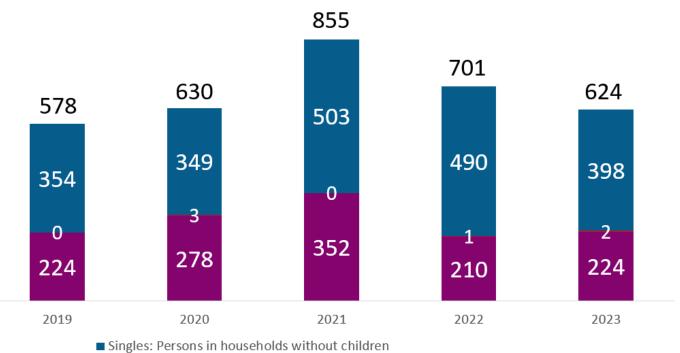
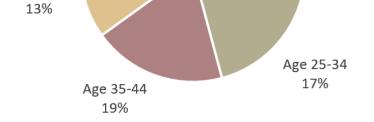
Aging and Homelessness

Melissa Mennig, DCDHS, HAA Division

Sarah Lim, City of Madison, Community Development Division

Homelessness in Madison/Dane County on a Single Night in January





AGE

Under Age 18

24%

Age 18-24

5%

Over Age 64

9%

Age 55-64

13%

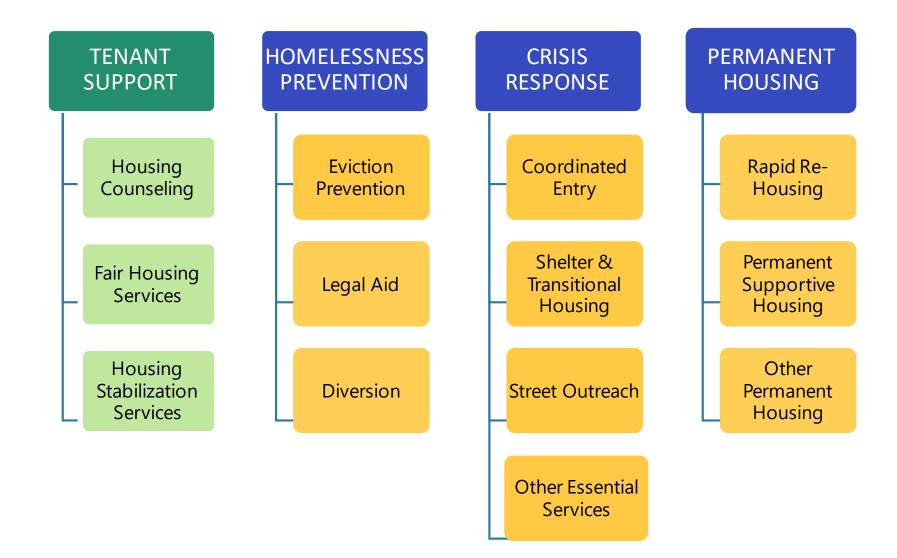
Age 45-54

■ Unaccompanied youth: Persons in households with only children under age 18

■ Families: Persons in households with at least one adult and one child

2023 January Point in Time Count

Dane County Homeless Services System



Aging and Homelessness: National Trend

Rising numbers of seniors experiencing homelessness

- Limited affordable housing
- Increasing Healthcare Costs: prescription and longterm care costs
- Fixed incomes insufficient: Social Security or pensions
- Increased poverty rate (10.3%)

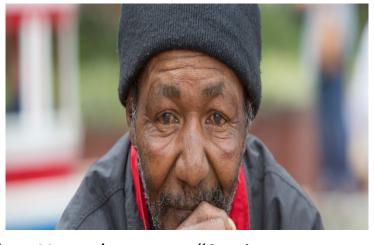
Older Population Data

Nationally

- Fastest growing group of homeless (55+)
 - Jeff Olivet, executive director of the U.S. Interagency Council on Homelessness. "Seniors over the age of 55 are likely the fastest-growing group of people experiencing homelessness ... and for many of them, it is first-time homelessness."
- 23% of America's homeless population up from 16% in 2007
- Nearly 1 in 5 people in the U.S. without a permanent place to live are 55+
- By 2034 those 65 and older will out number children nationally according to Census.

