application for <u>waste manure</u> storage facility closure shall meet all 635 standards as outlined in NRCS Technical Standard 360 and shall specify:
- (a) Provisions to remove and properly dispose of all accumulated wastes in the manure_
 storage- facility.
- 638 (b) Provisions to remove any concrete or synthetic liner, or properly use pieces of the
- 639 concrete or synthetic liner as clean fill at the site.
- 640 **(c)** Provisions to remove and properly dispose of any soil contaminated with waste from the 641 manure storage facility.
- (d) Provisions to remove any soils, to the depth of significant manure contamination or 2 feet,
- 643 whichever is less, from the bottom and sides of a <u>manure storage</u> facility without a constructed 644 liner.
- 645 **(e)** Provision to remove or permanently plug the waste transfer system serving the 646 manure storage facility.
- 647 (f) Provisions to cover all disturbed area with topsoil, seeding the areas with a grass or native
- 648 plant mixture, and mulching the seeded area. This section does not apply if an alternative use
- 649 of the site is authorized under a <u>manure storage</u> waste facility closure plan approved by the
- 650 county department as part of the permit.
- (g) Any other additional information required by the department to protect water quality and
- determine compliance with this section.
- 653

654 **49.13 REVIEW OF APPLICATION.** The department shall receive and review all permit 655 applications. The department shall determine if the proposed <u>manure storage</u> facility and

- \underline{nN} utrient \underline{mM} anagement \underline{pP} lan, if applicable, meets required standards set forth in s. 49.12.
- 657 Within 30 calendar days after receiving the completed application and fee, the department
- shall inform the applicant, in writing, whether the permit application is approved and issue the
- 659 permit or shall inform the applicant, in writing, of the reasons for disapproval. If additional
- 660 information is required, the department shall notify the permit applicant. The department has
- 661 30 calendar days to approve or deny the permit application, in writing, from receipt –of the 662 requested additional information. If the department fails to approve or deny the permit
- application in writing within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the permit application or
- additional information, as appropriate, the application shall be deemed approved and the applicant may proceed as if a permit had been issued
- 665 applicant may proceed as if a permit had been issued. 666
- 49.14 PERMIT CONDITIONS. All permits issued under this subchapter shall be issued
 subject to the following conditions and requirements:
- 669 (1) Manure storage facility design, construction, operations, management, utilization, and
- closure activities shall be carried out in accordance with the manure facility plan andapplicable standards specified in s.49.12.
- 672 (2) The permittee shall give 5 working calendar days' notice to the department before starting 673 any construction or closure activity authorized by the permit.
- 674 (3) The permittee, engineer and contractor shall participate in a pre-construction conference
- with county staff before initiating construction of a new facility to outline the requirements and responsibilities of all of the involved parties.
- 677 **(4)** Written approval from the department must be obtained prior to any modifications to the permitted plans.
- 679 **(5)** The permittee<u>and</u>, design engineer or consultant, and the contractor shall certify, in
- 680 writing, that a <u>manure storagenew</u> facility was installed as planned. This certification shall
- 681 include an as-built survey and as-built drawings signed and stamped by the engineer
- depicting the as--built survey and any changes to the construction plan in red.
 (6) The department shall provide onsite inspection and verification for all construction plan
- 683 **(6)** The department shall provide onsite inspection and verification for all construction projects 684 conducted under a permit issued under this chapter. To receive final verification, a manure
- 685 storage facility must be fully constructed as designed including the marking of the maximum 686 operating level and implementation of all safety devices.
- 687 **(7)** No permitted manure storage facilities may receive manure until the county provides final verification.
- 689 (8) Construction activities authorized by permit must be completed and certified within 2
- 490 years from the date of issuance, after which any additional construction activities will require491 a new manure storage permit application to be submitted and approved.
- 49.15 PERMIT REVOCATION. The department may revoke the permit issued under this
 subchapter if the holder of the permit has misrepresented any material fact in the permit
 application or manure <u>storage</u> facility plan, or if the holder of the permit violates any of the
 conditions of the permit.
- 697
- 49.16 CERTIFICATE OF USE. (1) CERTIFICATE REQUIREMENT. No person may
 operate or use a manure storage facility, or any portion of a manure storage facility, that was
 constructed without a permit issued by the <u>d</u>Department or has an expired permit unless the
 person has a valid certificate of use for the <u>manure</u> storage facility or that portion of the
 manure storage facility that is being operated or used.
- 703 (2) OPERATING REQUIREMENTS. The operator of a manure storage facility is in
- compliance with the certificate of use if the person does all of the following:

705	(a) Updates and follows an annual nutrient management plan that complies with
706	requirements in this ordinance, and covers all manure land applied from the manure
707	storage facility covered by the certificate of use.
708	(b) Provides a nutrient management plan annually to the department by June 1 to
709	document compliance with ordinance requirements.
710	(c) <u>OProperly operates the manure storage facility in accordance with performance standards</u>
711	in s. 49.08(8) and consistent with the recommended operating methods as defined by the
712	NRCS Technical Guide, Agricultural Waste Management Field Handbook, and Engineering
713	Field Handbook.
714	(d) <u>MProperly maintains the manure</u> storage facility free from visible and serious damage,
715	erosion, or deformities that would impair the manure storage facility's safety or function as
716	determined by the NRCS Technical Guide, Agricultural Waste Management Field Handbook,
717	and Engineering Field Handbook.
718	(e) <u>MProperly maintains the safety devices for a manure storage facility.</u>
719	(f) Provides the department proof of compliance with the requirements in subs (c) and
720	(d) upon request and submits to periodic inspections of the manure storage facility with
721	advance notice from the department.
722	(g) Develops and implements a plan for closure of the manure storage facility within 2 years
723	of when the <u>landowner or</u> operator ceases use of the <u>manure storage</u> facility or when closure
724	is required based on conditions specified in this ordinance.
725	(3) CERTIFICATE REVOCATION. The department may revoke a certificate of use if there is a
726	misrepresentation of any material fact in the permit application, a misrepresentation of any
727	material fact in the <u>manure</u> storage facility plan, a misrepresentation of any material fact in
728	the animal wastenutrient management plan, a failure to comply with the nutrient management
729	plan requirements, a failure to provide the department with a copy of the nutrient
730	management plan upon request, or for multiple or repeat violations of this ordinance. The
731	department will immediately provide written notice of the revocation and the reason for the
732	revocation.
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734	SUBCHAPTER V
735	WINTER SPREADING PERMIT
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737	49.17 PERMIT REQUIREMENT. (1) No person may apply manure on frozen, snow-
738	covered, or ice-covered ground without first obtaining a winter spreading permit issued under
739	this subchapter. Said permit shall be issued after review and approval of a winter manure
740	spreading plan meeting the requirements of this Subchapter. The permit shall remain in
741	effect for a period of 4 years unless revoked by the department pursuant to s. 49.23(4).
742	
743	49.18 WINTER MANURE SPREADING PLAN COMPONENTS. (1) WINTER MANURE
744	SPREADING PLAN. The winter manure spreadingapplication plan must shall be updated
745	and submitted to the department annually no later than October 15 prior to the winter during
746	which the permittee intends to apply manure in order to validate the permit for that year.
747	These requirements do not apply to manure deposited through winter gleaning or pasturing
748	of plant residue. At a minimum, a winter manure application spreading plan must shall_include
749	the following components:
749 750	(a) Capacity of storage for each manure type generated on the farm.
751	(b) Quantity of manure anticipated to be spread during periods of frozen or snow-
752	covered soil, or the amount generated in 14 days, whichever is greater.
752	
753 754	(c) Capacity for stacking manure that is \geq 16% solids without permanent storage. ₇ Refer to NRCS Technical Guide Standard 313 or 318 to locate potential stacking sites.
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- (d) Aerial maps showing township, range, section and landowner, field boundaries,
- identification numbers, acreage, soil types, and areas not spreadable because ofprohibitions.
- (e) Fields/location of planned manure applications as well as previous year's crop and planned crop.
- (f) <u>An identified method(s)</u> for tracking applications that includes dates, field/locations, and the rates of manure application.
- (g) <u>EAn emergency response procedure(s)</u> that <u>identifies include</u> contacts, steps to be taken
- to contain and clean up the manure, and the documentation to be recorded in the event of adischarge event.
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766 49.19 LIMITATIONS TO APPLICATION OF MANURE TO FROZEN, SNOW-