Locally

- 2022
 - 467 individuals were 55+ in Emergency Shelter (19%)
 - 207 of those on a fixed income (SSI/SSDI)
- 2023 (First 6 months)
 - 313 individuals were 55+ in Emergency Shelter (19%)
 - 141 of those on a fixed income (SSI/SSDI)





Challenges identified by Homeless Services for the Older Population

- Transportation
- Food insecurity
- Equipment or medication needs
- Higher level of needs that housing programs/shelters can support.
 - High or complex health needs
 - Difficulty with ADLs
 - AODA
 - Memory issues
 - MCO care coordination could be strengthened
 - Property managers are playing case managers for elder population. Could we put support services in these communities?
 - CNA's or first aid specialist needed in shelters
 - Discharged from hospital without having supports

Challenges identified by Homeless Services for the Older Population Continued (Same as above)

- Training needed specific to this population
 - Resources and how to access those services
 - Supports to connect people to SSI/SSDI, annual reviews, how to help people stay on benefits. Overpayments. Understanding benefits.
- Housing Navigation-
 - Senior housing assisted living, housing shortage.
 - Hard time re-entering job market
 - Rehab facilities, assisted living, screening barriers are preventing people from living there.
- Social anxiety after COVID- reluctance to meet with case managers due to health conditions

What are potential solutions? What items should be shared with those working with the Aging Population, other providers, elected officials?

Shelter

- Specific shelters needed for this population
- First aid specialist in shelters, or CAN

Housing

- On-site support at 55+ housing properties.
- Reentry senior housing. assisted living and transitional living in accessible sites.
- Affordable housing initiatives
- Giving residents the opportunity to talk to management (town halls) and have resources come to provide information.
- Targeted housing programs that are affordable and also consider the health needs.

Support Services

- Aging and Disability Resource Center come to the Homeless Services Consortium meeting to educate on available services.
- Managed Care Organizations- teaming up with social worker, challenges are client not keeping appointment.
- Prevention funding (medication assistance, Meals on Wheels)
- Targeted outreach programs to help older adults regain stable housing and connect to social supports.

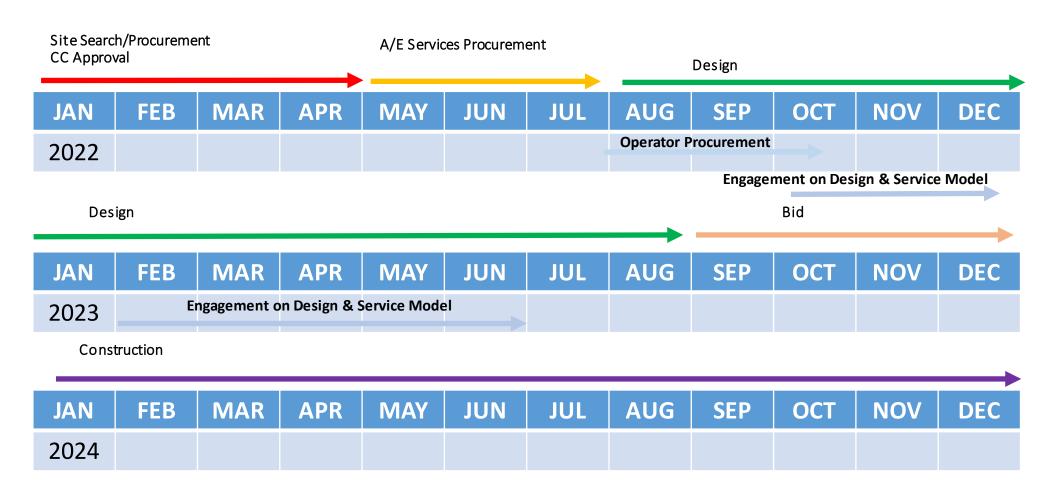
Peer Support

- Lived Experience Council- more funding to provide engagement to this population and partner with agencies.
- Peer led support group for individuals who have hoarding disorder and support services.
- Have someone with lived experience 55+ talk about their perspective or challenges

New Men's Shelter Development Update: 1904 Bartillon Drive



TENTATIVE 1904 Bartillon Project Schedule



Summary of Recommendations from Trauma Informed Design Interviews

- Desire to have 24/7 Shelter
- Desire to serve couples
- Prioritization of housing services (i.e. case management, housing navigation)
- Smaller sleeping areas
- Security measures
- Onsite health care and behavioral health services
- Flexible, multiuse spaces
- Accessibility, consideration of mobility needs
- Adequate bathroom facilities
- Adequate place for sleeping and dinning

Current Partners

- Porchlight, Inc.
- Nurse Disrupted, Inc.
- Madison Street Medicine
- Kabba Recovery Services
- Catalyst for Change
- The Beacon

- City Engineering
- City Community Development Division
- Dane County Housing Access & Affordability
- Dane County Human Services
- Homeless Services Board of Directors Liaison
- Dimension IV Madison Design Group

Design Considerations



- Facility to serve up to 250 guests
 - 5 separate sleeping areas including a dorm for people with mobility issues vs. single congregate space
 - Limited use of bunk beds
 - Storage space
 - Isolation and quarantine space
 - Designed for 24/7 shelter, depending on operation budget
- Commercial kitchen
 Bring food service in house vs catering
- Flexible space for daytime use
- Capital Budget \$24 million: City, County and Federal Funds



More Information

- Project Website:
 - www.cityofmadison.com/engineering/projects/bartillon-shelter