767 **COVERED, OR ICE-COVERED GROUND. (1)** Manure shall not be applied in the

following areas:

- 769 (a) Within a water quality management area (WQMA),
- 770 (b) In waterways or other areas of concentrated flow,
- 771 (c) During active snow-melt where water is flowing.
- 772 (2) Do not exceed the phosphorus removal of the following growing season's' crop. Liquid
- 773 manure applications shall not exceed 7,000 gallons per acre. All winter manure
- applications shall not exceed 60 lbs. P2O5 per acre in a winter season.
- 775 (3) Do not apply to fields with a slope >6% unless the plan documents there are no
- other fields available and, at least two of the following practices are implemented:
- 777 (a) Field has contour buffer strips or is contour strip cropped,
- (b) All crop residue is left on the field and no fall tillage is conducted. This practice is not an
- 779 option where residue is removed as silage or for bedding,
- 780 (c) Apply manure in intermittent strips on no more than 50% of the field,
- (d) Apply manure to no more than 25% of the field during each application, waiting aminimum of 14 days between applications,
- (e) Reduce manure application rates not to exceed 3,500 gallons/acre, or 30 pounds of
 P2O5, whichever is less,
- 785 (4) Do not apply nutrients to fields where concentrated flow channels are present unless at786 least two of the following practices are implemented:
- 787 (a) Practices available under s. 49.19(3)(a) through (e),
- 788 (b) No manure application within 200 feet of all concentrated flow channels,
- 789 (c) Fall tillage is on the contour and slopes are lower than 6%.

49.20 PERMIT CONDITIONS. (1) Record Keeping Requirements. The permittee shall
maintain an accurate record of the date, location and rate of application for every application
of manure on land subject to the winter spreading permit. This record will be retained for a
period of one year following the date of application. All manure application records shall be
made available to the department immediately upon request.

SUBCHAPTER VI PROCEDURES AND ADMINISTRATION

- 49.21 ADMINISTRATION. (1) DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY. The County of Dane
 hereby designates its Land and Water Resources Department to administer and enforce this
 chapter.
- 803 (2) ADMINISTRATIVE DUTIES. In the administration and enforcement of this ordinance, the department shall:
- (a) Inventory and ensure landowner compliance with agricultural performance standards and

- 806 prohibitions in s. 49.08 and s. 49.09.
- (b) Review manure storage facility and winter spreading permit applications, and issue
 permits and certificates of use, in accordance with this chapter.
- (c) Keep an accurate record of all permit applications, manure storage facility plans,
- 810 permits issued, certificates of use issued, inspections made and other official actions.
- (d) Review the nutrient management plan prepared for the manure storage facility.
- (e) Review designs of best management practices and conduct inspections during
- 813 construction and implementation to ensure that they are constructed and maintained
- according to technical standards, design specifications, and the operation and
- 815 maintenance plan.
- (f) Investigate complaints relating to compliance with the ordinance.
- (g) Perform other duties as specified in this ordinance.
- (3) INSPECTION AUTHORITY. The department is authorized to enter upon any lands
- 819 affected by this chapter to inspect the land, and request records to determine compliance with
- this chapter including inspection of sites prior to or after the issuance of a permit or certificate,
- and sites with unpermitted storage facilities. If permission cannot be received from the
- applicant or permittee, entry by the department shall request a special inspection warrant
- pursuant to s. 66.0119 Wis. Stats. Refusal to grant permission to enter lands subject to a
- permit under this ordinance shall be grounds for denial of or revocation of the permit.
- (4) ENFORCEMENT. The department shall enforce this chapter as set forth in s. 49.23.
- 826
- 49.22 VARIANCES. (1) A permit applicant may request a variance from the
- requirements under ss. 49.12 or 49.18 if the applicant demonstrates and county
- conservationist agrees that all of the following conditions are present:
- (a) Enforcement of the standards set forth in this ordinance will result in unnecessary
- hardship to the landowner.
- (b) The hardship is due to exceptional physical conditions unique to the property.
- (c) Granting the variance will not adversely affect the public health, safety or welfare, nor be contrary to the spirit, purpose and intent of this ordinance.
- (2) If all of the conditions set forth in sub. (1) are met, a variance may only be granted to the
- 836 minimum extent necessary to afford relief from unnecessary hardship, with primary
- 837 consideration to water quality and impact to downstream conditions.
- **(3)** A person aggrieved by a variance determination may appeal that decision to the committee pursuant to s. 49.24.
- (4) No variance from the standards in s. 49.09 may be granted by the department unless the
- 841 applicant or department receives a written justification from the NRCS or other qualified 842 engineering authority.
- (5) No variance from the performance standards in s. 49.08 may be granted unless the
- 844 landowner or operator complies with the requirements for variances specified in s. NR
- 151.097, Wis. Adm. Code, and receives approval from the Wisconsin Department of Natural
 Resources and the department.
- (a) Requests for such a variance shall be made in writing to the department.
- 848 (b) The department shall forward the variance request to the Wisconsin Department of
- 849 Natural Resources within 10 days or receiving the request.
- 850 **(c)** The request for variance from the standards in 49.08 shall include documentation of the 851 following:
- 1. Compliance with the performance standard or technical standard is not feasible due to site conditions.
- 2. The landowner or operator will implement best management practices or other corrective
- 855 measures that ensure a level of pollution control that will achieve a level of water quality

- protection comparable to that afforded by the performance standards in ch. NR 151, Wis.
- Adm. Code,

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- 3. The landowner or operator or their agents or assigns did not create the conditions for which
 the variance is requested.
- 49.23 ENFORCEMENT. (1) PROCEDURES. The department may do the following:
- (a) Provide voluntary cost sharing to secure compliance.
- **(b)** Follow the procedures in s. NR 151.09, Wis. Adm. Code, to implement and enforce the cropland performance standards and the procedures in s. NR 151.095, Wis. Adm. Code, to
- 865 implement and enforce the livestock performance standards.
- (c) Pursue any other action or remedy authorized under this ordinance.
- 867 (2) INVESTIGATION AND NOTICE OF VIOLATION. Department staff are responsible for
- 868 conducting the necessary inspection and investigation to ensure compliance with this
- chapter and documenting the presence of violations by completing and sending a Noticeof Violation (NOV) to the landowner.
- (3) ENFORCEMENT OF VIOLATIONS. (a) Violations of a permit, certificate, compliance
- determination, or other approval issued under this chapter, or any condition or approved plan
- associated with such permit or other approval, shall be deemed a violation of this chapter
- and shall constitute grounds for revocation of the permit, certificate, compliance
- determination, or other approval as well as fines, forfeitures, and any other available
- 876 remedies. A permit, certificate, compliance determination, or other approval may be revoked
- only by action of the body that initially granted it following procedures required for its initial
- issuance to the extent practical. The decision of the appropriate body shall be furnished to
 the permit, certificate, or compliance determination holder in writing, stating the reasons
 thereof.
- (b) A permit, certificate, compliance determination, or other approval issued in violation of this
 about the author of the permit of the permit of the permit of the permit.
- chapter, other ordinances of the Dane County Code of Ordinances, the Wisconsin
- Administrative Code, or Wisconsin Statutes, gives the permit holder no vested right to
 continue the activity authorized by the permit, certificate, compliance determination, or other
 approval and is considered voidable.
- (4) STOP WORK ORDER. (a) Whenever the department finds any noncompliance with the
- 887 provisions of this ordinance, the department shall attempt to communicate with the landowner, 888 operator or other person performing the work to obtain immediate and voluntary compliance if
- such person is readily available. If the landowner, operator or other person performing the
- 890 work is not readily available, that person refuses to voluntarily comply immediately or the
- 891 noncompliance presents an immediate danger or will cause or threatens to cause bodily injury
- or damage to off-site property including, but not limited to, off-site runoff, the department shall
- post in a conspicuous place on the premises, a stop work order which shall cause all activity
- not necessary to correct the noncompliance to cease until noncompliance is corrected.
- (b) The stop work order shall provide the following information:
- 896 1. date of issuance;
- 2. town and section number or equivalent information within a municipality;
- 898 3. reason for posting; and
- 4. signature of inspector posting the order.
- 900 (c) Unauthorized removal of a stop work order from the premises shall be a violation of this 901 ordinance.
- 902 (5) NOTIFICATION. In addition to posting a stop work order, the department shall provide
- 903 notification to the landowner, operator, contractor or other person by personal service,
- 904 written notice by certified mail, electronic mail, or facsimile transmission.
- 905 (a) The permittee, landowner, operator, contractor or other person shall have 24 hours from
- time of notification by the department to correct any noncompliance with the plan when

- notification is by either personal communication of noncompliance to the landowner,
- operator, contractor, person or their respective agents, or written notice sent by certified mail
 to the landowner or operator.
- (b) If notice is not provided under sub (a), the permittee and landowner, operator or other
- 911 person shall have 72 hours to correct any noncompliance with the plan when notification is
- by posting notice in a conspicuous place on the site or sending notice by facsimile
- transmission to the landowner, operator, contractor or other person.
- (c) If the noncompliance is not corrected within the time periods specified in subs. (a) or (b),
- the permittee, landowner, operator or other person authorize the department to take any
- action, to perform any work, or commence any operations necessary to correct
- noncompliance on the subject property where notice of noncompliance has been issued to
- bring the property into compliance with plan requirements. The permittee, landowner,
- (d) If the permittee has filed an appeal under s. 49.24 (2)(a) prior to the expiration of the time
- for compliance under sub (a), the department may take action, perform work or correct
- 921 conditions only to the extent necessary to protect against an imminent hazard or condition
- that will cause or threatens to cause personal injury or damage to off-site property.
- 923 **(6)** UNLAWFUL. Any manure storage facility erected, moved or structurally altered or any
- use established in violation of the provisions of this chapter by any person, firm, association,
 corporation, including building contractors or their agents, shall be an unlawful structure or
- 926 use.
- 927 (7) FORFEITURES. Any person, firm, company, or corporation that violates, disobeys,
- 928 omits, neglects, or refuses to comply with; or who resists the enforcement of any of the
- 929 provisions of this chapter; shall be subject to a fine of not less than \$50 or more than
- 930 \$500 together with the costs of action. Any person found guilty of violating this chapter who 931 has previously been convicted of a violation of the same ordinance, shall be subject to a fine
- 931 of not less than twice the established forfeiture for each such offense, together with the costs
- 933 of action. Each day a violation exists or continues constitutes a separate offense.
- (8) INJUNCTIVE RELIEF. Compliance with this ordinance may be enforced by injunctional
- order at suit of the county. The Dane County corporation counsel may bring an action to
- enforce this chapter and seek any remedy, legal or equitable. It shall not be necessary toprosecute for forfeiture before resorting to injunctional proceedings.
- 938
- 49.24 APPEALS. (1) AUTHORITY. The committee shall hear and decide appeals where it
 is alleged that there is error in any order, requirement, decision or determination by
 department staff in administering this ordinance.
- 942 (2) PROCEDURE. (a) Any person aggrieved by any decision of the department pursuant to
- this ordinance may appeal to the committee. Such appeal shall be submitted to the committee in writing within 60 days after receiving the written decision of the department. Notice of
- Appeal setting forth the specific grounds for the appeal shall be filed with the department. The department shall forthwith transmit to the committee the Notice of Appeal.
- 947 (b) The committee shall fix a reasonable time for the hearing of the appeal and publish a
- class 1 notice under ch. 985, Wis. Stats., as well as give due notice to the parties in interest,
 and decide the same within a reasonable time. Upon the hearing any party may appear in
 person or by agent or attorney.
- 951 (c) The committee may, in conformity with the provisions of this ordinance, reverse or
- 952 affirm, wholly or partly, or modify the order, requirement, decision or determination
- appealed from and may make such order, requirement, decision or determination as ought to be made, and shall have all the powers of the officer from whom the appeal is taken.
- 955
- 49.25 FEES. All fees under this ordinance are established pursuant to a fee schedule

- adopted by the Committee. Copies of the current fee schedule are kept on file at thedepartment. Any permit fee is payable upon submission of a permit application.
- 959
- ARTICLE 4. NON-CODE PROVISION. The effective date of this ordinance shall be July 1,2019.
- 962
- 963 [EXPLANATION: The manure management portion of Chapter 14 is rescinded and a new
- 964 Chapter 49 is created entitled Agricultural Performance Standards and Manure
- 965 Management. The updated ordinance is consistent with current state administrative codes
- and federal technical standards and incorporates recommendations from the Healthy Farms
- 967 Healthy Lakes Task Force.]